

MultiBody Systems Virginia Tech  
MBSVT 1.0

Reference manual <sup>1</sup>

Fri Aug 30 2013 13:39:35

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<sup>1</sup>This material is based upon work supported by the National Science Foundation under Grant Number 1130667 Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Science Foundation.



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# Chapter 1

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## Chapter 4

# Module Documentation

### 4.1 CONSTANTS Module Reference

Module of solver parameters.

#### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [initialize\\_CONSTANTS](#) (formulation, integrator, time\_step, penaltycoef, psicoef, omegacoef, gravity)

*Initialization of solver constants and parameters.*

- subroutine [initialize\\_CALLBACKS](#) (forces, stiffness, damping, PQbarPrho, PMbarPrhoVdot, dgdy, dgdp, AdjInit, gfun)

*Initialization of solver callbacks: the user provides the subroutines that the solver calls if necessary. It needs a previous call to constants::initialize\_CONSTANTS.*

- subroutine [setDIM](#) (newDIM)
- subroutine [setNRT](#) (newNRT)
- subroutine [setNMT](#) (newNMT)
- subroutine [setNIN](#) (newNIN)

#### Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(3), pointer [PROTECTED](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [g](#) = (/0.d0,0.d0,-9.81d0/)
- REAL(8) [dt](#) = 1.d-2
- REAL(8) [alfa](#) = 1.d9
- REAL(8) [psi](#) = 1.d0
- REAL(8) [omega](#) = 10.d0
- REAL(8) [tolNRppos](#) = 1.d-10
- REAL(8) [pivgdIval](#) = 1.d15
- INTEGER [maxiteppos](#) = 1000
- INTEGER, parameter [Dynamics](#) = 1

- INTEGER, parameter `Kinematics` = 2
- INTEGER, parameter `Sensitivity_ADJ` = 3
- INTEGER, parameter `Sensitivity_TLM` = 4
- INTEGER, parameter `E_RK` = 1
- INTEGER, parameter `E_RK2` = 2
- INTEGER, parameter `I_RK` = 3
- INTEGER, parameter `I_RK_ADJ` = 4
- INTEGER, parameter `I_RK_TLM` = 5
- INTEGER `SWFORM` = `Dynamics`
- INTEGER `SWINT` = `E_RK`
- INTEGER `DIM` = 0
- INTEGER `NRT` = 0
- INTEGER `NIN` = 0
- INTEGER `NMT` = 0
- PROCEDURE(`callback_forces`), pointer `pforces_user`
- PROCEDURE(`callback_stiffness`), pointer `pstiffness_user`
- PROCEDURE(`callback_damping`), pointer `pdamping_user`
- PROCEDURE(`callback_PQbarPrho`), pointer `pqgro_user`
- PROCEDURE(`callback_PMbarPrhoVdot`), pointer `pmpv_user`
- PROCEDURE(`callback_dgdy`), pointer `pdgdy_user`
- PROCEDURE(`callback_dgdp`), pointer `pdgdp_user`
- PROCEDURE(`callback_Adjlnit`), pointer `padjinit_user`
- PROCEDURE(`callback_gfun`), pointer `pgfun_user`

#### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

Module of solver parameters.

#### 4.1.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

- 4.1.2.1 subroutine `CONSTANTS::initialize_CALLBACKS` ( PROCEDURE(`callback_forces`),optional *forces*, PROCEDURE(`callback_stiffness`),optional *stiffness*, PROCEDURE(`callback_damping`),optional *damping*, PROCEDURE(`callback_PQbarPrho`),optional *PQbarPrho*, PROCEDURE(`callback_PMbarPrhoVdot`),optional *PMbarPrhoVdot*, PROCEDURE(`callback_dgdy`),optional *dgdy*, PROCEDURE(`callback_dgdp`),optional *dgdp*, PROCEDURE(`callback_Adjlnit`),optional *Adjlnit*, PROCEDURE(`callback_gfun`),optional *gfun* )

Initialization of solver callbacks: the user provides the subroutines that the solver calls if necessary. It needs a previous call to `constants::initialize_CONSTANTS`.

#### Parameters

<i>forces</i>	pointer to the subroutine of user forces. If it is not provided, MBSVT understands that user forces are not present and no call is performed.
<i>PQbarPrho</i>	$\bar{Q}_p$ .
<i>PMbarPrhoVdot</i>	$\bar{M}_p \dot{v}$ .

4.1.2.2 subroutine `CONSTANTS::initialize_CONSTANTS` ( `INTEGER,intent(in),optional formulation`, `INTEGER,intent(in),optional integrator`, `REAL(8),intent(in),optional time_step`, `REAL(8),intent(in),optional penaltycoef`, `REAL(8),intent(in),optional psicoef`, `REAL(8),intent(in),optional omegacoef`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in),optional gravity` )

Inicialization of solver constants and parameters.

#### Parameters

<i>formulation</i>	there is only constants::Kinematics and constants::Dynamics.
<i>integrator</i>	numerical integrator for the dynamics. MBSVT uses FATODE integrators. The supported integrators are ERK so far.
<i>time_step</i>	paso de tiempo.
<i>penalty-coef, psicoef, o</i>	coeficientes para los términos de penalización.
<i>gravity</i>	aceleración de la gravedad (vector).

4.1.2.3 subroutine `CONSTANTS::setDIM` ( `INTEGER,intent(in) newDIM` )

4.1.2.4 subroutine `CONSTANTS::setNIN` ( `INTEGER,intent(in) newNIN` )

4.1.2.5 subroutine `CONSTANTS::setNMT` ( `INTEGER,intent(in) newNMT` )

4.1.2.6 subroutine `CONSTANTS::setNRT` ( `INTEGER,intent(in) newNRT` )

#### 4.1.3 Variable Documentation

4.1.3.1 `REAL(8) CONSTANTS::alfa = 1.d9`

4.1.3.2 `INTEGER CONSTANTS::DIM = 0`

4.1.3.3 `REAL(8) CONSTANTS::dt = 1.d-2`

4.1.3.4 `INTEGER,parameter CONSTANTS::Dynamics = 1`

4.1.3.5 `INTEGER,parameter CONSTANTS::E_RK = 1`

4.1.3.6 `INTEGER,parameter CONSTANTS::E_RK2 = 2`

4.1.3.7 `REAL(8),dimension(3) CONSTANTS::g = (/0.d0,0.d0,-9.81d0/)`

4.1.3.8 `INTEGER,parameter CONSTANTS::I_RK = 3`

4.1.3.9 `INTEGER,parameter CONSTANTS::I_RK_ADJ = 4`

4.1.3.10 `INTEGER,parameter CONSTANTS::I_RK_TLM = 5`

- 4.1.3.11 INTEGER,parameter **CONSTANTS::Kinematics = 2**
- 4.1.3.12 INTEGER **CONSTANTS::maxitepos = 1000**
- 4.1.3.13 INTEGER **CONSTANTS::NIN = 0**
- 4.1.3.14 INTEGER **CONSTANTS::NMT = 0**
- 4.1.3.15 INTEGER **CONSTANTS::NRT = 0**
- 4.1.3.16 REAL(8) **CONSTANTS::omega = 10.d0**
- 4.1.3.17 PROCEDURE(callback\_AdjInit),pointer **CONSTANTS::padjinit\_user**
- 4.1.3.18 PROCEDURE(callback\_damping),pointer **CONSTANTS::pdamping\_user**
- 4.1.3.19 PROCEDURE(callback\_dgdp),pointer **CONSTANTS::pdgdp\_user**
- 4.1.3.20 PROCEDURE(callback\_dgdy),pointer **CONSTANTS::pdgdy\_user**
- 4.1.3.21 PROCEDURE(callback\_forces),pointer **CONSTANTS::pforces\_user**
- 4.1.3.22 PROCEDURE(callback\_gfun),pointer **CONSTANTS::pgfun\_user**
- 4.1.3.23 REAL(8) **CONSTANTS::pivgdlval = 1.d15**
- 4.1.3.24 PROCEDURE(callback\_PMbarPrhoVdot),pointer **CONSTANTS::pmpv\_user**
- 4.1.3.25 PROCEDURE(callback\_PQbarPrho),pointer **CONSTANTS::pqro\_user**
- 4.1.3.26 PROCEDURE(callback\_gfun),dimension(3),pointer **CONSTANTS::PROTECTED**
- 4.1.3.27 REAL(8) **CONSTANTS::psi = 1.d0**
- 4.1.3.28 PROCEDURE(callback\_stiffness),pointer **CONSTANTS::pstiffness\_user**
- 4.1.3.29 INTEGER,parameter **CONSTANTS::Sensitivity\_ADJ = 3**
- 4.1.3.30 INTEGER,parameter **CONSTANTS::Sensitivity\_TLM = 4**
- 4.1.3.31 INTEGER **CONSTANTS::SWFORM = Dynamics**
- 4.1.3.32 INTEGER **CONSTANTS::SWINT = E\_RK**
- 4.1.3.33 REAL(8) **CONSTANTS::toINRppos = 1.d-10**



## 4.2 CONSTRAINTS Module Reference

Module that manages the constraints.

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine, public [ADDConstr\\_UnitEulParam](#) (body)
 

*Adds an unitary vector constraint to the Euler parameters of one body. It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.*
- subroutine, public [ADDConstr\\_dot1](#) (body1, body2, vector1, vector2)
 

*Adds a dot-1 joint between two bodies or between the ground and one body.*
- subroutine, public [ADDConstr\\_SpheJoint](#) (body1, body2, point1, point2)
 

*Adds a spherical joint between two bodies or between the ground and one body.*
- subroutine, public [ADDConstr\\_RevJoint](#) (body1, body2, point1, point2, vect1, vect2)
 

*Adds a revolute joint between two bodies or between the ground and one body.*
- subroutine, public [ADDConstr\\_TransJoint](#) (body1, body2, point1, point2, vect1x, vect1y, vect2x, vect2y)
 

*Adds a translational joint between two bodies or between the ground and one body.*
- subroutine, public [ADDConstr\\_Drive\\_rgx](#) (body, i\_MOTOR)
 

*Adds a driving constraint to the x-coordinate of the CDM of a body.*
- subroutine, public [ADDConstr\\_Drive\\_rgy](#) (body, i\_MOTOR)
 

*Adds a driving constraint to the y-coordinate of the CDM of a body.*
- subroutine, public [ADDConstr\\_Drive\\_rgz](#) (body, i\_MOTOR)
 

*Adds a driving constraint to the z-coordinate of the CDM of a body.*
- subroutine, public [ADDConstr\\_Drive\\_eu0](#) (body, i\_MOTOR)
 

*Adds a driving constraint to the 1st Euler parameter of a body.*
- subroutine, public [ADDConstr\\_Drive\\_eu1](#) (body, i\_MOTOR)
 

*Adds a driving constraint to the 2nd Euler parameter of a body.*
- subroutine, public [ADDConstr\\_Drive\\_eu2](#) (body, i\_MOTOR)
 

*Adds a driving constraint to the 3rd Euler parameter of a body.*
- subroutine, public [ADDConstr\\_Drive\\_eu3](#) (body, i\_MOTOR)
 

*Adds a driving constraint to the 4rd Euler parameter of a body.*
- subroutine [ADDConstr\\_Drive\\_rgEul](#) (ind, i\_MOTOR)
 

*Adds a driving constraint to any body coordinate. It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by other user constraints.*
- subroutine, public [ADDConstr\\_Drive\\_dist](#) (body1, body2, point1, point2, i\_MOTOR)
 

*Adds a driving constraint to a distance between two points in two different bodies.*
- subroutine, public [evalconstraints](#)

*Subroutine that evaluates the constraints vector ( $\Phi$ ). It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.*
- subroutine, public [evaljacobian](#)

Subroutine that evaluates the jacobian of the constraints vector ( $\Phi_q$ ). It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.

- subroutine, public [evalderjacobianqp](#)

Subroutine that evaluates the term  $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$ . It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.

- subroutine, public [evalderjacobian](#)

Subroutine that evaluates the term  $\ddot{\Phi}_q$ . It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.

- subroutine, public [evalderderjacobian](#)

Subroutine that evaluates the term  $\ddot{\Phi}_q$ . It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.

- subroutine, public [evaljacobderjacobianqp](#)
- subroutine, public [evalfit](#)
- subroutine, public [evalfitp](#)
- subroutine, public [evaljacob\\_jacob](#) (lb)
- subroutine, public [evaljacobT\\_jacob](#) (lb)
- subroutine, public [CONSTRAINTS\\_Setup](#)

## Variables

- INTEGER [nConstr\\_UnitEulParam](#) = 0
- INTEGER [nConstr\\_dot1GB](#) = 0
- INTEGER [nConstr\\_dot1](#) = 0
- INTEGER [nConstr\\_SpheJointGB](#) = 0
- INTEGER [nConstr\\_SpheJoint](#) = 0
- INTEGER [nConstr\\_RevJointGB](#) = 0
- INTEGER [nConstr\\_RevJoint](#) = 0
- INTEGER [nConstr\\_TransJointGB](#) = 0
- INTEGER [nConstr\\_TransJoint](#) = 0
- INTEGER [nConstr\\_Drive\\_rgEul](#) = 0
- INTEGER [nConstr\\_Drive\\_distGB](#) = 0
- INTEGER [nConstr\\_Drive\\_dist](#) = 0
- TYPE([typeConstr\\_UnitEulParam](#)), dimension(:), allocatable [Constr\\_UnitEulParam](#)
- TYPE([typeConstr\\_dot1](#)), dimension(:), allocatable [Constr\\_dot1GB](#)
- TYPE([typeConstr\\_dot1](#)), dimension(:), allocatable [Constr\\_dot1](#)
- TYPE([typeConstr\\_SpheJoint](#)), dimension(:), allocatable [Constr\\_SpheJointGB](#)
- TYPE([typeConstr\\_SpheJoint](#)), dimension(:), allocatable [Constr\\_SpheJoint](#)
- TYPE([typeConstr\\_RevJoint](#)), dimension(:), allocatable [Constr\\_RevJointGB](#)
- TYPE([typeConstr\\_RevJoint](#)), dimension(:), allocatable [Constr\\_RevJoint](#)
- TYPE([typeConstr\\_TransJoint](#)), dimension(:), allocatable [Constr\\_TransJointGB](#)
- TYPE([typeConstr\\_TransJoint](#)), dimension(:), allocatable [Constr\\_TransJoint](#)
- TYPE([typeconstr\\_Drive\\_rgEul](#)), dimension(:), allocatable [Constr\\_Drive\\_rgEul](#)
- TYPE([typeconstr\\_Drive\\_Dist](#)), dimension(:), allocatable [Constr\\_Drive\\_DistGB](#)
- TYPE([typeconstr\\_Drive\\_Dist](#)), dimension(:), allocatable [Constr\\_Drive\\_Dist](#)

### 4.2.1 Detailed Description

Module that manages the constraints. This module:

- 1) Automatically creates the rigid body constraints, associated to the redundant Euler parameters.
- 2) Add joints to the model (requested by the user), translating them into primitive constraints for each type of joint.
- 3) Manages the evaluation of the constraints vector, its jacobian matrix and all its associated derivatives.

### 4.2.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

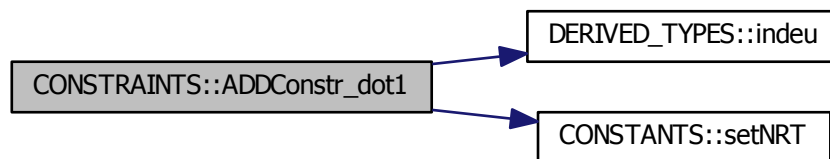
4.2.2.1 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr\_dot1 ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body1*, INTEGER,intent(in) *body2*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vector1*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vector2* )

Adds a dot-1 joint between two bodies or between the ground and one body.

#### Parameters

<i>body1</i>	first body involved. It can be "SOLIDS::ground" if the second body is attached to the ground.
<i>body2</i>	second body involved. It cannot be the ground.
<i>vector1</i>	vector in the first body/ground in the body reference frame.
<i>vector2</i>	vector in the second body in the body reference frame.

Here is the call graph for this function:



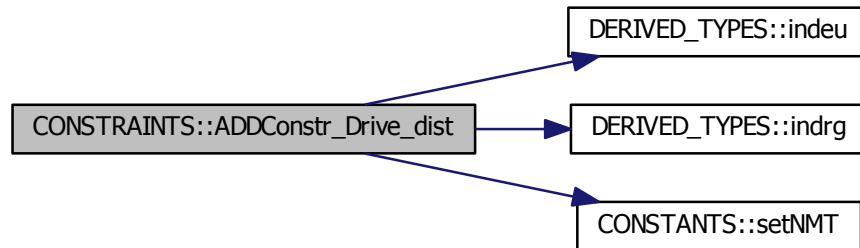
4.2.2.2 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr\_Drive\_dist ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body1*, INTEGER,intent(in) *body2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *point1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *point2*, INTEGER,intent(in) *i\_MOTOR* )

Adds a driving constraint to a distance between two points in two different bodies.

#### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index of the kinematic actuator. The user must evaluate the kinematic guidance function and introduce the function and the derivatives in the vectors <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> , <a href="#">STATE::vel</a> , <a href="#">STATE::ace</a> in each time step: STATE::pos( <i>i_MOTOR</i> ),STATE::vel( <i>i_MOTOR</i> ),STATE::ace( <i>i_MOTOR</i> ) contain the kinematic guidance function and its derivatives for the variable eu3.

Here is the call graph for this function:



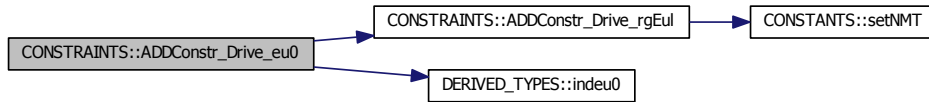
4.2.2.3 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr\_Drive\_eu0 ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body*, INTEGER,intent(in) *i\_MOTOR* )

Adds a driving constraint to the 1st Euler parameter of a body.

#### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index of the kinematic actuator. The user must evaluate the kinematic guidance function and introduce the function and the derivatives in the vectors <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> , <a href="#">STATE::vel</a> , <a href="#">STATE::ace</a> in each time step: STATE::pos( <i>i_MOTOR</i> ),STATE::vel( <i>i_MOTOR</i> ),STATE::ace( <i>i_MOTOR</i> ) contain the kinematic guidance function and its derivatives for the variable eu0.

Here is the call graph for this function:



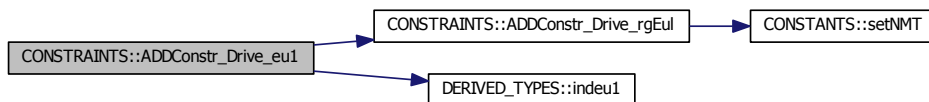
4.2.2.4 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr\_Drive\_eu1 ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body*,  
INTEGER,intent(in) *i\_MOTOR* )

Adds a driving constraint to the 2nd Euler parameter of a body.

#### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index of the kinematic actuator. The user must evaluate the kinematic guidance function and introduce the function and the derivatives in the vectors <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> , <a href="#">STATE::vel</a> , <a href="#">STATE::ace</a> in each time step: <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ( <i>i_MOTOR</i> ), <a href="#">STATE::vel</a> ( <i>i_MOTOR</i> ), <a href="#">STATE::ace</a> ( <i>i_MOTOR</i> ) contain the kinematic guidance function and its derivatives for the variable eu1.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.2.2.5 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr\_Drive\_eu2 ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body*,  
INTEGER,intent(in) *i\_MOTOR* )

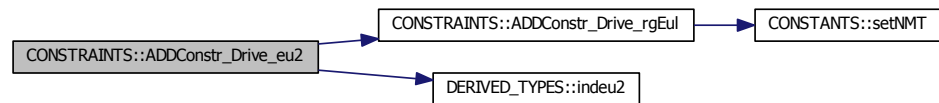
Adds a driving constraint to the 3rd Euler parameter of a body.

#### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
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<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index of the kinematic actuator. The user must evaluate the kinematic guidance function and introduce the function and the derivatives in the vectors <code>STATE::pos</code> , <code>STATE::vel</code> , <code>STATE::ace</code> in each time step: <code>STATE::pos(i_MOTOR)</code> , <code>STATE::vel(i_MOTOR)</code> , <code>STATE::ace(i_MOTOR)</code> contain the kinematic guidance function and its derivatives for the variable eu2.
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Here is the call graph for this function:



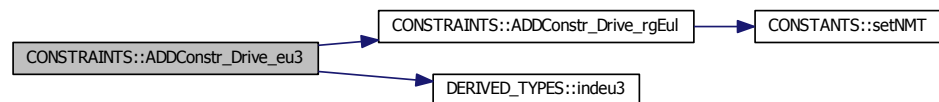
4.2.2.6 subroutine,public `CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr_Drive_eu3` ( `INTEGER,intent(in) body`, `INTEGER,intent(in) i_MOTOR` )

Adds a driving constraint to the 4rd Euler parameter of a body.

#### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index of the kinematic actuator. The user must evaluate the kinematic guidance function and introduce the function and the derivatives in the vectors <code>STATE::pos</code> , <code>STATE::vel</code> , <code>STATE::ace</code> in each time step: <code>STATE::pos(i_MOTOR)</code> , <code>STATE::vel(i_MOTOR)</code> , <code>STATE::ace(i_MOTOR)</code> contain the kinematic guidance function and its derivatives for the variable eu3.

