

Static and Dynamic Analysis: Synergy and Duality

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Background – Static Analysis

- Examines program code
- Considers *all* possible executions
- Positive
 - Sound
 - Results apply to all possible executions
- Negative
 - (Usually) conservative
 - Abstract model is limited
 - May report weaker properties than may be true
 - Complex analyses can be very slow

Background – Dynamic Analysis

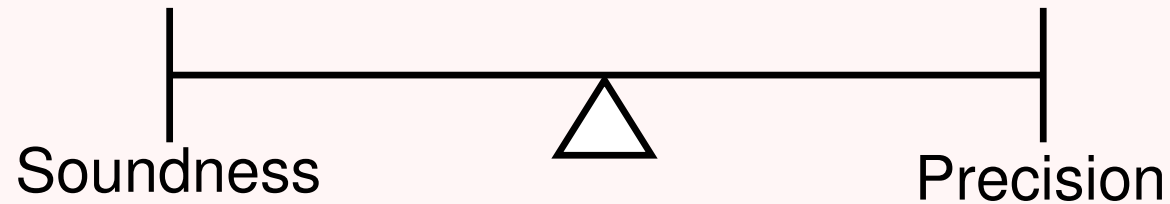
- Observes the execution of a program
- Positive
 - Precise
 - Examines *exact* runtime behaviour
 - (Almost) no uncertainty
 - Can be as fast as program execution
- Negative
 - Unsound
 - Results do not generalize
 - Requires representative input(s)
 - Amount of data is usually huge

Synergies

- Static and dynamic have complementary strengths and weaknesses
- Applying both to a single problem
 - Program verification
 - Profile-directed compilation
 - Static analysis to guide instrumentation
- Different approaches to the same problem
 - Program slicing
 - Program specifications
 - Theorem proving vs assertions
 - Dynamic detection of likely invariants (Daikon)

Hybrid Analysis

- Idea: make both techniques meet “in the middle”
 - Sacrifice some soundness and some precision



Duality

- Key observation: analyses only consider a subset of all possible executions
 - Static: Possibly infinite set of executions based on properties
 - e.g. k -limiting analysis
 - Dynamic: enumerable set of test cases, difficult to formalize
- Execution not in the set are handled differently:
 - Static: pessimistic/conservative, sound
 - Generalization ► imprecision
 - Dynamic: optimistic, unsound
 - Generalization ► unsoundness

Duality (2)

- Complexity of set descriptions
 - Static: Given description find executions that induce data structures.
 - Dynamic: Given executions find how parts of the program are exercised.
 - ► No clear winner

Conclusions

- Static and dynamic analysis are not as different as they appear.
- When only one of static or dynamic exists, we should investigate the other.