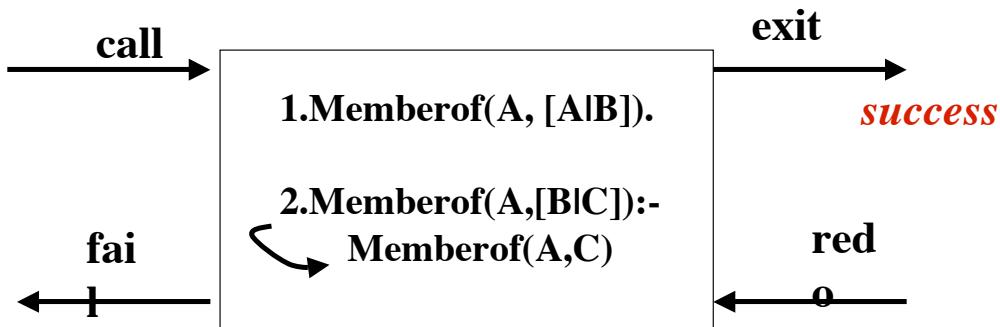


# Tracing in Sicstus Prolog

- Procedural interpretation of execution
- Box model of Prolog predicate rule
- How to follow a Prolog trace?

## Prolog Predicate - Box Model



# Example

```
| ?- [mem]. %reads *.pl file into interpreter
{consulting /grad/users/ryder/prolog/programs/mem.pl...}
{Warning: [B] - singleton variables in memberof/2 in lines 1-
  2}
{Warning: [B] - singleton variables in memberof/2 in lines 2-
  3}
{/grad/users/ryder/prolog/programs/mem.pl consulted, 10 msec
  808 bytes}
yes
| ?- listing. %lists current predicate rules; can think
  %of them as procedure for this predicate
file_search_path(library, A) :- library_directory(A).
mem(A, [A|_]).                                %RULE 1
mem(A, [_|B]) :- mem(A, B).      %RULE 2
```

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# Example

```
| ?- trace.
{The debugger will first creep -- showing
  everything (trace)}
yes
{trace}
| ?- mem(X,[a,b,c]).
  1  1 Call: mem(_246,[a,b,c]) ?%succeeds, RULE 1
? 1  1 Exit: mem(a,[a,b,c]) ? %1 in listing
  %indicates initial copy of predicate rules being
  %used
X = a ? ; %user asks for more answers
```

```
mem(A, [A|_]).                                %RULE 1
mem(A, [_|B]) :- mem(A, B).      %RULE 2
```

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# Example

```
1  1 Redo: mem(a,[a,b,c]) ? %Tries RULE 2,  
%generates first recursive copy of rules;  
2  2 Call: mem(_246,[b,c]) ?  
%successfully matches RULE 1 in recursive copy  
?  2  2 Exit: mem(b,[b,c]) ?  
?  1  1 Exit: mem(b,[a,b,c]) ?  
  
X = b ? ; %user asks for another answer
```

mem(A, [A _]).	%RULE 1
mem(A, [_ B]) :- mem(A, B).	%RULE 2

# Example

```
1  1 Redo: mem(b,[a,b,c]) ? %Tries RULE 2 in  
1st          %recursive copy; results in 2nd  
          %recursive copy  
2      2 Redo: mem(b,[b,c]) ?  
3      3 Call: mem(_246,[c]) ? %matches RULE 1  
          %in 2nd recursive copy  
?  3  3 Exit: mem(c,[c]) ?  
2  2 Exit: mem(c,[b,c]) ?  
1  1 Exit: mem(c,[a,b,c]) ?
```

```
X = c ? ; %user asks for another answer
```

mem(A, [A _]).	%RULE 1
mem(A, [_ B]) :- mem(A, B).	%RULE 2

# Example

```
1      1 Redo: mem(c,[a,b,c]) ?
2      2 Redo: mem(c,[b,c]) ?
3      3 Redo: mem(c,[c]) ?%matches RULE 2 in 2nd
               %recursive copy; results in 3rd
               %recursive copy
4      4 Call: mem(_246,[]) ?%fails to match RULE 1
               %or RULE 2 in 3rd recursive copy, fails
4      4 Fail: mem(_246,[]) ?
3      3 Fail: mem(_246,[c]) ?
2      2 Fail: mem(_246,[b,c]) ?
1      1 Fail: mem(_246,[a,b,c]) ?
```

no

{trace}

mem(A, [A _]).	%RULE 1
mem(A, [_ B]) :- mem(A, B).	%RULE 2