Here is the call graph for this function:



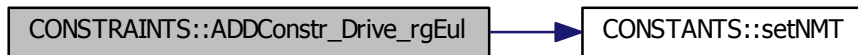
4.2.2.7 subroutine CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr\_Drive\_rgEul ( INTEGER,intent(in) *ind*,  
INTEGER,intent(in) *i\_MOTOR* ) [private]

Adds a driving constraint to any body coordinate. It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by other user constraints.

#### Parameters

<i>ind</i>	index of the coordinate involved.
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index of the kinematic actuator.

Here is the call graph for this function:



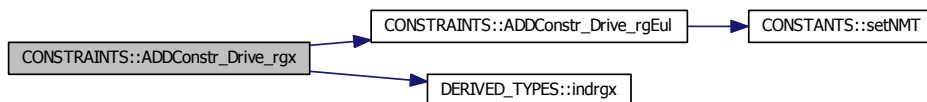
4.2.2.8 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr\_Drive\_rgx ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body*,  
INTEGER,intent(in) *i\_MOTOR* )

Adds a driving constraint to the x-coordinate of the CDM of a body.

#### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index of the kinematic actuator. The user must evaluate the kinematic guidance function and introduce the function and the derivatives in the vectors <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> , <a href="#">STATE::vel</a> , <a href="#">STATE::ace</a> in each time step: <a href="#">STATE::pos(i_MOTOR)</a> , <a href="#">STATE::vel(i_MOTOR)</a> , <a href="#">STATE::ace(i_MOTOR)</a> contain the kinematic guidance function and its derivatives for the variable <a href="#">rgx</a> .

Here is the call graph for this function:



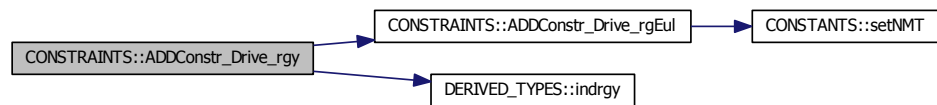
#### 4.2.2.9 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr\_Drive\_rgy ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body*, INTEGER,intent(in) *i\_MOTOR* )

Adds a driving constraint to the y-coordinate of the CDM of a body.

##### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index of the kinematic actuator. The user must evaluate the kinematic guidance function and introduce the function and the derivatives in the vectors <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> , <a href="#">STATE::vel</a> , <a href="#">STATE::ace</a> in each time step: STATE::pos( <i>i_MOTOR</i> ),STATE::vel( <i>i_MOTOR</i> ),STATE::ace( <i>i_MOTOR</i> ) contain the kinematic guidance function and its derivatives for the variable rgy.

Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.2.2.10 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr\_Drive\_rgz ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body*, INTEGER,intent(in) *i\_MOTOR* )

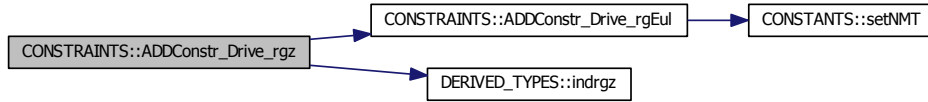
Adds a driving constraint to the z-coordinate of the CDM of a body.

##### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index of the kinematic actuator. The user must evaluate the kinematic guidance function and introduce the function and the derivatives in the vectors <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> , <a href="#">STATE::vel</a> , <a href="#">STATE::ace</a> in each time step: STATE::pos( <i>i_MOTOR</i> ),STATE::vel( <i>i_MOTOR</i> ),STATE::ace( <i>i_MOTOR</i> ) contain the kinematic guidance function and its derivatives for the variable rgz.



Here is the call graph for this function:



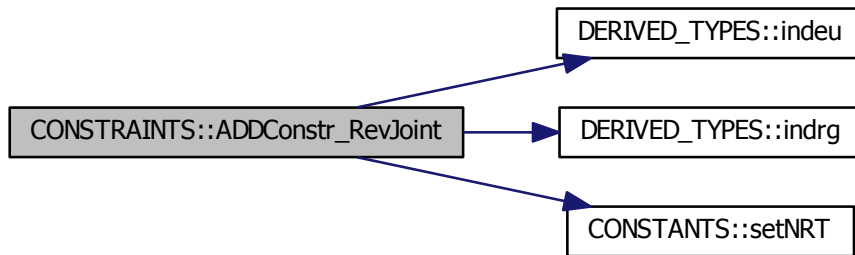
4.2.2.11 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr\_RevJoint ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body1*, INTEGER,intent(in) *body2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *point1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *point2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vect1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vect2* )

Adds a revolute joint between two bodies or between the ground and one body.

**Parameters**

<i>body1</i>	first body involved. It can be "SOLIDS::ground" if the second body is attached to the ground.
<i>body2</i>	second body involved. It cannot be the ground.
<i>point1</i>	point in the first body/ground in the body reference frame.
<i>point2</i>	point in the second body in the body reference frame.
<i>vect1</i>	vector in the first body/ground in the body reference frame.
<i>vect2</i>	vector in the second body in the body reference frame.

Here is the call graph for this function:



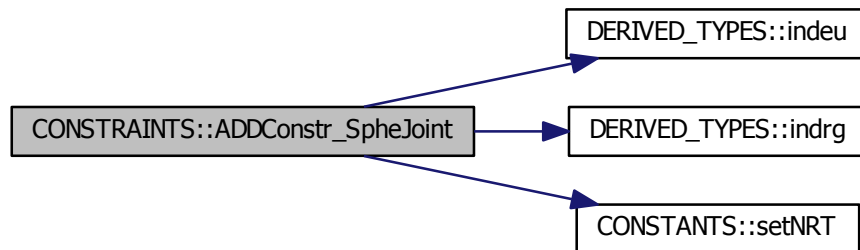
4.2.2.12 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr\_SpheJoint ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body1*, INTEGER,intent(in) *body2*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *point1*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *point2* )

Adds a spherical joint between two bodies or between the ground and one body.

#### Parameters

<i>body1</i>	first body involved. It can be "SOLIDS::ground" if the second body is attached to the ground.
<i>body2</i>	second body involved. It cannot be the ground.
<i>point1</i>	point in the first body/ground in the body reference frame.
<i>point2</i>	point in the second body in the body reference frame.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.2.2.13 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr\_TransJoint ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body1*, INTEGER,intent(in) *body2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *point1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *point2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vect1x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vect1y*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vect2x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vect2y* )

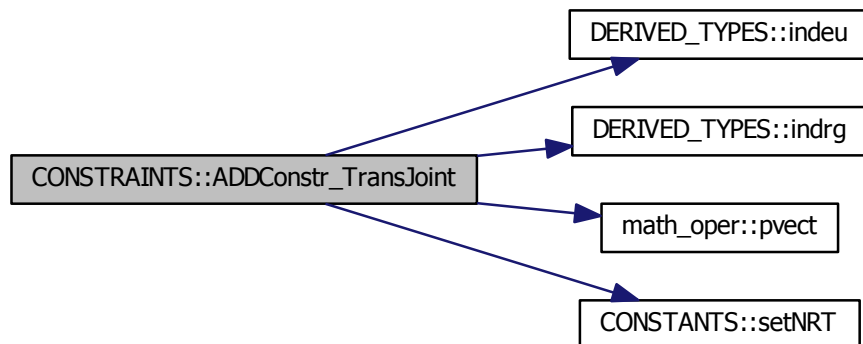
Adds a translational joint between two bodies or between the ground and one body.

#### Parameters

<i>body1</i>	first body involved. It can be "SOLIDS::ground" if the second body is attached to the ground.
<i>body2</i>	second body involved. It cannot be the ground.
<i>point1</i>	point in the first body/ground in the body reference frame.
<i>point2</i>	point in the second body in the body reference frame.
<i>vect1y</i>	vector along the translating direction in the first body/ground in the body reference frame.

<i>vect1x</i>	vector perpendicular to vect1y in the first body/ground in the body reference frame.
<i>vect2y</i>	vector along the translating direction in the second body in the body reference frame.
<i>vect2x</i>	vector perpendicular to vect1y and parallel to vect1x in the second body in the body reference frame.

Here is the call graph for this function:



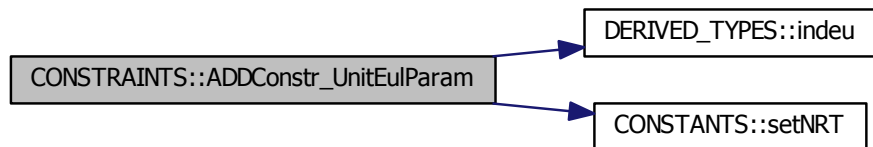
4.2.2.14 subroutine,public `CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr_UnitEulParam ( INTEGER,intent(in) body )`

Adds an unitary vector constraint to the Euler parameters of one body. It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.

#### Parameters

<i>body</i>	corresponding body
-------------	--------------------

Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.2.2.15 subroutine,public `CONSTRAINTS::CONSTRAINTS_Setup ( )`

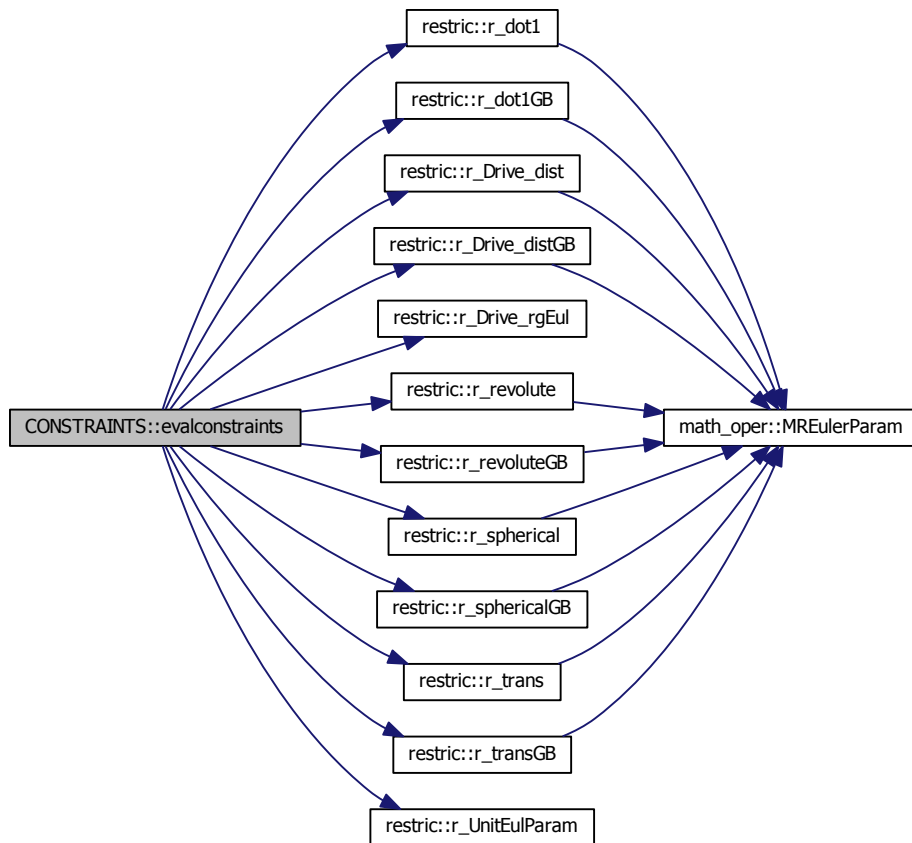
Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.2.2.16 subroutine,public `CONSTRAINTS::evalconstraints ( )`

Subroutine that evaluates the constraints vector ( $\Phi$ ). It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.

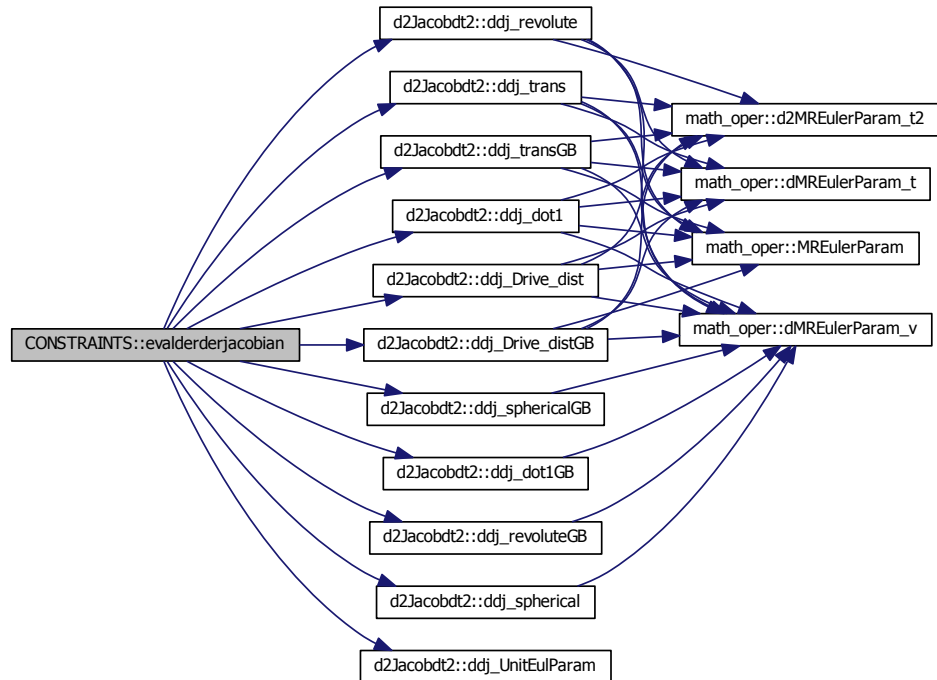
Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.2.2.17 subroutine,public `CONSTRAINTS::evalderderjacobian ( )`

Subroutine that evaluates the term  $\ddot{\Phi}_q$ . It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.

Here is the call graph for this function:



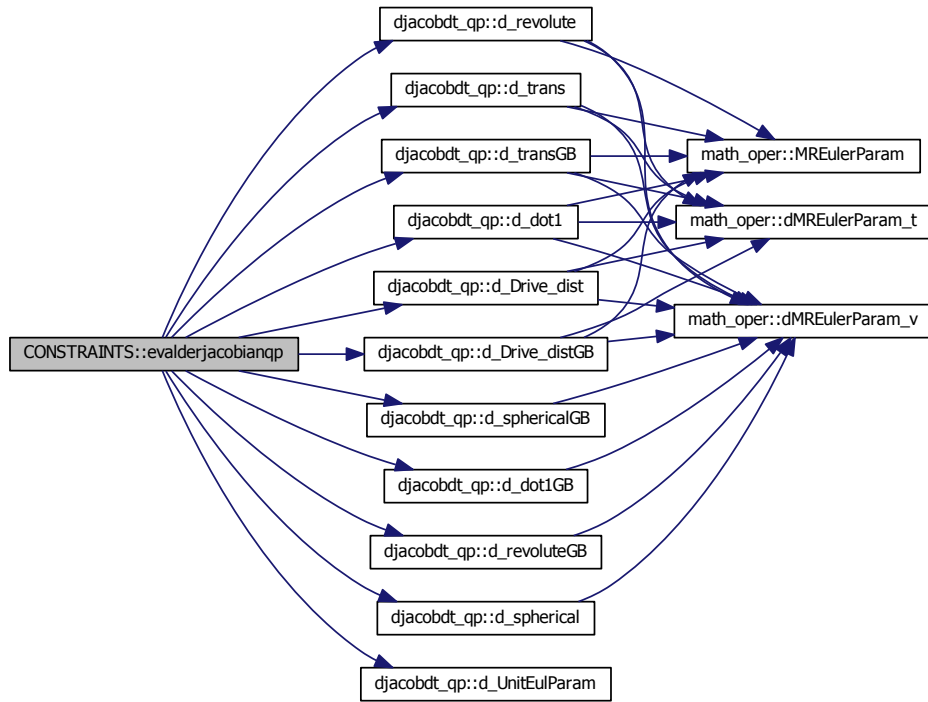
#### 4.2.2.18 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::evalderjacobian ( )

Subroutine that evaluates the term  $\dot{\Phi}_q$ . It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.

#### 4.2.2.19 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::evalderjacobianqp ( )

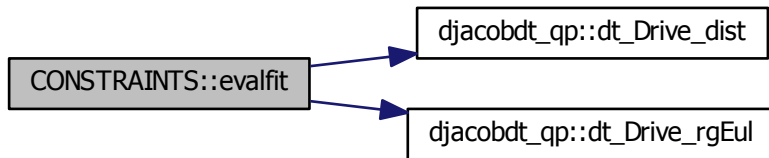
Subroutine that evaluates the term  $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$ . It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.

Here is the call graph for this function:



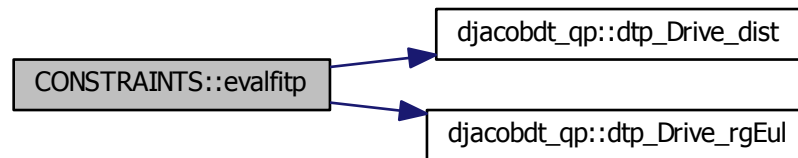
4.2.2.20 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::evalfit ( )

Here is the call graph for this function:



## 4.2.2.21 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::evalfitp ( )

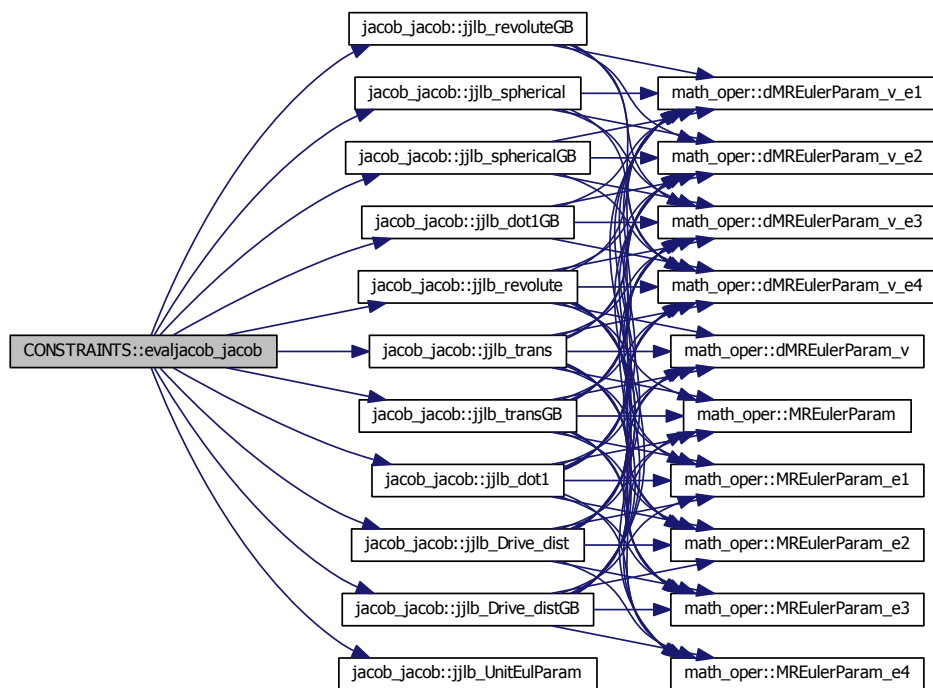
Here is the call graph for this function:





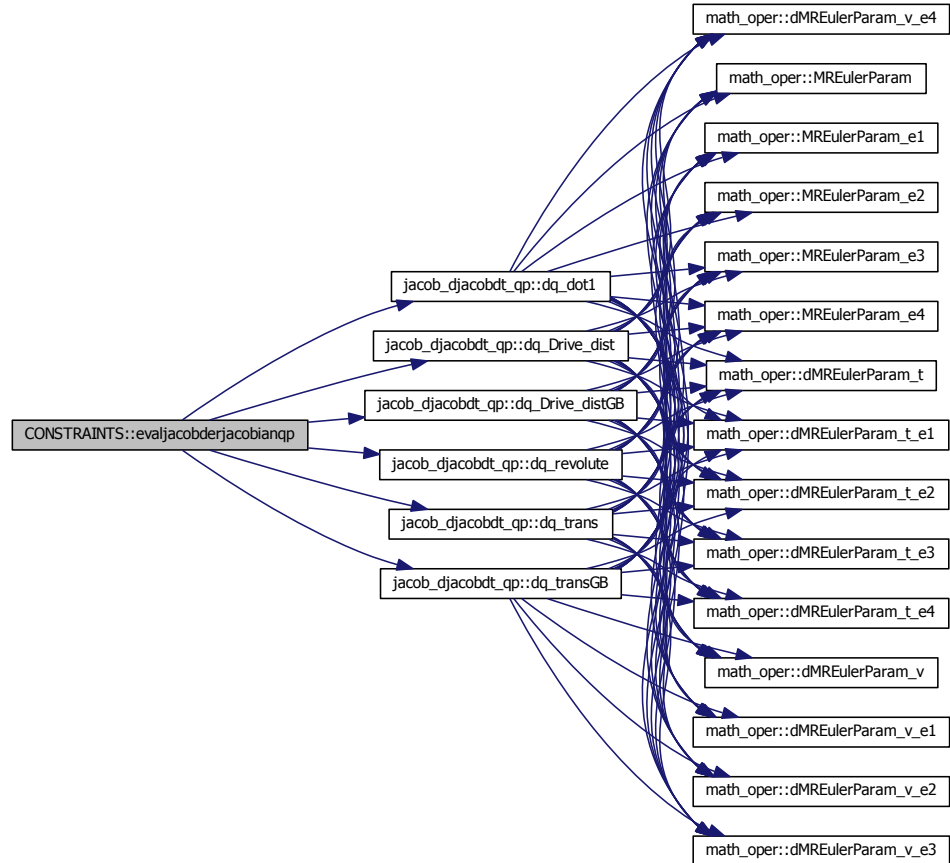
```
4.2.2.22 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::evaljacob_jacob ( real(8),dimension(dim),intent(in) lb
)
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.2.2.23 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::evaljacobderjacobianqp ( )

Here is the call graph for this function:

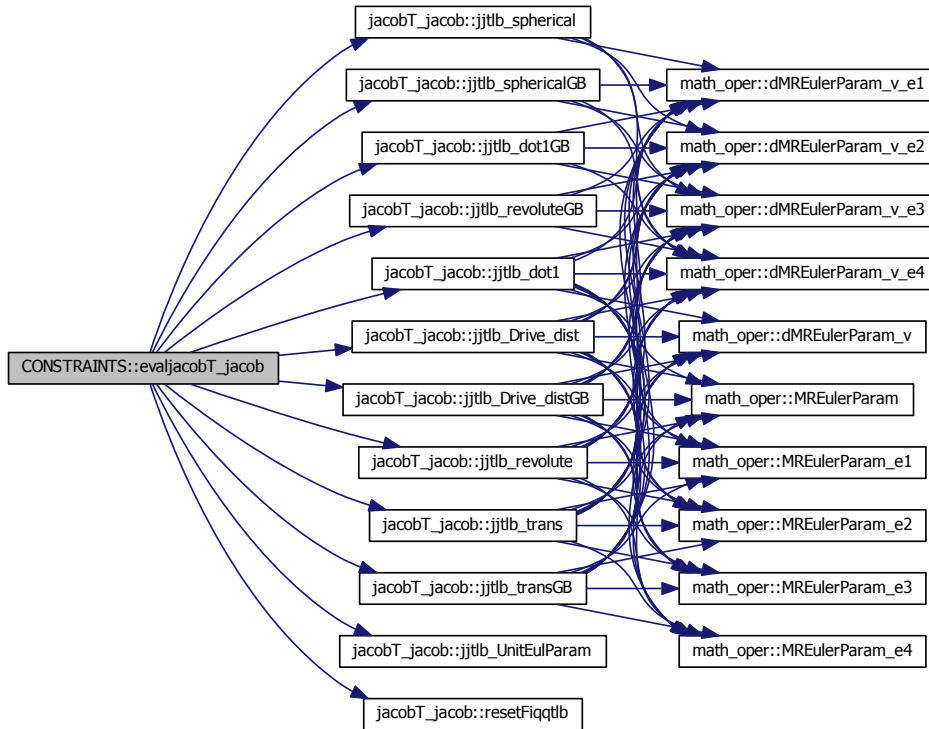


#### 4.2.2.24 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::evaljacobian ( )

Subroutine that evaluates the jacobian of the constraints vector (  $\Phi_q$  ). It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.

```
4.2.2.25 subroutine,public CONSTRAINTS::evaljacobT_jacob ( real(8),dimension(nrt),intent(in) /b
)
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



### 4.2.3 Variable Documentation

4.2.3.1 TYPE (`typeConstr_dot1`),`dimension(:)`,allocatable `CONSTRAINTS::Constr_dot1`

4.2.3.2 TYPE (`typeConstr_dot1`),`dimension(:)`,allocatable  
`CONSTRAINTS::Constr_dot1GB`

4.2.3.3 TYPE (`typeconstr_Drive_Dist`),`dimension(:)`,allocatable  
`CONSTRAINTS::Constr_Drive_Dist`

4.2.3.4 TYPE (`typeconstr_Drive_Dist`),`dimension(:)`,allocatable  
`CONSTRAINTS::Constr_Drive_DistGB`

- 4.2.3.5 TYPE (typeconstr\_Drive\_rgEul),dimension(:),allocatable  
CONSTRAINTS::Constr\_Drive\_rgEul
- 4.2.3.6 TYPE (typeConstr\_RevJoint),dimension(:),allocatable  
CONSTRAINTS::Constr\_RevJoint
- 4.2.3.7 TYPE (typeConstr\_RevJoint),dimension(:),allocatable  
CONSTRAINTS::Constr\_RevJointGB
- 4.2.3.8 TYPE (typeConstr\_SpheJoint),dimension(:),allocatable  
CONSTRAINTS::Constr\_SpheJoint
- 4.2.3.9 TYPE (typeConstr\_SpheJoint),dimension(:),allocatable  
CONSTRAINTS::Constr\_SpheJointGB
- 4.2.3.10 TYPE (typeConstr\_TransJoint),dimension(:),allocatable  
CONSTRAINTS::Constr\_TransJoint
- 4.2.3.11 TYPE (typeConstr\_TransJoint),dimension(:),allocatable  
CONSTRAINTS::Constr\_TransJointGB
- 4.2.3.12 TYPE (typeConstr\_UnitEulParam),dimension(:),allocatable  
CONSTRAINTS::Constr\_UnitEulParam
- 4.2.3.13 INTEGER CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\_dot1 = 0
- 4.2.3.14 INTEGER CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\_dot1GB = 0
- 4.2.3.15 INTEGER CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\_Drive\_dist = 0
- 4.2.3.16 INTEGER CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\_Drive\_distGB = 0
- 4.2.3.17 INTEGER CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\_Drive\_rgEul = 0
- 4.2.3.18 INTEGER CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\_RevJoint = 0
- 4.2.3.19 INTEGER CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\_RevJointGB = 0
- 4.2.3.20 INTEGER CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\_SpheJoint = 0
- 4.2.3.21 INTEGER CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\_SpheJointGB = 0
- 4.2.3.22 INTEGER CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\_TransJoint = 0
- 4.2.3.23 INTEGER CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\_TransJointGB = 0
- 4.2.3.24 INTEGER CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\_UnitEulParam = 0

## 4.3 d2Jacobdt2 Module Reference

Module of second derivatives of the Jacobian. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [d2Jacobdt2\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [deallocFiqpp](#)
- subroutine [ddj\\_UnitEulParam](#) (ir, iEul)
 

*The second derivatives of the jacobians of unitary Euler parameters.*
- subroutine [ddj\\_dot1GB](#) (ir, iEul2, u, v)
 

*The second derivative of the jacobians of a dot-1 constraint attached on the ground.*
- subroutine [ddj\\_dot1](#) (ir, iEul1, iEul2, u, v)
 

*The second derivatives of the jacobians of the jacobians of a dot-1 constraint.*
- subroutine [ddj\\_sphericalGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2)
 

*The second derivatives of the jacobians of of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground.*
- subroutine [ddj\\_spherical](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2)
 

*The second derivatives of the jacobians of of a spherical joint between two bodies.*
- subroutine [ddj\\_revoluteGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)
 

*The second derivatives of the jacobians of of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground.*
- subroutine [ddj\\_revolute](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)
 

*The second derivatives of the jacobians of of a revolute joint between two bodies.*
- subroutine [ddj\\_transGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)
 

*The second derivatives of the jacobians of of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground.*
- subroutine [ddj\\_trans](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)
 

*The second derivatives of the jacobians of a translational joint between two bodies.*
- subroutine [ddj\\_Drive\\_distGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)
 

*The second derivatives of the jacobians for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.*
- subroutine [ddj\\_Drive\\_dist](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1\_loc, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)
 

*The second derivatives of the jacobians for a distance between two points of two bodies.*

### Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:, :), allocatable [PROTECTED](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:, :), allocatable [Fiqpp](#)

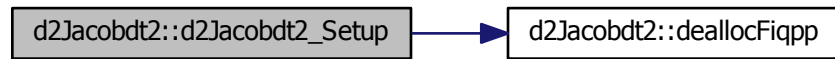
### 4.3.1 Detailed Description

Module of second derivatives of the Jacobian. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

### 4.3.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

#### 4.3.2.1 subroutine d2Jacobdt2::d2Jacobdt2\_Setup ( )

Here is the call graph for this function:



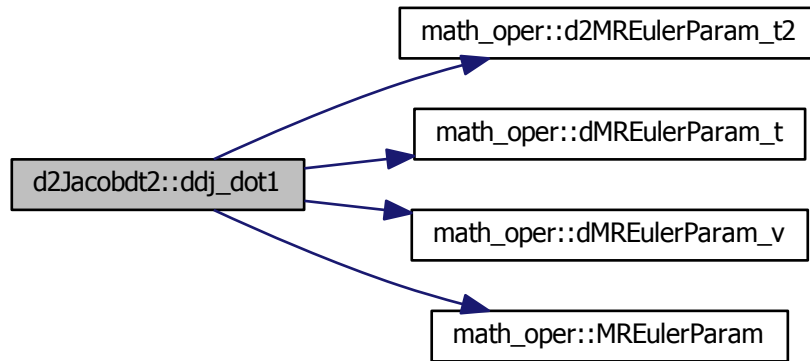
#### 4.3.2.2 subroutine d2Jacobdt2::ddj\_dot1 ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *u*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *v* )

The second derivatives of the jacobians of the jacobians of a dot-1 constraint.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>iEul1</i> , <i>iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>u</i>	vector in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>v</i>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.2.3 subroutine `d2Jacobdt2::ddj_dot1GB` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v` )

The second derivative of the jacobians of a dot-1 constraint attached on the ground.

#### Parameters

<code>ir</code>	index of the constraint
<code>iEul2</code>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the body.
<code>u</code>	vector attached on the ground
<code>v</code>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



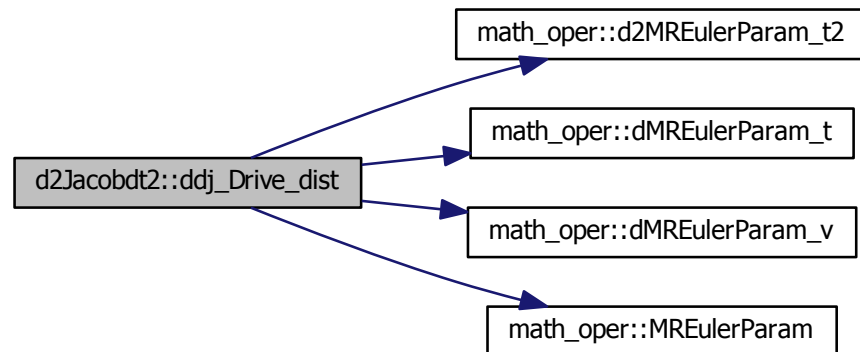
4.3.2.4 subroutine `d2Jacobdt2::ddj_Drive_dist` ( `INTEGER,intent(in) ir`,  
`INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) irg1`, `INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`,  
`INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul1`, `INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1_loc`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2_loc`,  
`INTEGER,intent(in) i_MOTOR` )

The second derivatives of the jacobians for a distance between two points of two bodies.

#### Parameters

<code>ir</code>	index of the constraint.
<code>irg1,irg2</code>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<code>iEul1,iEul2</code>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<code>pt1_loc</code>	point in the first body given in the body reference frame
<code>pt2_loc</code>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<code>i_MOTOR</code>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.2.5 subroutine `d2Jacobdt2::ddj_Drive_distGB` ( `INTEGER,intent(in) ir`,  
`INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`, `INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2_loc`,  
`INTEGER,intent(in) i_MOTOR` )

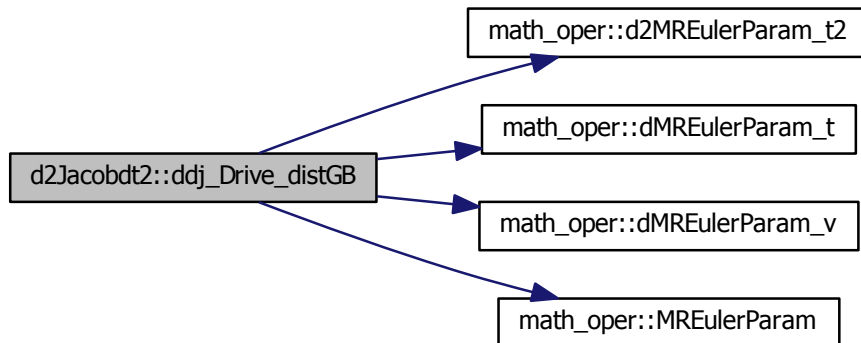
The second derivatives of the jacobians for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.

#### Parameters



<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint.
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body.
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameters of the body.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground given in the global reference frame
<i>pt2_loc</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.

Here is the call graph for this function:



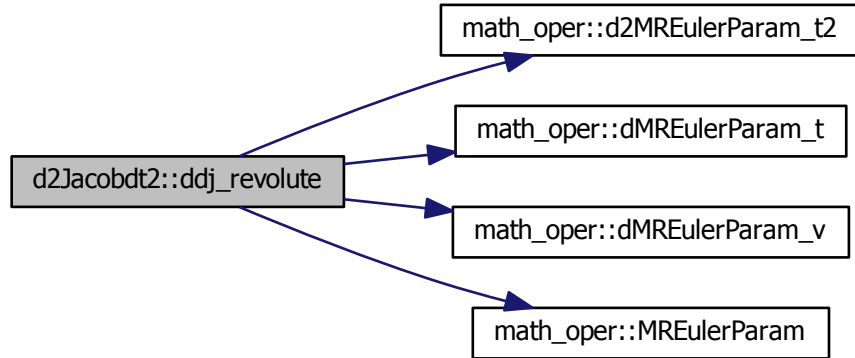
4.3.2.6 subroutine `d2Jacobdt2::ddj_revolute ( integer,intent(in) ir, integer,dimension(3),intent(in),optional irg1, integer,dimension(3),intent(in),optional irg2, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul1, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u1, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v1, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2 )`

The second derivatives of the jacobians of a revolute joint between two bodies.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1,pt2</i>	points given in the bodies reference frames
<i>u1,v1</i>	perpendicular vectors in the first body
<i>vec2</i>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.2.7 subroutine `d2Jacobdt2::ddj_revoluteGB` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`,  
`integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v1`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2` )

The second derivatives of the jacobians of of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground.

#### Parameters

<code>ir</code>	index of the constraint
<code>irg2</code>	index of the center of mass of the body
<code>iEul2</code>	index of the Euler parameters of the body
<code>pt1</code>	point in the ground
<code>pt2</code>	point in the body given in the body reference frame
<code>u1,u2</code>	perpendicular vectors in the ground
<code>vec2</code>	vector in the body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.2.8 subroutine d2Jacobdt2::ddj\_spherical ( integer,intent(in) *ir*,  
integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg1*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*,  
integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*,  
real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2* )

The second derivatives of the jacobians of of a spherical joint between two bodies.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1,pt2</i>	points given in the bodies reference frames

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.2.9 subroutine d2Jacobdt2::ddj\_sphericalGB ( integer,intent(in) *ir*,  
integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*,  
real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2* )

The second derivatives of the jacobians of of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground.

**Parameters**

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameters of the body
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground
<i>pt2</i>	point in the body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



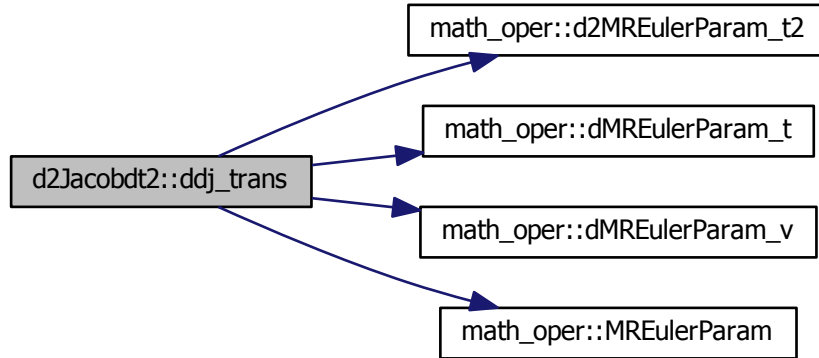
4.3.2.10 subroutine d2Jacobdt2::ddj\_trans ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg1*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1y*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2z* )

The second derivatives of the jacobians of a translational joint between two bodies.

**Parameters**

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1</i>	point given in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2</i>	point given in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec1y,vec1x</i>	perpendicular vectors in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec2x,vec2z</i>	perpendicular vectors in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



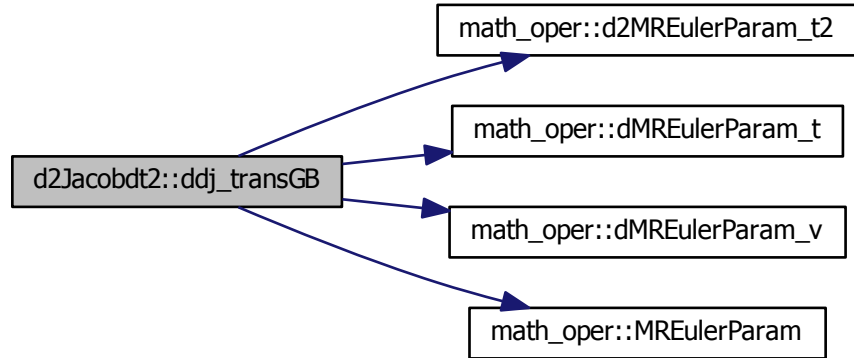
4.3.2.11 subroutine `d2Jacobdt2::ddj_transGB` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`,  
`integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec1y`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec1x`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2x`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2z` )

The second derivatives of the jacobians of of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground.

#### Parameters

<code>ir</code>	index of the constraint
<code>irg2</code>	index of the center of mass of the body
<code>iEul2</code>	index of the Euler parameter of the body.
<code>pt1</code>	point in the ground
<code>pt2</code>	point in the body given in the body reference frame
<code>vec1y,vec1x</code>	perpendicular vectors in the ground
<code>vec2x,vec2z</code>	perpendicular vectors in the body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.2.12 subroutine `d2Jacobdt2::ddj_UnitEulParam` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`,  
`integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul` )

The second derivatives of the jacobians of unitary Euler parameters.

#### Parameters

<code>ir</code>	index of the constraint
<code>iEul</code>	indexes of the Euler parameters

4.3.2.13 subroutine `d2Jacobdt2::deallocFiqpp` ( )

### 4.3.3 Variable Documentation

4.3.3.1 `REAL(8),dimension(:,:),allocatable d2Jacobdt2::Fiqpp`

4.3.3.2 `REAL(8),dimension(:,:),allocatable d2Jacobdt2::PROTECTED`

## 4.4 DERIVED\_TYPES Module Reference

Module of solver derived types definition and subroutines/functions to manage the derived types.

## Data Types

- type [MATRIXTRANSFORM](#)
- type [POINT](#)
- type [SOLID](#)
- type [typeConstr\\_UnitEulParam](#)  
*Euler parameters constraints.*
- type [typeConstr\\_dot1](#)  
*Dot-1 constraints.*
- type [typeConstr\\_SpheJoint](#)  
*Spherical joint constraints.*
- type [typeConstr\\_RevJoint](#)  
*Revolute joint constraints.*
- type [typeConstr\\_TransJoint](#)  
*Translational joint constraints.*
- type [typeconstr\\_Drive\\_rgEul](#)  
*Driving constraints coordinates.*
- type [typeconstr\\_Drive\\_Dist](#)  
*Driving distance constraints.*
- type [typeforce\\_TSDA](#)  
*TSDA forces.*
- interface [callback\\_forces](#)
- interface [callback\\_stiffness](#)
- interface [callback\\_damping](#)
- interface [callback\\_PQbarPrho](#)
- interface [callback\\_PMbarPrhoVdot](#)
- interface [callback\\_dgdy](#)
- interface [callback\\_dgdp](#)
- interface [callback\\_AdjInit](#)
- interface [callback\\_gfun](#)

## Functions/Subroutines

- INTEGER, dimension(7) [indre](#) (nSOLID)  
*Function that returns the index for all the states of the body.*
- INTEGER, dimension(3) [indrg](#) (nSOLID)  
*Function that returns the index for the CDM of the body.*
- INTEGER [indrgx](#) (nSOLID)
- INTEGER [indrgy](#) (nSOLID)
- INTEGER [indrgz](#) (nSOLID)
- INTEGER, dimension(4) [indeu](#) (nSOLID)  
*Function that returns the index for the Euler parameters of the body.*
- INTEGER [indeu0](#) (nSOLID)
- INTEGER [indeu1](#) (nSOLID)
- INTEGER [indeu2](#) (nSOLID)
- INTEGER [indeu3](#) (nSOLID)

#### 4.4.1 Detailed Description

Module of solver derived types definition and subroutines/functions to manage the derived types.

#### 4.4.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

##### 4.4.2.1 INTEGER,dimension(4) DERIVED\_TYPES::indeu ( INTEGER,intent(in) *nSOLID* )

Function that returns the index for the Euler parameters of the body.

##### Parameters

<i>nSOLID</i>	numer of the body
---------------	-------------------

##### 4.4.2.2 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::indeu0 ( INTEGER,intent(in) *nSOLID* )

##### 4.4.2.3 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::indeu1 ( INTEGER,intent(in) *nSOLID* )

##### 4.4.2.4 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::indeu2 ( INTEGER,intent(in) *nSOLID* )

##### 4.4.2.5 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::indeu3 ( INTEGER,intent(in) *nSOLID* )

##### 4.4.2.6 INTEGER,dimension(7) DERIVED\_TYPES::indre ( INTEGER,intent(in) *nSOLID* )

Function that returns the index for all the states of the body.

##### Parameters

<i>nSOLID</i>	numer of the body
---------------	-------------------

##### 4.4.2.7 INTEGER,dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::indrg ( INTEGER,intent(in) *nSOLID* )

Function that returns the index for the CDM of the body.

##### Parameters

<i>nSOLID</i>	numer of the body
---------------	-------------------

##### 4.4.2.8 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::indrgx ( INTEGER,intent(in) *nSOLID* )

##### 4.4.2.9 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::indrgy ( INTEGER,intent(in) *nSOLID* )

##### 4.4.2.10 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::indrgz ( INTEGER,intent(in) *nSOLID* )



## 4.5 dJacobdt Module Reference

Module of total derivatives of the Jacobian. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [dJacobdt\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [deallocFiqp](#)
- subroutine [dj\\_UnitEulParam](#) (ir, iEul)
 

*CC*
- subroutine [dj\\_dot1GB](#) (ir, iEul2, u, v)
 

*The first derivative of the jacobians of a dot-1 constraint attached on the ground.*
- subroutine [dj\\_dot1](#) (ir, iEul1, iEul2, u, v)
 

*The first derivative of the jacobians of a dot-1 constraint.*
- subroutine [dj\\_sphericalGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2)
 

*The first derivative of the jacobians of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground.*
- subroutine [dj\\_spherical](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2)
 

*The first derivative of the jacobians of a spherical joint between two bodies.*
- subroutine [dj\\_revoluteGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)
 

*The first derivative of the jacobians of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground.*
- subroutine [dj\\_revolute](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)
 

*The first derivative of the jacobians of a revolute joint between two bodies.*
- subroutine [dj\\_transGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)
 

*The first derivative of the jacobians of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground.*
- subroutine [dj\\_trans](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)
 

*The first derivative of the jacobians of a translational joint between two bodies.*
- subroutine [dj\\_Drive\\_distGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)
 

*The first derivative of the jacobians for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.*
- subroutine [dj\\_Drive\\_dist](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1\_loc, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)
 

*The first derivative of the jacobians for a distance between two points of two bodies.*

### Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable [PROTECTED](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable [Fiqp](#)

#### 4.5.1 Detailed Description

Module of total derivatives of the Jacobian. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

## 4.5.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

4.5.2.1 subroutine dJacobdt::deallocFiqp ( )

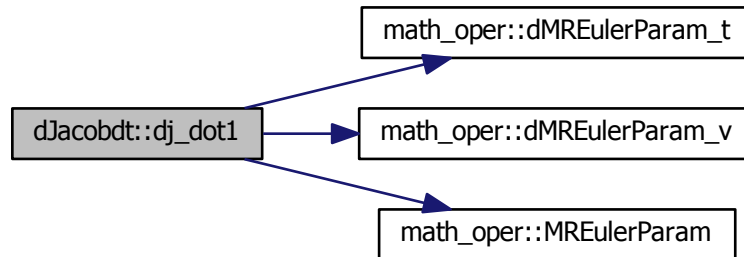
4.5.2.2 subroutine dJacobdt::dj\_dot1 ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *u*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *v* )

The first derivative of the jacobians of a dot-1 constraint.

### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>u</i>	vector in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>v</i>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



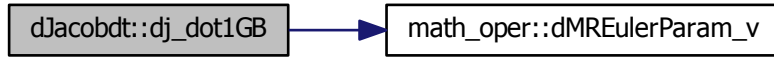
4.5.2.3 subroutine dJacobdt::dj\_dot1GB ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *u*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *v* )

The first derivative of the jacobians of a dot-1 constraint attached on the ground.

### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the body.
<i>u</i>	vector attached on the ground
<i>v</i>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



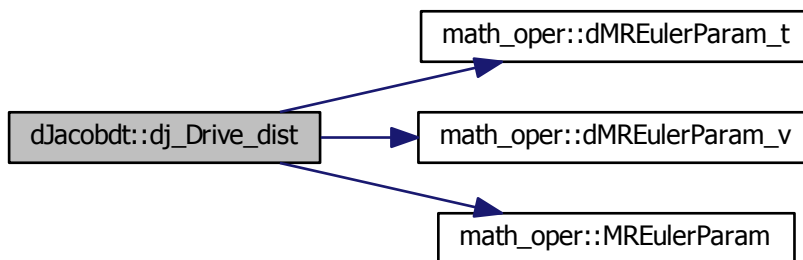
4.5.2.4 subroutine dJacobdt::dj\_Drive\_dist ( INTEGER,intent(in) *ir*,  
 INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg1*, INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*,  
 INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*,  
 REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1\_loc*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2\_loc*,  
 INTEGER,intent(in) *i\_MOTOR* )

The first derivative of the jacobians for a distance between two points of two bodies.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint.
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1_loc</i>	point in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2_loc</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.

Here is the call graph for this function:



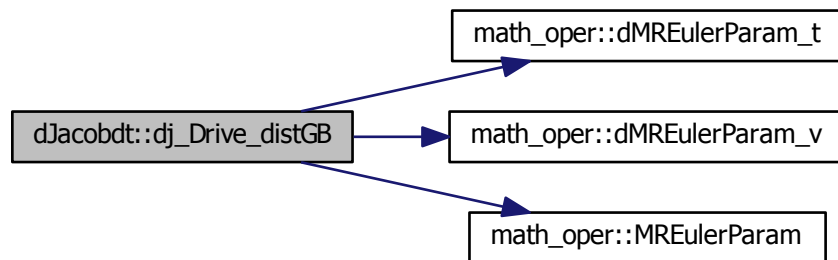
4.5.2.5 subroutine dJacobdt::dj\_Drive\_distGB ( INTEGER,intent(in) *ir*,  
 INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*,  
 REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2\_loc*,  
 INTEGER,intent(in) *i\_MOTOR* )

The first derivative of the jacobians for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint.
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body.
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameters of the body.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground given in the global reference frame
<i>pt2_loc</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.5.2.6 subroutine dJacobdt::dj\_revolute ( integer,intent(in) *ir*,  
 integer,dimension(3),intent(in),optional *irg1*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in),optional  
*irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in)  
*iEul2*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in)  
*pt2*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *u1*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *v1*,  
 real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2* )

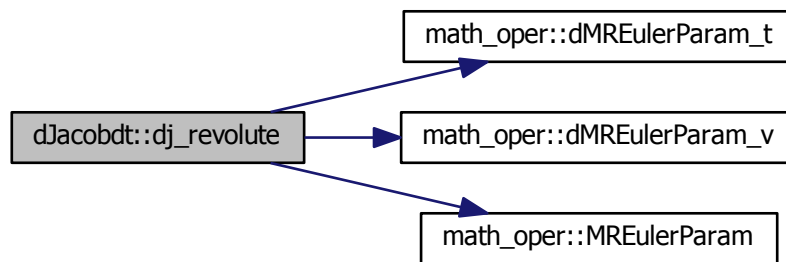
The first derivative of the jacobians of a revolute joint between two bodies.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.

<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1,pt2</i>	points given in the bodies reference frames
<i>u1,v1</i>	perpendicular vectors in the first body
<i>vec2</i>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



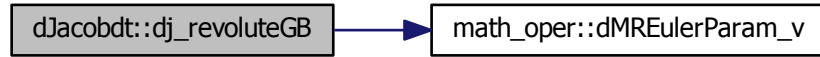
4.5.2.7 subroutine `dJacobdt::dj_revoluteGB` ( *integer,intent(in) ir*, *integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2*, *integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2*, *REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1*, *REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2*, *REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u1*, *REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v1*, *REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2* )

The first derivative of the jacobians of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameters of the body
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground
<i>pt2</i>	point in the body given in the body reference frame
<i>u1,u2</i>	perpendicular vectors in the ground
<i>vec2</i>	vector in the body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.5.2.8 subroutine dJacobdt::dj\_spherical ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg1*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2* )

The first derivative of the jacobians of a spherical joint between two bodies.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1,pt2</i>	points given in the bodies reference frames

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.5.2.9 subroutine dJacobdt::dj\_sphericalGB ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2* )

The first derivative of the jacobians of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameters of the body
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground
<i>pt2</i>	point in the body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



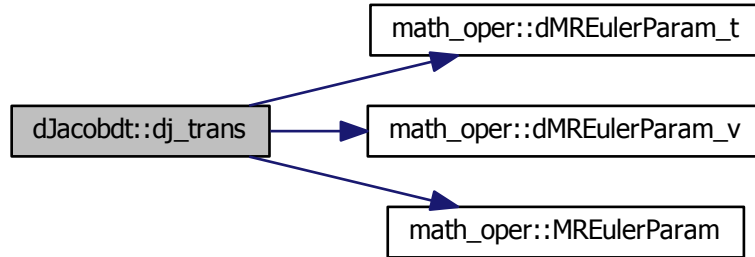
4.5.2.10 subroutine dJacobdt::dj\_trans ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg1*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1y*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2z* )

The first derivative of the jacobians of a translational joint between two bodies.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1</i>	point given in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2</i>	point given in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec1y,vec1x</i>	perpendicular vectors in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec2x,vec2z</i>	perpendicular vectors in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.5.2.11 subroutine `dJacobdt::dj_transGB` ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1y*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2z* )

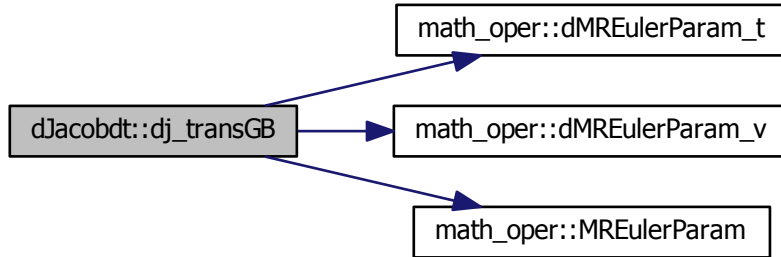
The first derivative of the jacobians of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameter of the body.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground
<i>pt2</i>	point in the body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec1y,vec1x</i>	perpendicular vectors in the ground
<i>vec2x,vec2z</i>	perpendicular vectors in the body given in the body reference frame



Here is the call graph for this function:



4.5.2.12 subroutine dJacobdt::dj\_UnitEulParam ( integer,intent(in) *ir*,  
integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul* )

CC  
 CCC  
 The first derivative of the jacobians of unitary Euler parameters

**Parameters**

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>iEul</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters

4.5.2.13 subroutine dJacobdt::dJacobdt\_Setup ( )

Here is the call graph for this function:



### 4.5.3 Variable Documentation

4.5.3.1 REAL(8),dimension(:,:),allocatable dJacobdt::Fiqp

4.5.3.2 REAL(8),dimension(:,:),allocatable dJacobdt::PROTECTED

## 4.6 djacobdt\_qp Module Reference

Module of derivatives of the Jacobian multiplied by the velocity vector. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [djacobdt\\_qp\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [deallocfiqpp](#)
- subroutine [deallocfit](#)
- subroutine [d\\_UnitEulParam](#) (ir, iEul)
  - $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$ , which is the derivative of jacobian with respect to time multiplies the velocity vector  $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of unitary Euler parameters
- subroutine [d\\_dot1GB](#) (ir, iEul2, u, v)
  - $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a dot-1 constraint attached on the ground
- subroutine [d\\_dot1](#) (ir, iEul1, iEul2, u, v)
  - $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a dot-1 constraint.
- subroutine [d\\_sphericalGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2)
  - $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground
- subroutine [d\\_spherical](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2)
  - $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a spherical joint between two bodies
- subroutine [d\\_revoluteGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)
  - $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground
- subroutine [d\\_revolute](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)
  - $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a revolute joint between two bodies
- subroutine [d\\_transGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)
  - $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground
- subroutine [d\\_trans](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)
  - $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a translational joint between two bodies
- subroutine [d\\_Drive\\_distGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)
  - $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.
- subroutine [d\\_Drive\\_dist](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1\_loc, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)
  - $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  for a distance between two points of two bodies.
- subroutine [dt\\_Drive\\_rgEul](#) (ir, ind, i\_MOTOR)
  - $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  for a generalized coordinate of the system.
- subroutine [dtp\\_Drive\\_rgEul](#) (ir, ind, i\_MOTOR)
  - $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  for a generalized coordinate of the system.

- subroutine `dt_Drive_dist` (`ir`, `i_MOTOR`)  
 $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  for a distance.
- subroutine `dtp_Drive_dist` (`ir`, `i_MOTOR`)  
 $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  for a distance.

### Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable `PROTECTED`
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable `fiqpqp`
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable `fit`
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable `fitp`

### 4.6.1 Detailed Description

Module of derivatives of the Jacobian multiplied by the velocity vector. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

### 4.6.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

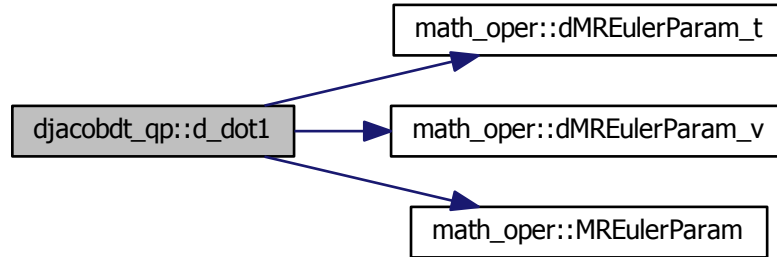
4.6.2.1 subroutine `djacobdt_qp::d_dot1` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul1`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v` )

$\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a dot-1 constraint.

#### Parameters

<code>ir</code>	index of the constraint
<code>iEul1,iEul2</code>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<code>u</code>	vector in the first body given in the body reference frame
<code>v</code>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.6.2.2 subroutine `d_jacobdt_qp::d_dot1GB` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v` )

$\Phi_q \dot{q}$  of a dot-1 constraint attached on the ground

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the body.
<i>u</i>	vector attached on the ground
<i>v</i>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



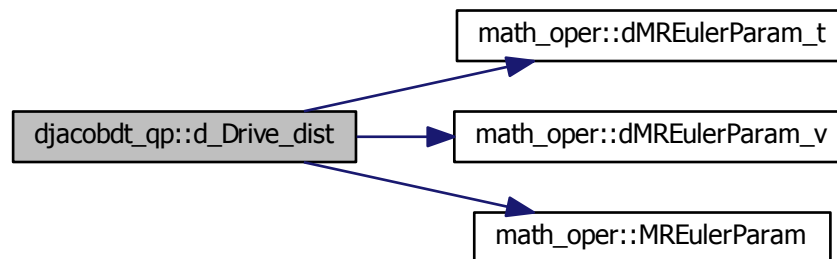
4.6.2.3 subroutine djacobdt\_qp::d\_Drive\_dist ( INTEGER,intent(in) *ir*,  
 INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg1*, INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*,  
 INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*,  
 REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1\_loc*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2\_loc*,  
 INTEGER,intent(in) *i\_MOTOR* )

$\Phi_{\mathbf{q}}\dot{\mathbf{q}}$  for a distance between two points of two bodies.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint.
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1_loc</i>	point in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2_loc</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.6.2.4 subroutine djacobdt\_qp::d\_Drive\_distGB ( INTEGER,intent(in) *ir*,  
 INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*,  
 REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2\_loc*,  
 INTEGER,intent(in) *i\_MOTOR* )

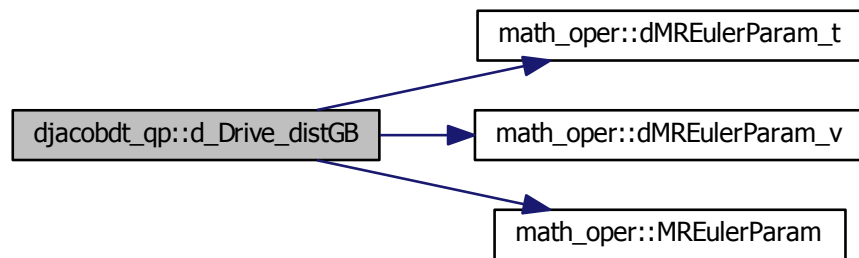
$\Phi_{\mathbf{q}}\dot{\mathbf{q}}$  for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint.
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body.
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameters of the body.

<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground given in the global reference frame
<i>pt2_loc</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.

Here is the call graph for this function:



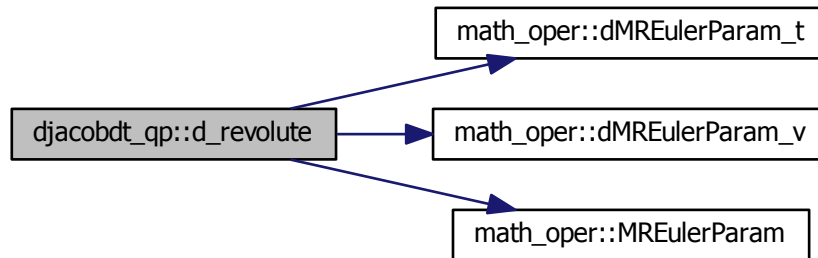
4.6.2.5 subroutine `d_jacobdt_qp::d_revolute` ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in),optional *irg1*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in),optional *irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *u1*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *v1*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2* )

$\Phi_{\dot{q}}$  of a revolute joint between two bodies

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1,pt2</i>	points given in the bodies reference frames
<i>u1,v1</i>	perpendicular vectors in the first body
<i>vec2</i>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.6.2.6 subroutine `djacobdt_qp::d_revoluteGB` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`,  
`integer,dimension(3),intent(in),optional irg2`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in)`  
`iEul2`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in),optional pt1`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in)`  
`pt2`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u1`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v1`,  
`real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2` )

$\Phi_q \dot{q}$  of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground

#### Parameters

<code>ir</code>	index of the constraint
<code>irg2</code>	index of the center of mass of the body
<code>iEul2</code>	index of the Euler parameters of the body
<code>pt1</code>	point in the ground
<code>pt2</code>	point in the body given in the body reference frame
<code>u1,u2</code>	perpendicular vectors in the ground
<code>vec2</code>	vector in the body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.6.2.7 subroutine `djacobdt_qp::d_spherical` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`,  
`integer,dimension(3),intent(in),optional irg1`, `integer,dimension(3),intent(in),optional`  
`irg2`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul1`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`,  
`real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2` )

$\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a spherical joint between two bodies

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1,pt2</i>	points given in the bodies reference frames

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.6.2.8 subroutine `djacobdt_qp::d_sphericalGB` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`,  
`integer,dimension(3),intent(in),optional irg2`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`,  
`real(8),dimension(3),intent(in),optional pt1`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2` )

$\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameters of the body
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground
<i>pt2</i>	point in the body given in the body reference frame



Here is the call graph for this function:



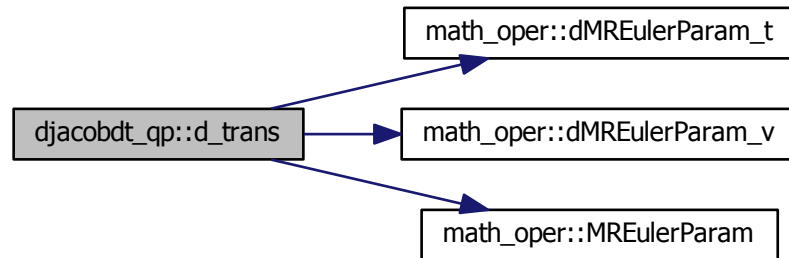
4.6.2.9 subroutine djacobdt\_qp::d\_trans ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg1*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1y*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2z* )

$\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a translational joint between two bodies

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1</i>	point given in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2</i>	point given in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec1y,vec1x</i>	perpendicular vectors in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec2x,vec2z</i>	perpendicular vectors in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



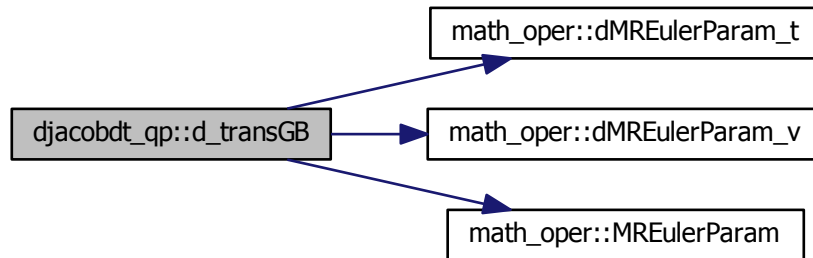
4.6.2.10 subroutine `d_jacobdt_qp::d_transGB` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`, `integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec1y`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec1x`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2x`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2z` )

$\Phi_q \dot{q}$  of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameter of the body.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground
<i>pt2</i>	point in the body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec1y,vec1x</i>	perpendicular vectors in the ground
<i>vec2x,vec2z</i>	perpendicular vectors in the body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.6.2.11 subroutine `djacobdt_qp::d_UnitEulParam` ( `integer,intent(in) ir,`  
`integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul` )

$\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$ , which is the derivative of jacobian with respect to time multiplies the velocity vector  $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of unitary Euler parameters

#### Parameters

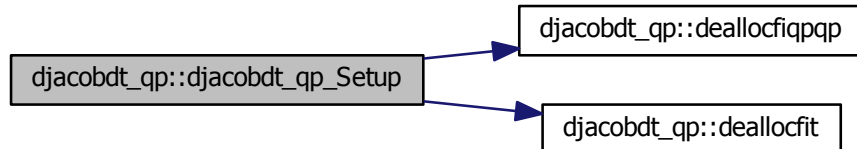
<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>iEul</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters

4.6.2.12 subroutine `djacobdt_qp::deallocfiqpqp` ( )

4.6.2.13 subroutine `djacobdt_qp::deallocfit` ( )

4.6.2.14 subroutine `djacobdt_qp::djacobdt_qp_Setup ( )`

Here is the call graph for this function:

4.6.2.15 subroutine `djacobdt_qp::dt_Drive_dist ( INTEGER,intent(in) ir, INTEGER,intent(in) i_MOTOR )`

$\Phi_q \dot{q}$  for a distance.

**Parameters**

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint.
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.

4.6.2.16 subroutine `djacobdt_qp::dt_Drive_rgEul ( INTEGER,intent(in) ir, INTEGER,intent(in) ind, INTEGER,intent(in) i_MOTOR )`

$\Phi_q \dot{q}$  for a generalized coordinate of the system.

**Parameters**

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>ind</i>	index of the driven generalized coordinate. It is not necessary here, but it is kept for compatibility of the interfaces (less easy to make mistakes)
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.

4.6.2.17 subroutine `djacobdt_qp::dtp_Drive_dist ( INTEGER,intent(in) ir, INTEGER,intent(in) i_MOTOR )`

$\Phi_q \dot{q}$  for a distance.

**Parameters**

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint.
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.

4.6.2.18 subroutine `djacobdt_qp::dtp_Drive_rgEul` ( `INTEGER,intent(in) ir`, `INTEGER,intent(in) ind`, `INTEGER,intent(in) i_MOTOR` )

$\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  for a generalized coordinate of the system.

**Parameters**

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>ind</i>	index of the driven generalized coordinate. It is not necessary here, but it is kept for compatibility of the interfaces (less easy to make mistakes)
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.

**4.6.3 Variable Documentation**

4.6.3.1 `REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable djacobdt_qp::fiqqqp`

4.6.3.2 `REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable djacobdt_qp::fit`

4.6.3.3 `REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable djacobdt_qp::fitp`

4.6.3.4 `REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable djacobdt_qp::PROTECTED`

**4.7 forces Module Reference****Functions/Subroutines**

- subroutine `force` (t, n, F, p, Q)  
*Function to get the generalized force of one body when torque, force and Euler parameters of this body are given.*
- subroutine `TSDA` (t, body1, body2, pt1, pt2, s0, k, c, Q1, Q2)  
*Function to get the generalized forces of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.*
- subroutine `TSDA_q` (t, body1, body2, pt1, pt2, s0, k, c, Q1, Q2)  
*Function to get the generalized stiffness of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.*
- subroutine `TSDA_qp` (t, body1, body2, pt1, pt2, s0, k, c, Q1, Q2)  
*Function to get the generalized damping of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.*
- subroutine `TSDA` (r1, r2, r1p, r2p, s0, k, c, F1, F2)  
*Function to get the primitive forces of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.*

- subroutine `TSDA_q` (r1, r2, r1p, r2p, s0, k, c, df1dr1, df1dr2, df2dr1, df2dr2)  
*Function to get the primitive stiffness of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.*
- subroutine `TSDA_qp` (r1, r2, c, df1dr1p, df1dr2p, df2dr1p, df2dr2p)  
*Function to get the primitive damping of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.*

#### 4.7.1 Function/Subroutine Documentation

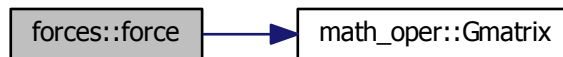
4.7.1.1 subroutine `forces::force` ( `REAL(8)` *t*, `REAL(8),dimension(3)` *n*, `REAL(8),dimension(3)` *F*, `REAL(8),dimension(4)` *p*, `REAL(8),dimension(7)` *Q* )

Function to get the generalized force of one body when torque, force and Euler parameters of this body are given.

##### Parameters

<i>t</i>	time.
<i>n</i>	torque act on the given body.
<i>F</i>	force act on the given body.
<i>P</i>	Euler parameters of the given body.
<i>Q</i>	Euler parameters of the given body.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.7.1.2 subroutine `forces::TSDA` ( `real(8),intent(in)` *t*, `integer,intent(in)` *body1*, `integer,intent(in)` *body2*, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in)` *pt1*, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in)` *pt2*, `real(8),intent(in)` *s0*, `real(8),intent(in)` *k*, `real(8),intent(in)` *c*, `real(8),dimension(7),intent(out)` *Q1*, `real(8),dimension(7),intent(out)` *Q2* )

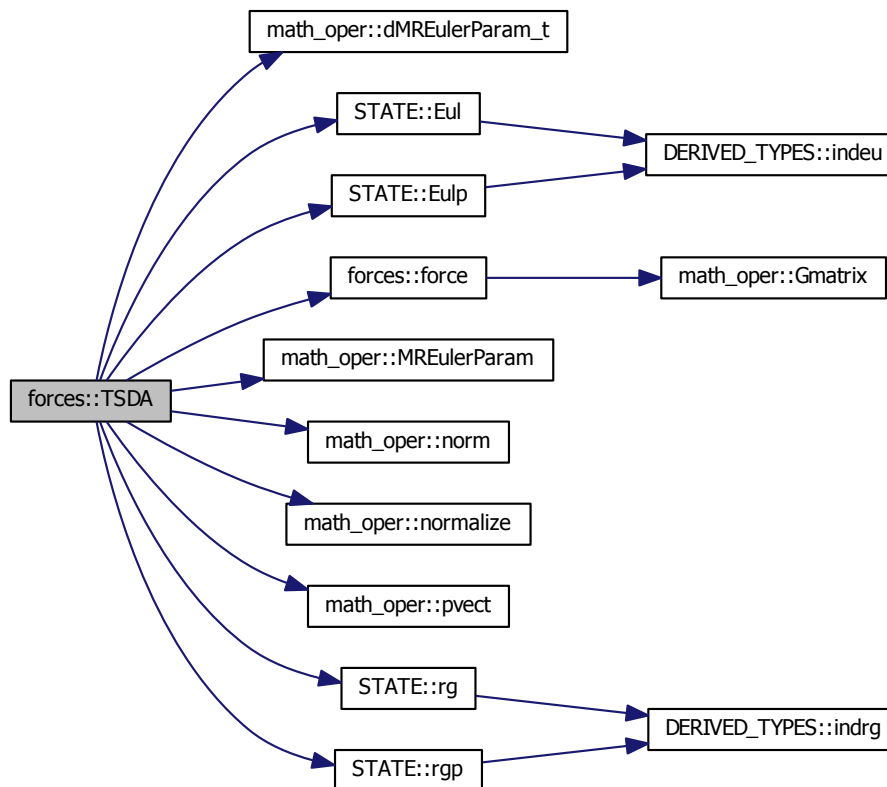
Function to get the generalized forces of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.

##### Parameters

<i>t</i>	time.
<i>body1</i>	the first body involved.

<i>body2</i>	the second body involved.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>s0</i>	the unstreched length of the spring
<i>k</i>	the stiffness of the spring
<i>c</i>	the damping ratio of the damper
<i>Q1</i>	return the generalized force acting on the first body
<i>Q2</i>	return the generalized force acting on the second body

Here is the call graph for this function:



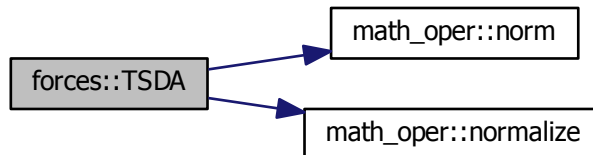
4.7.1.3 subroutine `forces::TSDA` ( `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) r1`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) r2`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in)`  
`r1p`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) r2p`, `REAL(8),intent(in) s0`,  
`REAL(8),intent(in) k`, `REAL(8),intent(in) c`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(out) F1`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(out) F2` )

Function to get the primitive forces of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.

#### Parameters

<code>t</code>	time.
<code>body1</code>	the first body involved.
<code>body2</code>	the second body involved.
<code>pt1</code>	point in the first body given in the body reference frame
<code>pt2</code>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<code>s0</code>	the unstretched length of the spring
<code>k</code>	the stiffness of the spring
<code>c</code>	the damping ratio of the damper
<code>F1</code>	return the primitive force acting on the first body
<code>F2</code>	return the primitive force acting on the second body

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.7.1.4 subroutine `forces::TSDA_q` ( `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) r1`,  
`real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) r2`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) r1p`,  
`real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) r2p`, `real(8),intent(in) s0`, `real(8),intent(in)`  
`k`, `real(8),intent(in) c`, `real(8),dimension(3,3),intent(out) df1dr1`,  
`real(8),dimension(3,3),intent(out) df1dr2`, `real(8),dimension(3,3),intent(out) df2dr1`,  
`real(8),dimension(3,3),intent(out) df2dr2` )

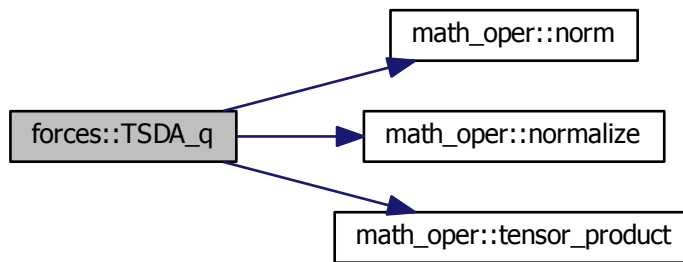
Function to get the primitive stiffness of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.



**Parameters**

<i>t</i>	time.
<i>body1</i>	the first body involved.
<i>body2</i>	the second body involved.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>s0</i>	the unstretched length of the spring
<i>k</i>	the stiffness of the spring
<i>c</i>	the damping ratio of the damper
<i>df1dr1,df1dr2</i>	return the primitive stiffness acting on the first body
<i>df2dr1,df2dr2</i>	return the primitive stiffness acting on the second body

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.7.1.5 subroutine `forces::TSDA_q` ( `real(8),intent(in) t`, `integer,intent(in) body1`, `integer,intent(in) body2`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2`, `real(8),intent(in) s0`, `real(8),intent(in) k`, `real(8),intent(in) c`, `real(8),dimension(7,7),intent(out) Q1`, `real(8),dimension(7,7),intent(out) Q2` )

Function to get the generalized stiffness of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.

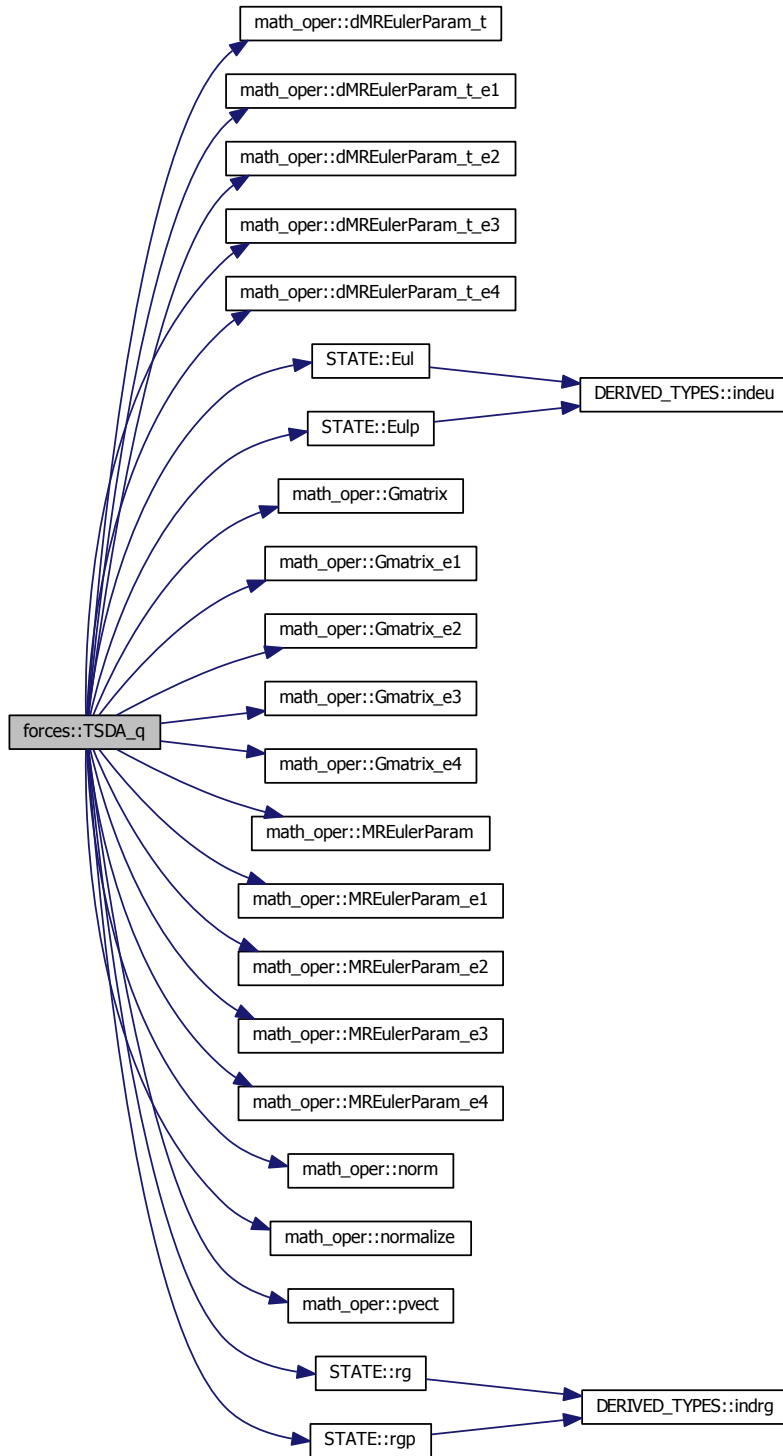
**Parameters**

<i>t</i>	time.
<i>body1</i>	the first body involved.
<i>body2</i>	the second body involved.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame

---

$s_0$	the unstretched length of the spring
$k$	the stiffness of the spring
$c$	the damping ratio of the damper
$Q_1$	return the generalized stiffness acting on the first body
$Q_2$	return the generalized stiffness acting on the second body

Here is the call graph for this function:



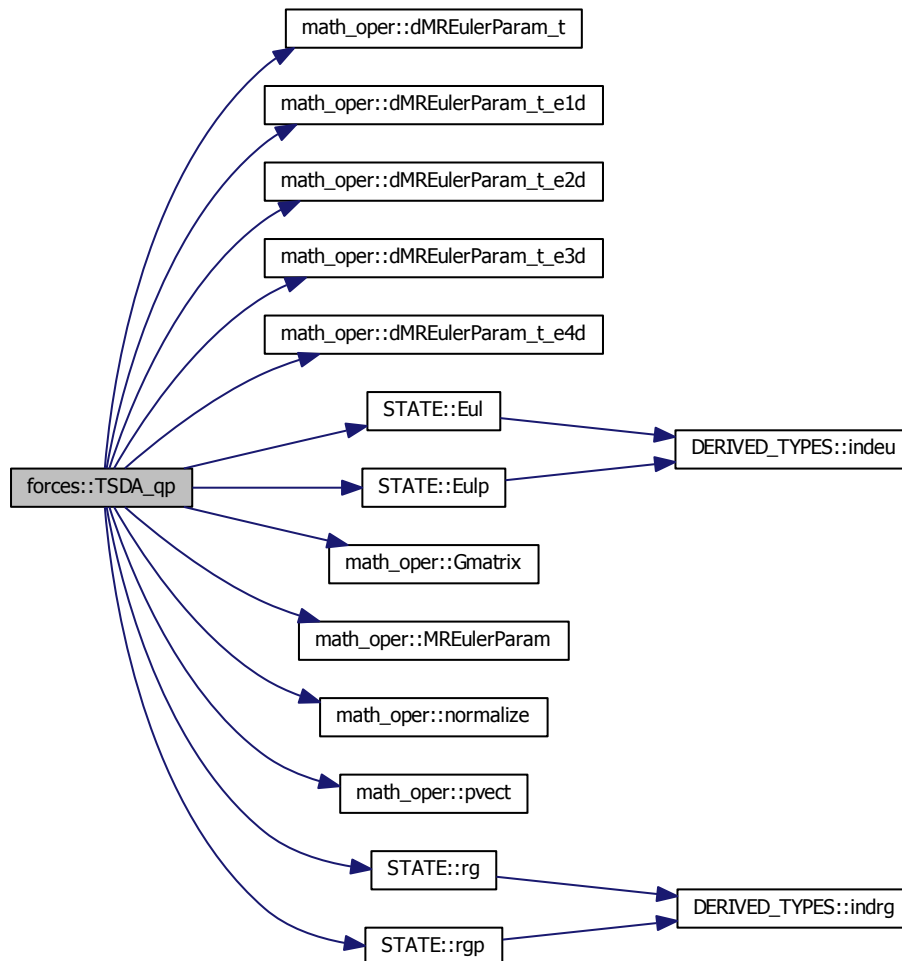
4.7.1.6 subroutine `forces::TSDA_qp` ( `real(8),intent(in) t`, `integer,intent(in) body1`,  
`integer,intent(in) body2`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in)`  
`pt2`, `real(8),intent(in) s0`, `real(8),intent(in) k`, `real(8),intent(in) c`,  
`real(8),dimension(7,7),intent(out) Q1`, `real(8),dimension(7,7),intent(out) Q2` )

Function to get the generalized damping of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.

#### Parameters

<code>t</code>	time.
<code>body1</code>	the first body involved.
<code>body2</code>	the second body involved.
<code>pt1</code>	point in the first body given in the body reference frame
<code>pt2</code>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<code>s0</code>	the unstretched length of the spring
<code>k</code>	the stiffness of the spring
<code>c</code>	the damping ratio of the damper
<code>Q1</code>	return the generalized damping acting on the first body
<code>Q2</code>	return the generalized damping acting on the second body

Here is the call graph for this function:



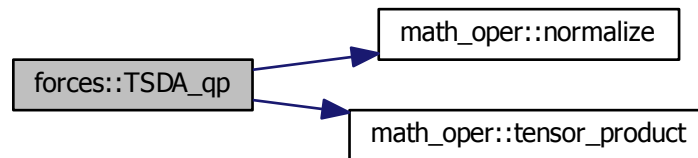
4.7.1.7 subroutine `forces::TSDA_qp` ( `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) r1`,  
`real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) r2`, `real(8),intent(in) c`, `real(8),dimension(3,3),intent(out)`  
`df1dr1p`, `real(8),dimension(3,3),intent(out) df1dr2p`, `real(8),dimension(3,3),intent(out)`  
`df2dr1p`, `real(8),dimension(3,3),intent(out) df2dr2p` )

Function to get the primitive damping of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.

**Parameters**

<i>t</i>	time.
<i>body1</i>	the first body involved.
<i>body2</i>	the second body involved.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>s0</i>	the unstretched length of the spring
<i>k</i>	the stiffness of the spring
<i>c</i>	the damping ratio of the damper
<i>df1dr1p,df1dr2</i>	return the primitive damping acting on the first body
<i>df2dr1p,df2dr2</i>	return the primitive damping acting on the second body

Here is the call graph for this function:



## 4.8 formulation\_Dynamics Module Reference

Dynamic simulation module.

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [Acceleration\\_penalty](#) (t)  
*Subrutine that solves the equations of motion for the acceleration using penalty (Partially taken from MBSLIM)*
- subroutine [Penalty\\_fun](#) (NVAR, t, y, yp)
- subroutine [Penalty\\_Tang](#) (N, T, Y, Fy)

#### 4.8.1 Detailed Description

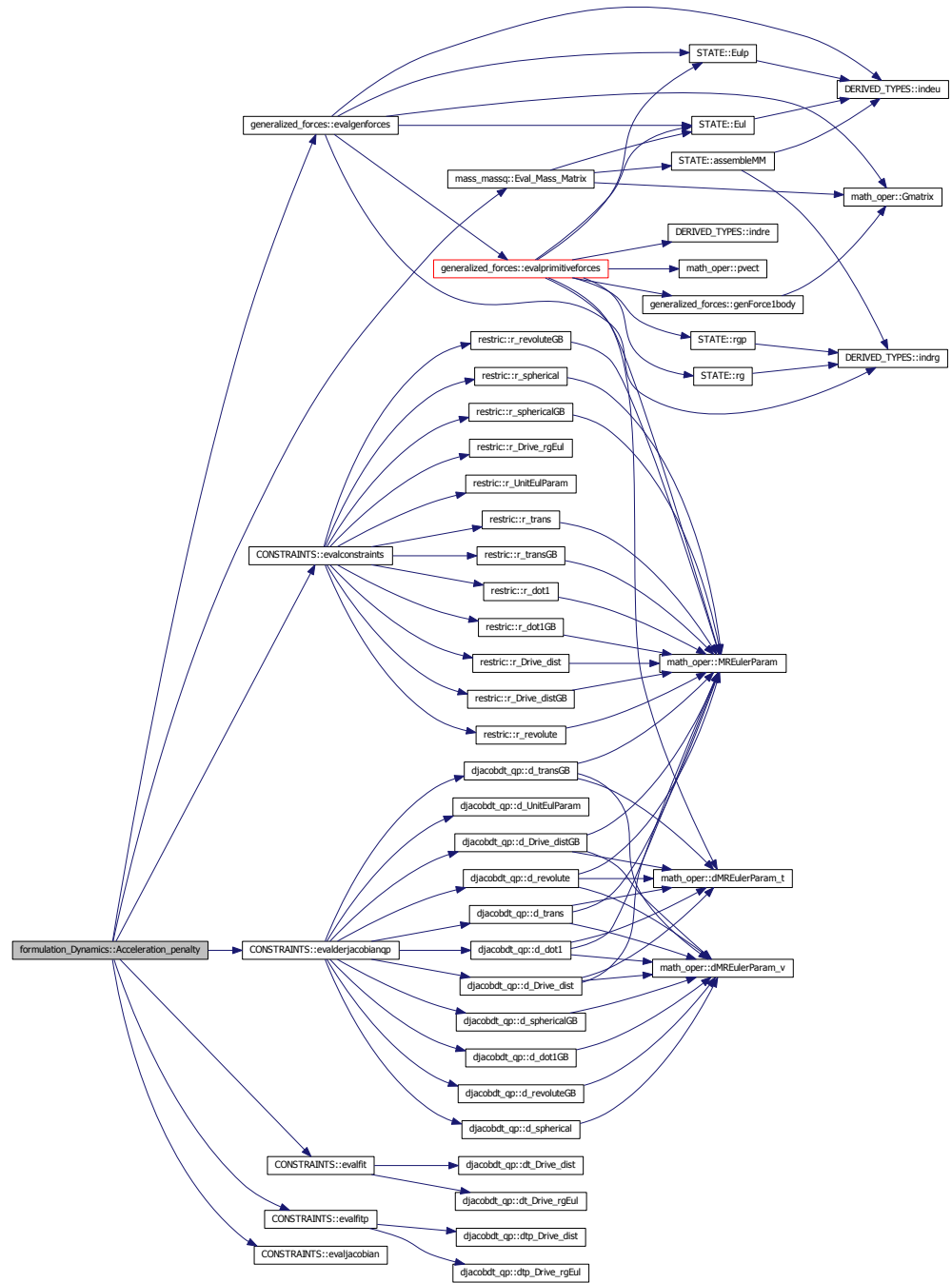
Dynamic simulation module.

## 4.8.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

### 4.8.2.1 subroutine formulation\_Dynamics::Acceleration\_penalty ( REAL(8),intent(in) t )

Subrutine that solves the equations of motion for the acceleration using penalty (Partially taken from MBSLIM)

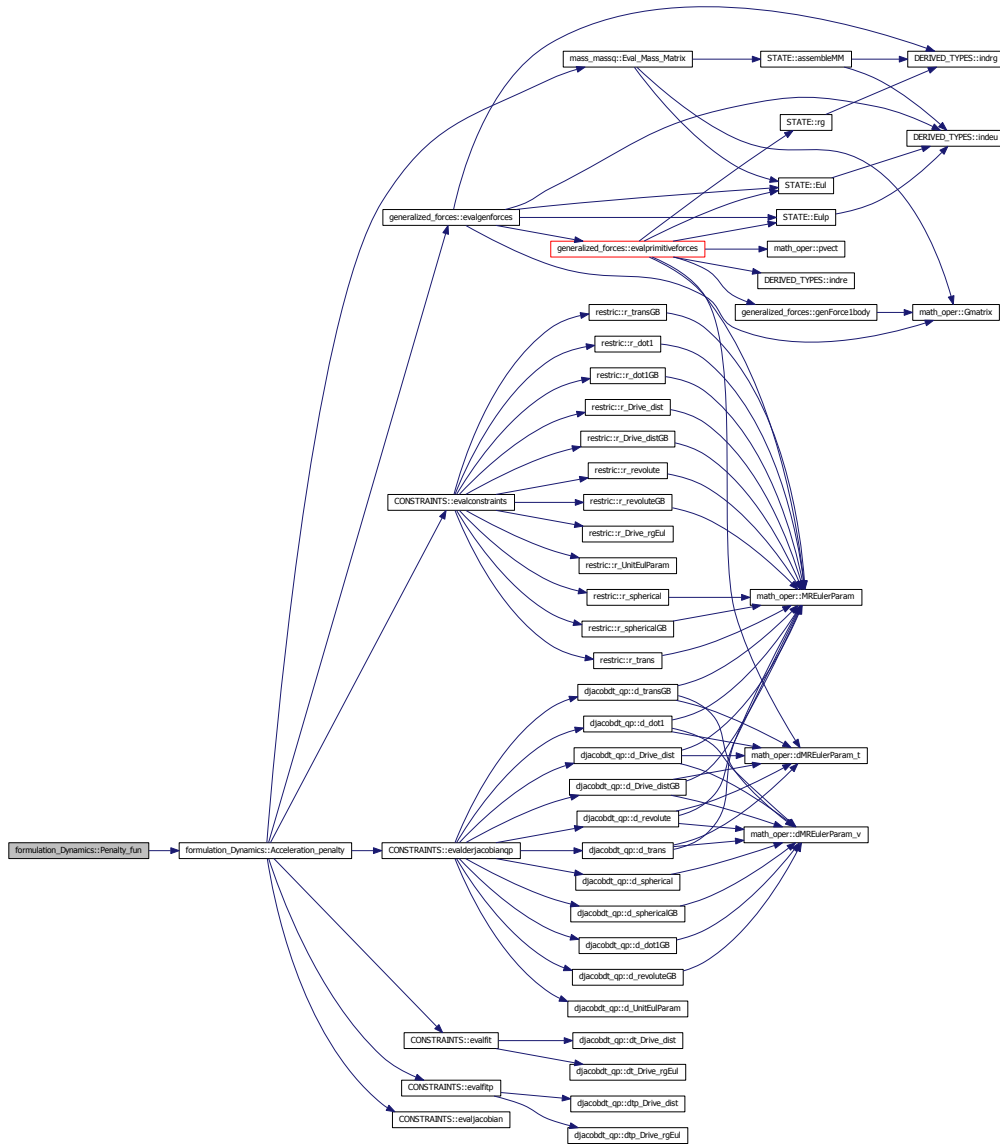
Here is the call graph for this function:





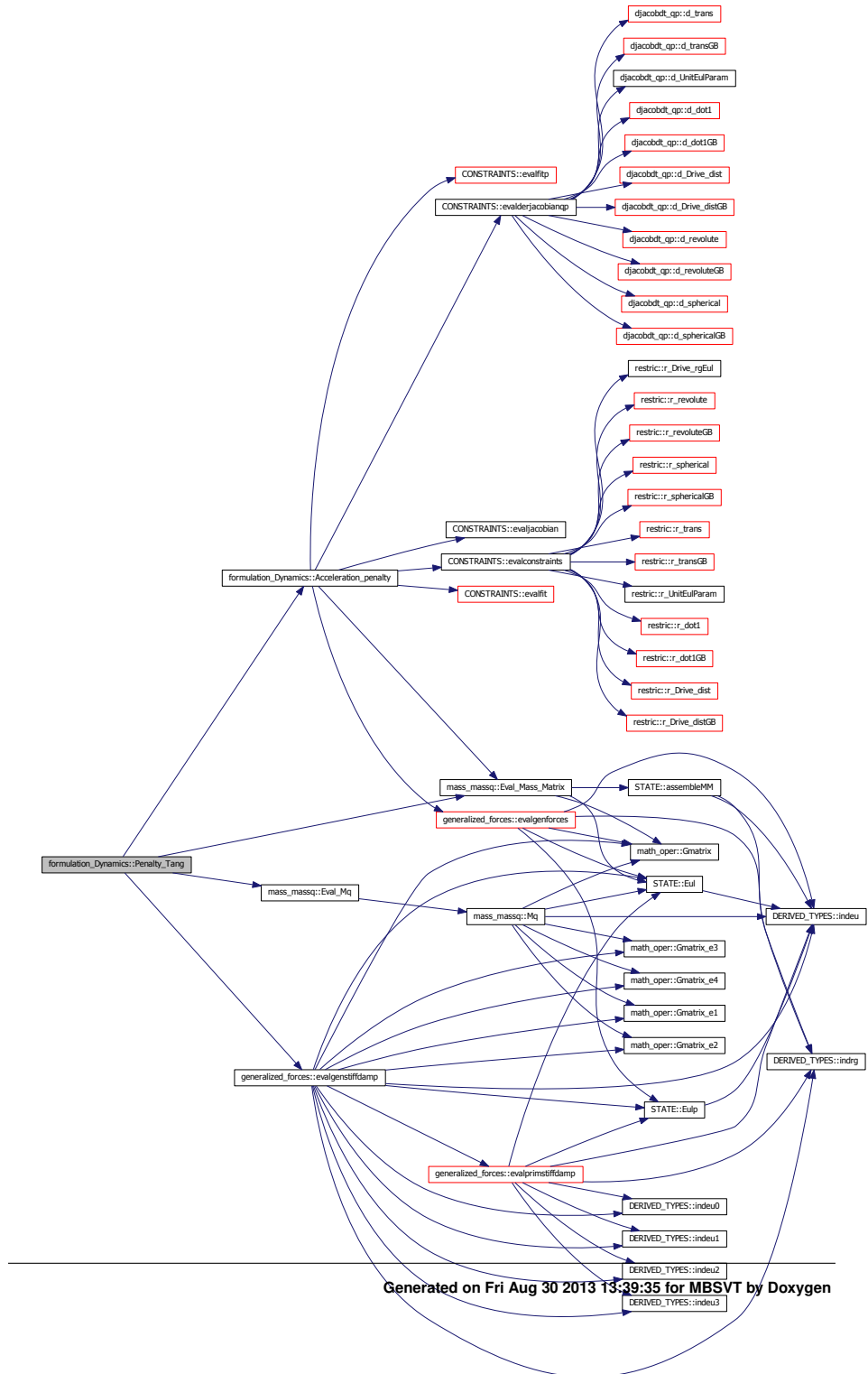
4.8.2.2 subroutine formulation\_Dynamics::Penalty\_fun ( INTEGER,intent(in) NVAR,  
 REAL(8),intent(in) t, REAL(8),dimension(nvar) y, REAL(8),dimension(nvar) yp )

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.8.2.3 subroutine `formulation_Dynamics::Penalty_Tang` ( integer,intent(in) *N*, DOUBLE PRECISION,intent(in) *T*, DOUBLE PRECISION,dimension(n),intent(in) *Y*, DOUBLE PRECISION,dimension(n,n),intent(out) *Fy* )

Here is the call graph for this function:



## 4.9 formulation\_Kinematics Module Reference

Kinematic simulation module.

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [position\\_kinematics](#) (C, name)

*Solves the position problem in terms of the degrees of freedom of the system (Partially taken from MBSLIM)*

- subroutine [velocity\\_kinematics](#) (C, name)

*Solves the velocity problem in terms of the degrees of freedom of the system (Partially taken from MBSLIM)*

- subroutine [acceleration\\_kinematics](#) (C, name)

*Solves the acceleration problem in terms of the degrees of freedom of the system (Partially taken from MBSLIM)*

### 4.9.1 Detailed Description

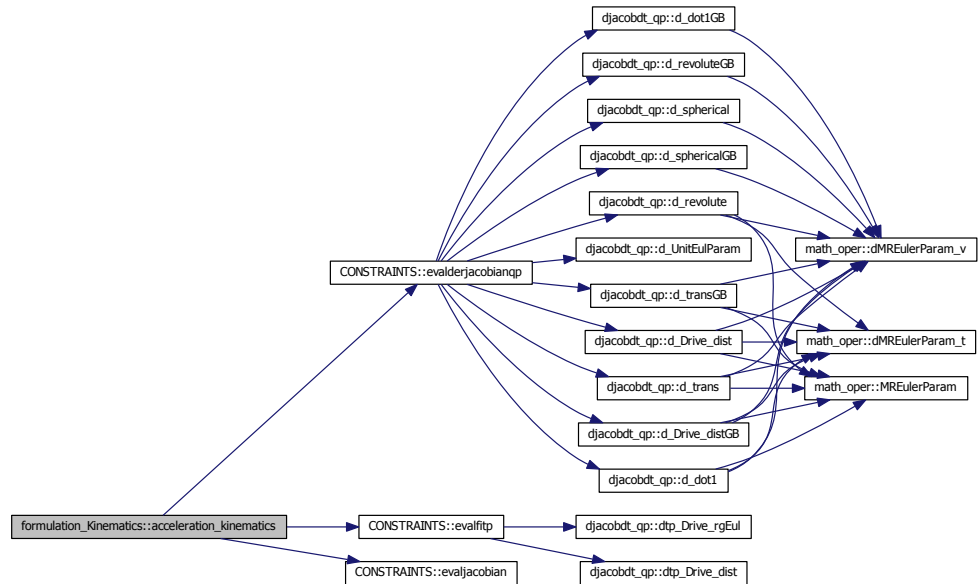
Kinematic simulation module.

### 4.9.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

#### 4.9.2.1 subroutine formulation\_Kinematics::acceleration\_kinematics ( BIND, C, name )

Solves the acceleration problem in terms of the degrees of freedom of the system (Partially taken from MBSLIM)

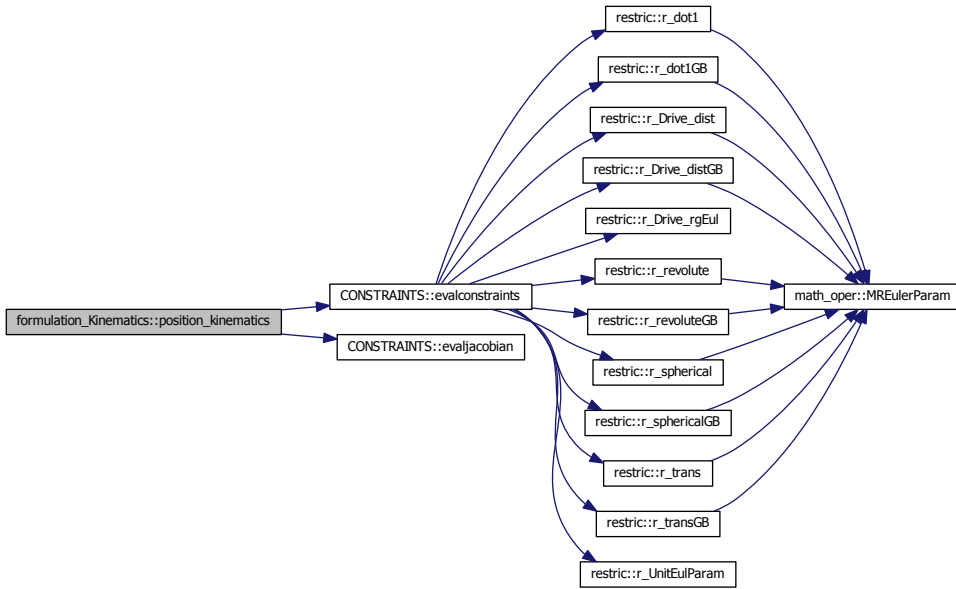
Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.9.2.2 subroutine `formulation_Kinematics::position_kinematics ( BIND, C, name )`

Solves the position problem in terms of the degrees of freedom of the system (Partially taken from MBSLIM)

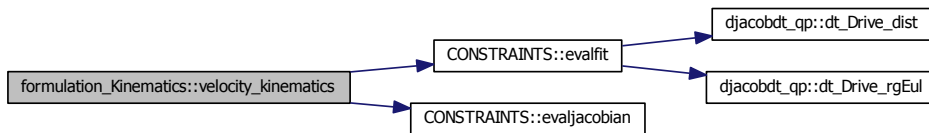
Here is the call graph for this function:



4.9.2.3 subroutine `formulation_Kinematics::velocity_kinematics ( BIND, C, name )`

Solves the velocity problem in terms of the degrees of freedom of the system (Partially taken from MBSLIM)

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.10 formulation\_Sensitivity Module Reference

Sensitivity analysis module.

## Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [Penalty\\_Jacp](#) (N, NP, T, Y, FPJAC)

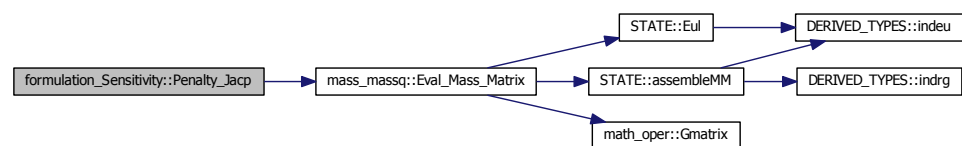
### 4.10.1 Detailed Description

Sensitivity analysis module.

### 4.10.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

4.10.2.1 subroutine `formulation_Sensitivity::Penalty_Jacp` ( integer *N*, integer *NP*, DOUBLE PRECISION *T*, DOUBLE PRECISION,dimension(n) *Y*, DOUBLE PRECISION,dimension(n,np) *FPJAC* )

Here is the call graph for this function:



## 4.11 formulations Module Reference

Module of generic formulations. Contains the generic functions that manage the use of different formulations.

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [acceleration\\_dynamics](#) (t)
  - Generic subroutine for the acceleration calculation.*
- subroutine [integration\\_dynamics](#) (TIN, TOUT, RTOL, ATOL, POSTSTEP)
  - Generic subroutine for the integration of the equations of motion.*
- subroutine [integration\\_sensitivity](#) (NP, NADJ, NNZERO, VAR, Lambda, TIN, TOUT, ATOL\_adj, RTOL\_adj, ATOL, RTOL, Mu, objval)
  - Generic subroutine for the integration of the equations of motion.*
- subroutine [Model\\_Setup](#)
  - Generic subroutine to set up the models.*

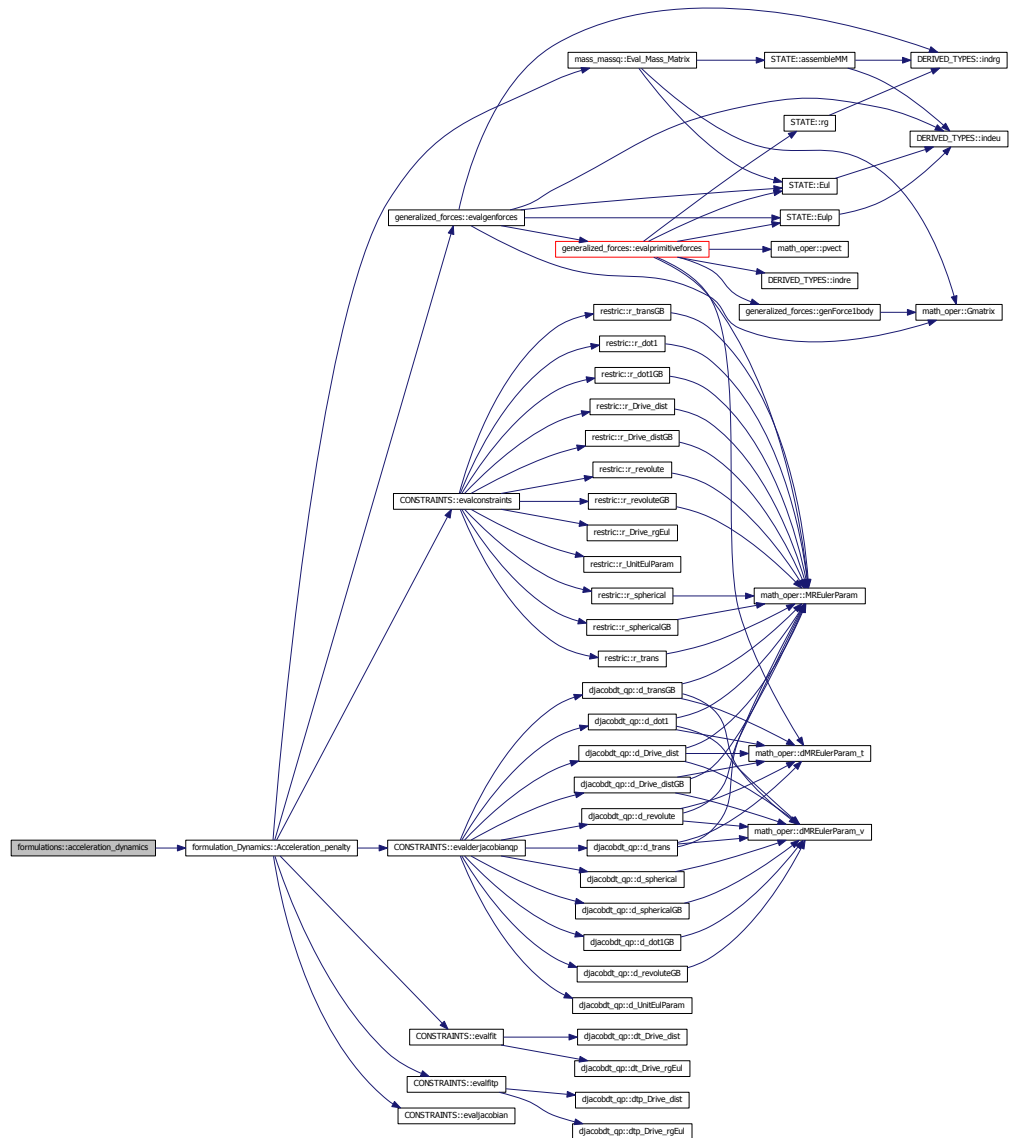
**4.11.1 Detailed Description**

Module of generic formulations. Contains the generic functions that manage the use of different formulations.

**4.11.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation****4.11.2.1 subroutine formulations::acceleration\_dynamics ( REAL(C\_DOUBLE),intent(in) t )**

Generic subroutine for the acceleration calculation.

Here is the call graph for this function:

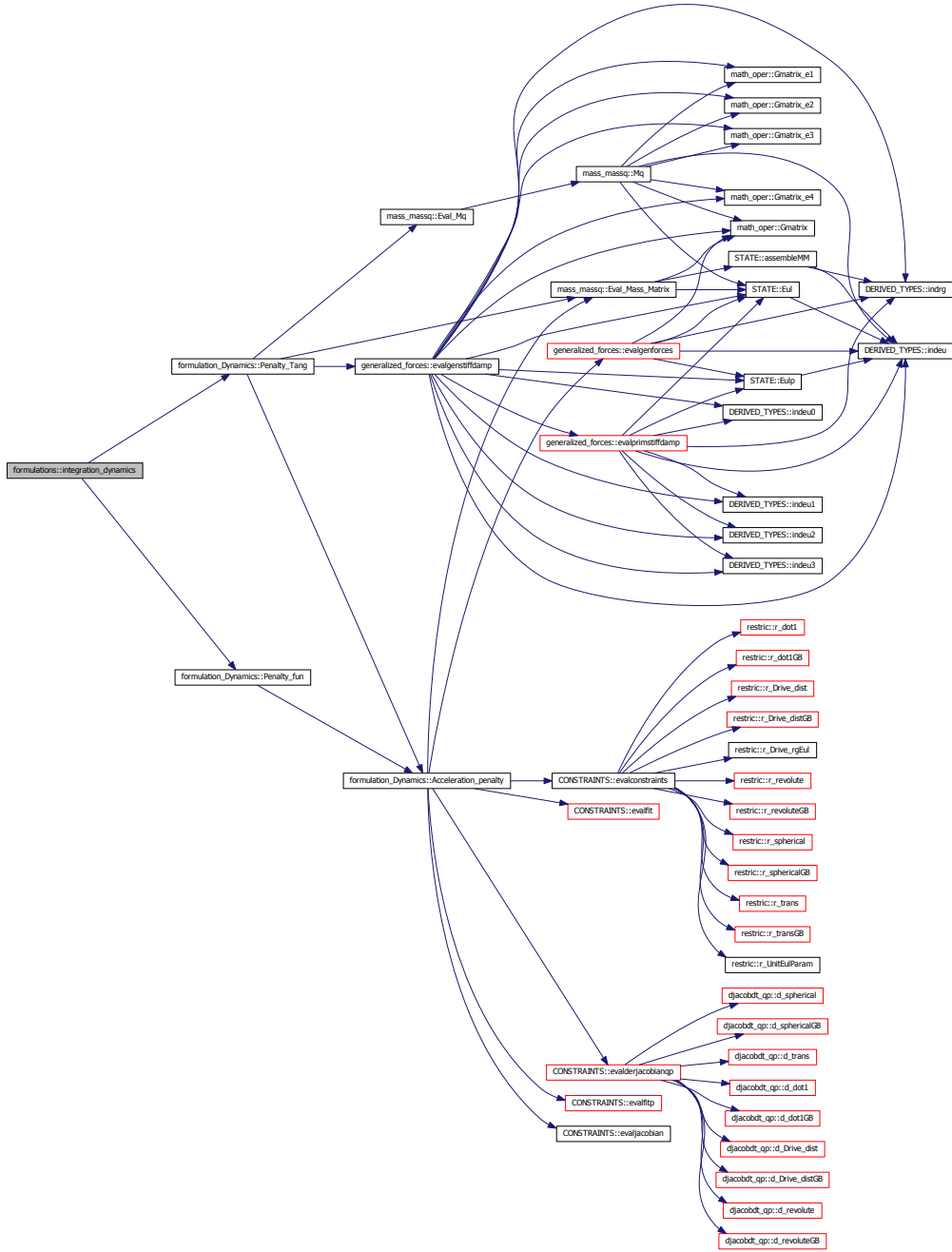


4.11.2.2 subroutine `formulations::integration_dynamics` ( `REAL(8),intent(in) TIN`,  
`REAL(8),intent(in) TOUT`, `REAL(8),dimension(2*dim),intent(in) RTOL`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(2*dim),intent(in) ATOL`, ,optional,external `POSTSTEP` )

Generic subroutine for the integration of the equations of motion.



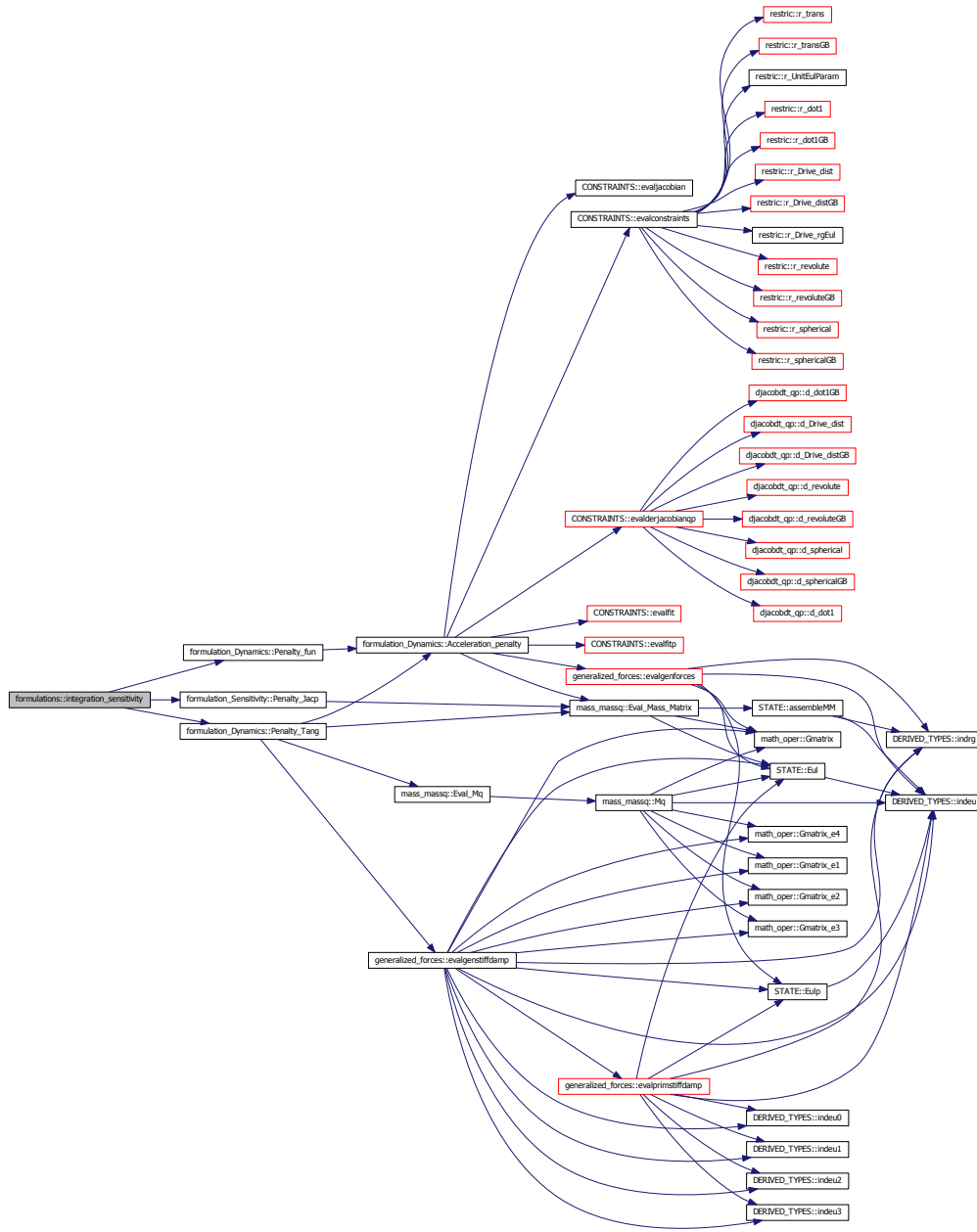
Here is the call graph for this function:



4.11.2.3 subroutine formulations::integration\_sensitivity ( integer *NP*, integer *NADJ*, integer *NNZERO*, real(8),dimension(2\*dim) *VAR*, real(8),dimension(2\*dim,nadj) *Lambda*, real(8) *TIN*, real(8) *TOUT*, real(8),dimension(2\*dim,nadj) *ATOL\_adj*, real(8),dimension(2\*dim,nadj) *RTOL\_adj*, real(8),dimension(2\*dim) *ATOL*, real(8),dimension(2\*dim) *RTOL*, real(8),dimension(np,nadj) *Mu*, real(8),dimension(nadj) *objval* )

Generic subroutine for the integration of the equations of motion.

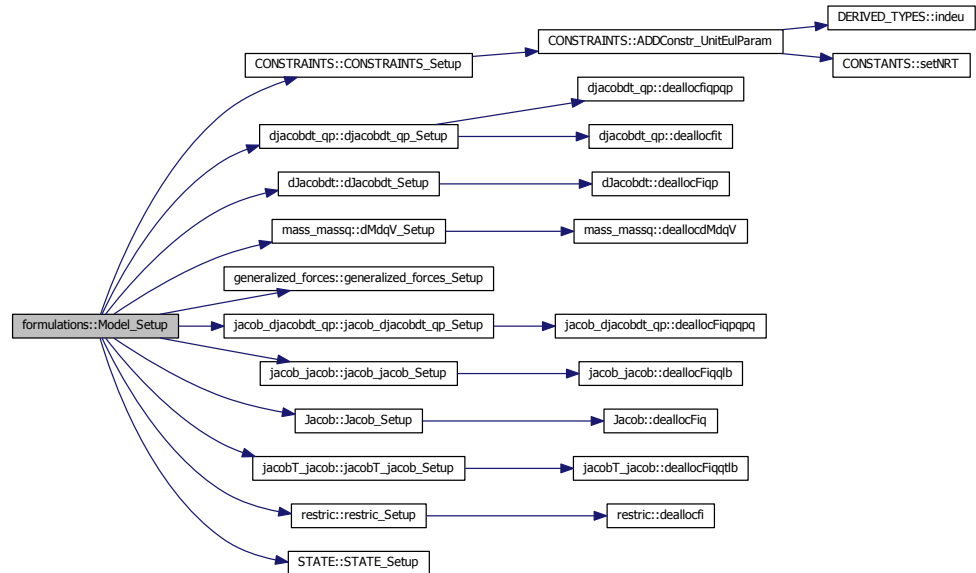
Here is the call graph for this function:



4.11.2.4 subroutine formulations::Model\_Setup ( )

Generic subroutine to set up the models.

Here is the call graph for this function:



## 4.12 generalized\_forces Module Reference

Generalized forces module.

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine, public [ADDforce\\_TSDA](#) (body1, body2, pt1, pt2, k, c, s0)
- subroutine, public [evalgenforces](#) (t)
 

*Subroutine to evaluate the generalized forces of the system.*
- subroutine, public [evalgenstiffdamp](#) (t)
 

*Subroutine to evaluate the generalized stiffness and damping of the system.*
- subroutine [evalprimitiveforces](#) (t, Q\_Prim)
 

*Subroutine to evaluate the primitive forces of the system.*
- subroutine [evalprimstiffdamp](#) (t, K\_Prim, C\_Prim)
 

*Subroutine to evaluate the primitive stiffness and damping of the system.*
- subroutine [genForce1body](#) (n, F, p, Q)
 

*Subroutine to form the local generalized force over one body Function to get the generalized force of one body when torque, force and Euler parameters of this body are given.*
- subroutine, public [generalized\\_forces\\_Setup](#)

*Generalized forces module setup.*

## Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable, public [PROTECTED](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable, public [Qgen](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable, public [Kgen](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable, public [Cgen](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [Qgrav](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable [Kgrav](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable [Cgrav](#)
- INTEGER [nforce\\_TSDA](#) = 0
- TYPE([typeforce\\_TSDA](#)), dimension(:), allocatable [force\\_TSDA](#)

### 4.12.1 Detailed Description

Generalized forces module. This module:

- 1) Add forces to the model.

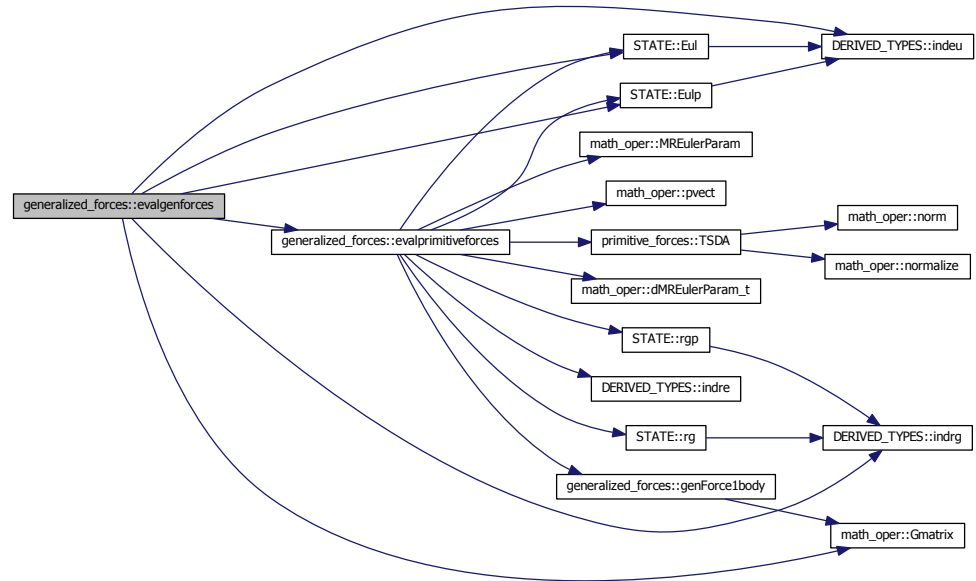
### 4.12.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

4.12.2.1 subroutine,public generalized\_forces::ADDforce\_TSDA ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body1*, INTEGER,intent(in) *body2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2*, REAL(8),intent(in) *k*, REAL(8),intent(in) *c*, REAL(8),intent(in) *s0* )

4.12.2.2 subroutine,public generalized\_forces::evalgenforces ( REAL(8),intent(in) *t* )

Subroutine to evaluate the generalized forces of the system.

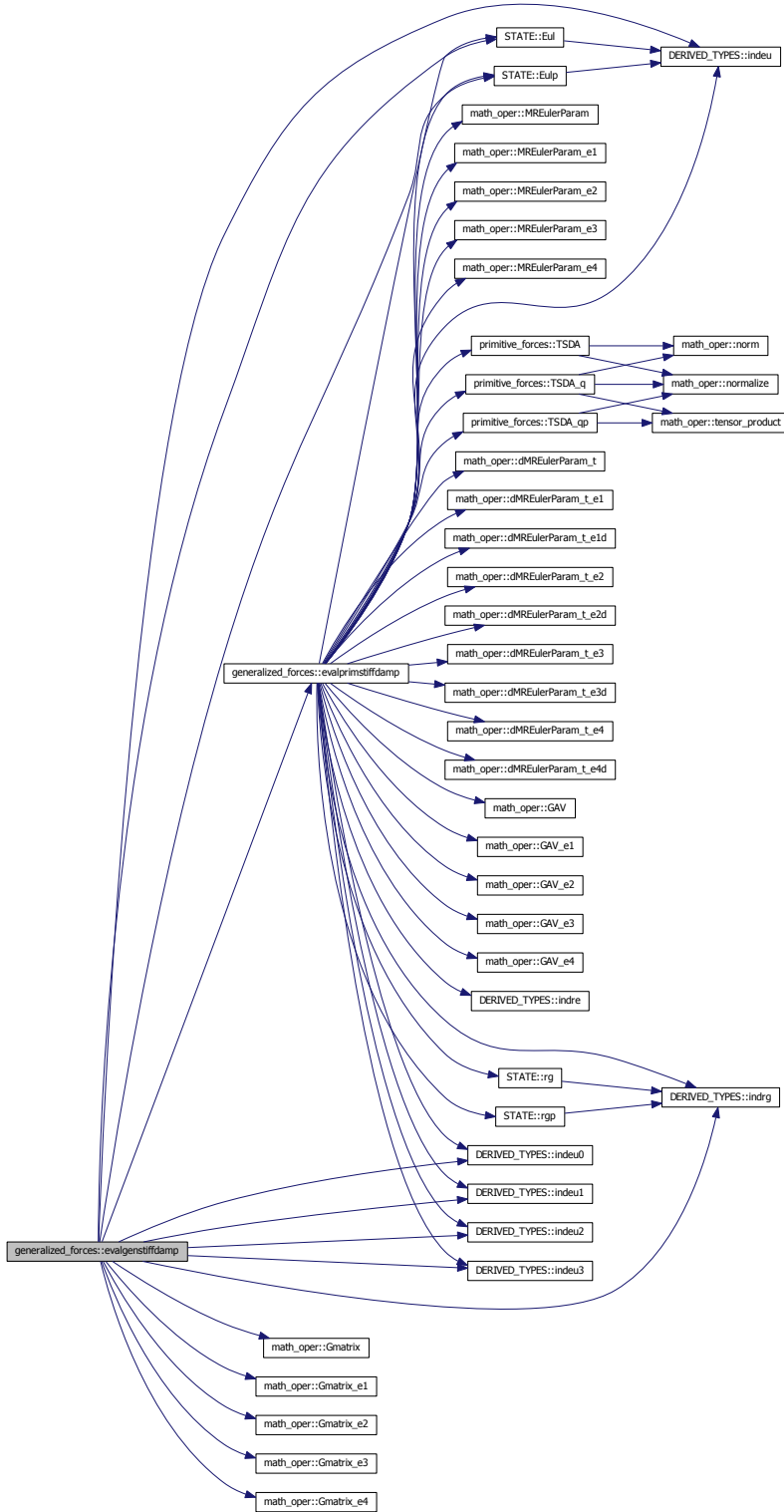
Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.12.2.3 subroutine,public generalized\_forces::evalgenstiffdamp ( REAL(8),intent(in) t )

Subroutine to evaluate the generalized stiffness and damping of the system.

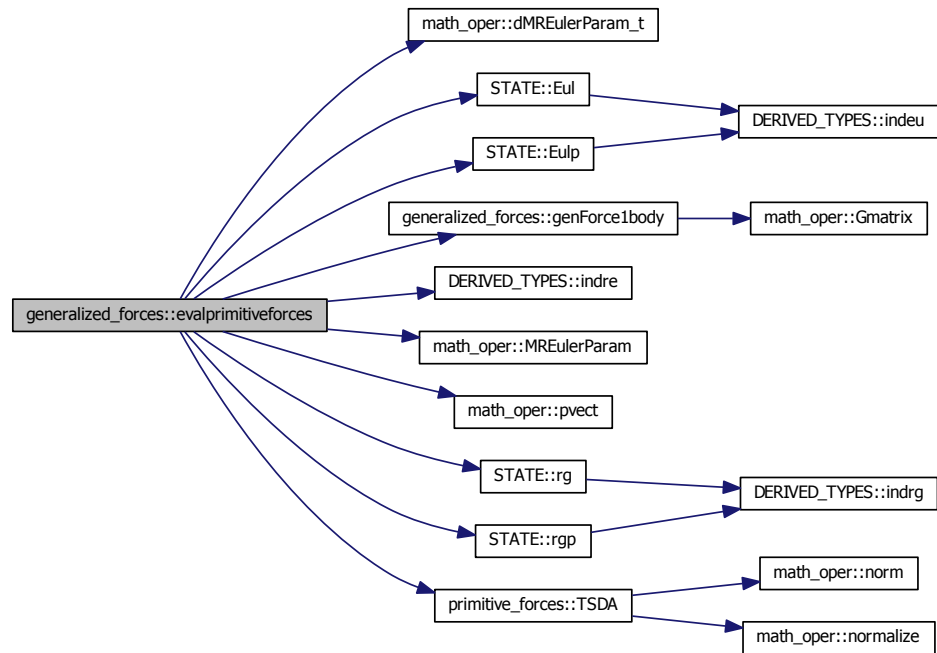
Here is the call graph for this function:



4.12.2.4 subroutine `generalized_forces::evalprimitiveforces` ( `REAL(8)`,`intent(in)`  $t$ ,  
`REAL(8)`,`dimension(dim)`,`intent(out)`  $Q\_Prim$  )

Subroutine to evaluate the primitive forces of the system.

Here is the call graph for this function:

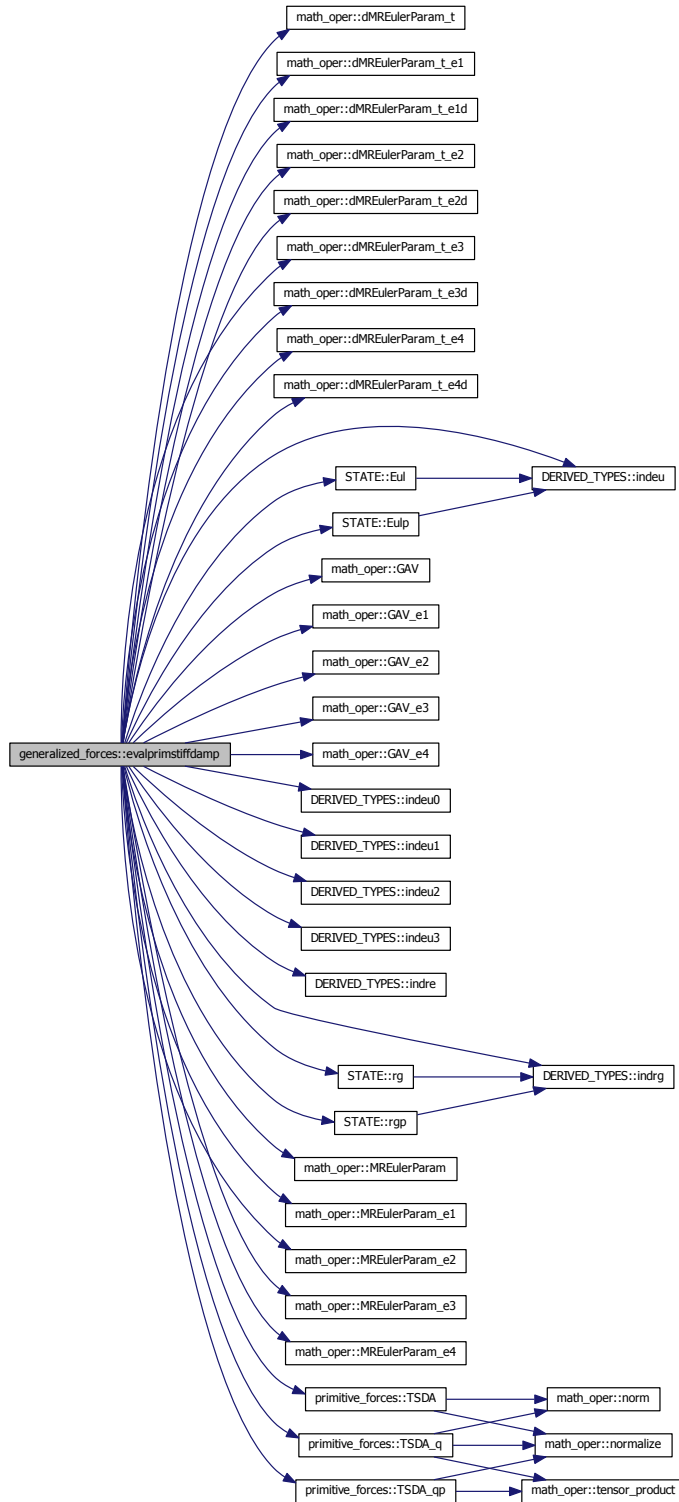


4.12.2.5 subroutine `generalized_forces::evalprimstiffdamp` ( `REAL(8)`,`intent(in)`  
 $t$ , `REAL(8)`,`dimension(dim,dim)`,`intent(out)`  $K\_Prim$ ,  
`REAL(8)`,`dimension(dim,dim)`,`intent(out)`  $C\_Prim$  )

Subroutine to evaluate the primitive stiffness and damping of the system.



Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.12.2.6 subroutine,public generalized\_forces::generalized\_forces\_Setup ( )

Generalized forces module setup.

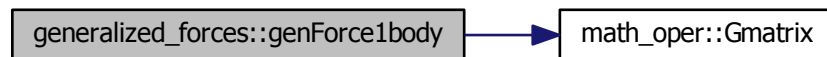
#### 4.12.2.7 subroutine generalized\_forces::genForce1body ( REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) $n$ , REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) $F$ , REAL(8),dimension(4),intent(in) $p$ , REAL(8),dimension(7),intent(out) $Q$ )

Subroutine to form the local generalized force over one body Function to get the generalized force of one body when torque, force and Euler parameters of this body are given.

#### Parameters

$t$	time.
$n$	torque act on the given body.
$F$	force act on the given body.
$P$	Euler parameters of the given body.
$Q$	Euler parameters of the given body.

Here is the call graph for this function:



### 4.12.3 Variable Documentation

4.12.3.1 REAL(8),dimension(:,:),allocatable,public generalized\_forces::Cgen

4.12.3.2 REAL(8),dimension(:,:),allocatable generalized\_forces::Cgrav

4.12.3.3 TYPE(typeforce\_TSDA),dimension(:),allocatable  
generalized\_forces::force\_TSDA

4.12.3.4 REAL(8),dimension(:,:),allocatable,public generalized\_forces::Kgen

4.12.3.5 REAL(8),dimension(:,:),allocatable generalized\_forces::Kgrav

4.12.3.6 INTEGER generalized\_forces::nforce\_TSDA = 0

4.12.3.7 REAL(8),dimension(:,:),allocatable,public generalized\_forces::PROTECTED

4.12.3.8 REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable,public generalized\_forces::Qgen

4.12.3.9 REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable generalized\_forces::Qgrav

## 4.13 Jacob Module Reference

Module of primitive jacobians. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [Jacob\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [deallocFq](#)
- subroutine [j\\_UnitEulParam](#) (ir, iEul)
 

*CC*  
*Primitive jacobian of unitary Euler parameters.*
- subroutine [j\\_dot1GB](#) (ir, iEul2, u, v)
 

*Primitive dot-1 jacobian of a body attached on the ground.*
- subroutine [j\\_dot1](#) (ir, iEul1, iEul2, u, v)
 

*Primitive dot-1 jacobian.*
- subroutine [j\\_sphericalGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2)
 

*Primitive jacobians of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground.*
- subroutine [j\\_spherical](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2)
 

*Primitive jacobians of a spherical joint between two bodies.*
- subroutine [j\\_revoluteGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)
 

*Primitive jacobians of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground.*
- subroutine [j\\_revolute](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)
 

*Primitive jacobians of a revolute joint between two bodies.*
- subroutine [j\\_transGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)
 

*Primitive jacobians of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground.*
- subroutine [j\\_trans](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)
 

*Primitive jacobians of a translational joint between two bodies.*
- subroutine [j\\_Drive\\_rgEul](#) (ir, ind, i\_MOTOR)
 

*Primitive driving jacobians for a generalized coordinate of the system.*
- subroutine [j\\_Drive\\_distGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)
 

*Primitive driving jacobians for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.*
- subroutine [j\\_Drive\\_dist](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1\_loc, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)
 

*Primitive driving constraints for a distance between two points of two bodies.*

## Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable [PROTECTED](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable [Fq](#)

### 4.13.1 Detailed Description

Module of primitive jacobians. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

### 4.13.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

4.13.2.1 subroutine `Jacob::deallocFq ( )`

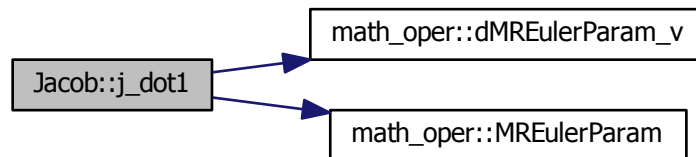
4.13.2.2 subroutine `Jacob::j_dot1 ( integer,intent(in) ir, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul1, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v )`

Primitive dot-1 jacobian.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>u</i>	vector in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>v</i>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.13.2.3 subroutine `Jacob::j_dot1GB ( integer,intent(in) ir, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v )`

Primitive dot-1 jacobian of a body attached on the ground.

**Parameters**

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the body.
<i>u</i>	vector attached on the ground
<i>v</i>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



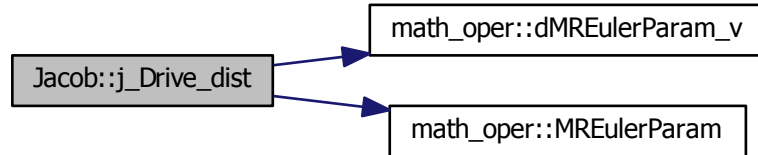
4.13.2.4 subroutine `Jacob::j_Drive.dist` ( `INTEGER,intent(in) ir`, `INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) irg1`, `INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`, `INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul1`, `INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1_loc`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2_loc`, `INTEGER,intent(in) i_MOTOR` )

Primitive driving constraints for a distance between two points of two bodies.

**Parameters**

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint.
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1_loc</i>	point in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2_loc</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.

Here is the call graph for this function:



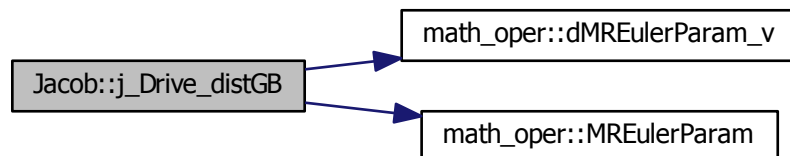
4.13.2.5 subroutine `Jacob::j_Drive_distGB` ( `INTEGER,intent(in) ir`,  
`INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`, `INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2_loc`,  
`INTEGER,intent(in) i_MOTOR` )

Primitive driving jacobians for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint.
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body.
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameters of the body.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground given in the global reference frame
<i>pt2_loc</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index in the vector of motors ( <code>STATE::pos</code> ) to drive the constraint.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.13.2.6 subroutine `Jacob::j_Drive_rgEul` ( `INTEGER,intent(in) ir`, `INTEGER,intent(in) ind`,  
`INTEGER,intent(in) i_MOTOR` )

Primitive driving jacobians for a generalized coordinate of the system.

#### Parameters

<code>ir</code>	index of the constraint
<code>ind</code>	index of the driven generalized coordinate.
<code>i_MOTOR</code>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint. It is not necessary here, but it is kept for compatibility of the interfaces (less easy to make mistakes)

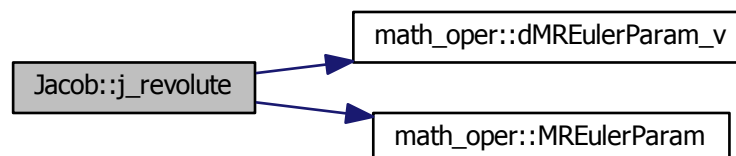
4.13.2.7 subroutine `Jacob::j_revolute` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`, `integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg1`, `integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul1`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2` )

Primitive jacobians of a revolute joint between two bodies.

#### Parameters

<code>ir</code>	index of the constraint
<code>irg1,irg2</code>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<code>iEul1,iEul2</code>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<code>pt1,pt2</code>	points given in the bodies reference frames
<code>u1,v1</code>	perpendicular vectors in the first body
<code>vec2</code>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.13.2.8 subroutine `Jacob::j_revoluteGB` ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *u1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *v1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2* )

Primitive jacobians of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameters of the body
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground
<i>pt2</i>	point in the body given in the body reference frame
<i>u1,u2</i>	perpendicular vectors in the ground
<i>vec2</i>	vector in the body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.13.2.9 subroutine `Jacob::j_spherical` ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg1*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2* )

Primitive jacobians of a spherical joint between two bodies.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1,pt2</i>	points given in the bodies reference frames



Here is the call graph for this function:



4.13.2.10 subroutine `Jacob::j_sphericalGB` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`, `integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2` )

Primitive jacobians of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground.

#### Parameters

<code>ir</code>	index of the constraint
<code>irg2</code>	index of the center of mass of the body
<code>iEul2</code>	index of the Euler parameters of the body
<code>pt1</code>	point in the ground
<code>pt2</code>	point in the body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



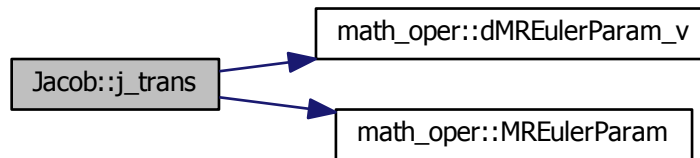
4.13.2.11 subroutine `Jacob::j_trans` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`, `integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg1`, `integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul1`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec1y`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec1x`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2x`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2z` )

Primitive jacobians of a translational joint between two bodies.

**Parameters**

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1</i>	point given in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2</i>	point given in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec1y,vec1x</i>	perpendicular vectors in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec2x,vec2z</i>	perpendicular vectors in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



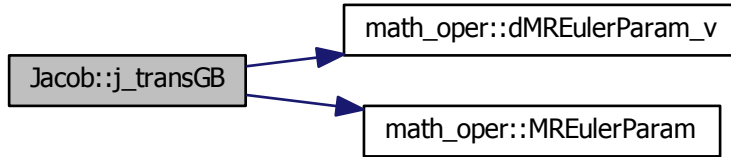
4.13.2.12 subroutine `Jacob::j_transGB` ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1y*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2z* )

Primitive jacobians of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground.

**Parameters**

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameter of the body.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground
<i>pt2</i>	point in the body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec1y,vec1x</i>	perpendicular vectors in the ground
<i>vec2x,vec2z</i>	perpendicular vectors in the body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.13.2.13 subroutine `Jacob::j_UnitEulParam` ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul* )

CC  
 Primitive jacobian of unitary Euler parameters.

**Parameters**

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>iEul</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters

4.13.2.14 subroutine `Jacob::Jacob_Setup` ( )

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.13.3 Variable Documentation

4.13.3.1 REAL(8),dimension(:,,:),allocatable `Jacob::Fq`

4.13.3.2 REAL(8),dimension(:,:),allocatable Jacob::PROTECTED

## 4.14 jacob\_djacobdt\_qp Module Reference

Module of  $(\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q})_q$ . It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [jacob\\_djacobdt\\_qp\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [deallocFiqppqq](#)
- subroutine [dq\\_dot1](#) (ir, iEul1, iEul2, u, v)
  - $\dot{\Phi} \dot{q} \dot{q}$  of a dot-1 constraint.
- subroutine [dq\\_revolute](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)
  - $(\dot{\mathbf{m}} \dot{q} \dot{q})_q$  of a revolute joint between two bodies
- subroutine [dq\\_transGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)
  - $(\dot{\mathbf{m}} \dot{q} \dot{q})_q$  of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground
- subroutine [dq\\_trans](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)
  - $(\dot{\mathbf{m}} \dot{q} \dot{q})_q$  of a translational joint between two bodies
- subroutine [dq\\_Drive\\_distGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)
  - $\dot{\Phi} \dot{q} \dot{q}$  for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.
- subroutine [dq\\_Drive\\_dist](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1\_loc, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)
  - $\dot{\Phi} \dot{q} \dot{q}$  for a distance between two points of two bodies.

### Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable [PROTECTED](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable [Fiqppqq](#)

#### 4.14.1 Detailed Description

Module of  $(\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q})_q$ . It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

#### 4.14.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

4.14.2.1 subroutine [jacob\\_djacobdt\\_qp::deallocFiqppqq](#) ( )

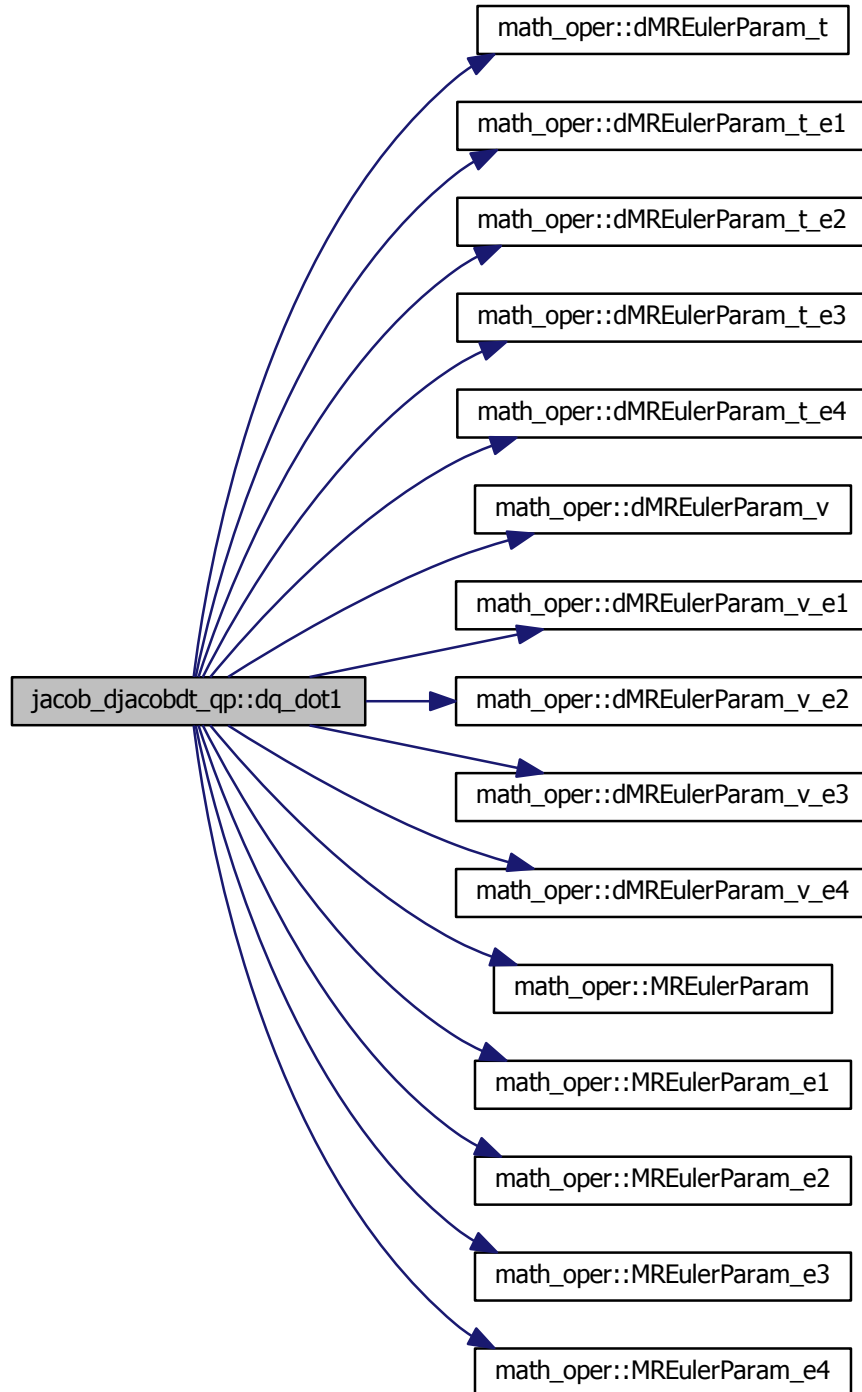
4.14.2.2 subroutine [jacob\\_djacobdt\\_qp::dq\\_dot1](#) ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *u*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *v* )

$\dot{\Phi} \dot{q} \dot{q}$  of a dot-1 constraint.

**Parameters**

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>u</i>	vector in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>v</i>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



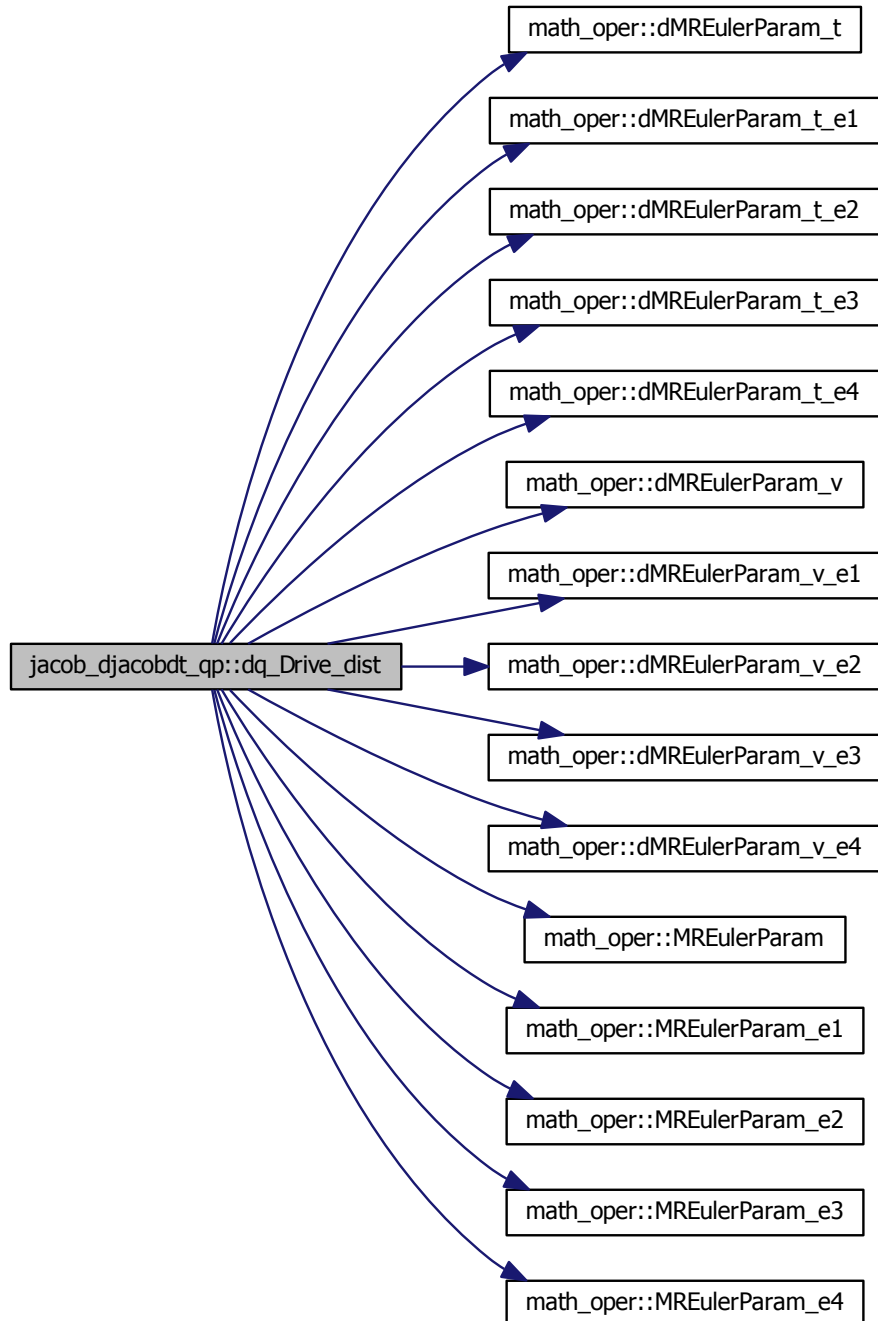
4.14.2.3 subroutine jacob\_djacobdt\_qp::dq\_Drive\_dist ( INTEGER,intent(in) *ir*,  
 INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg1*, INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*,  
 INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*,  
 REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1\_loc*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2\_loc*,  
 INTEGER,intent(in) *i\_MOTOR* )

$\Phi_{qq}$  for a distance between two points of two bodies.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint.
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1_loc</i>	point in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2_loc</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.

Here is the call graph for this function:





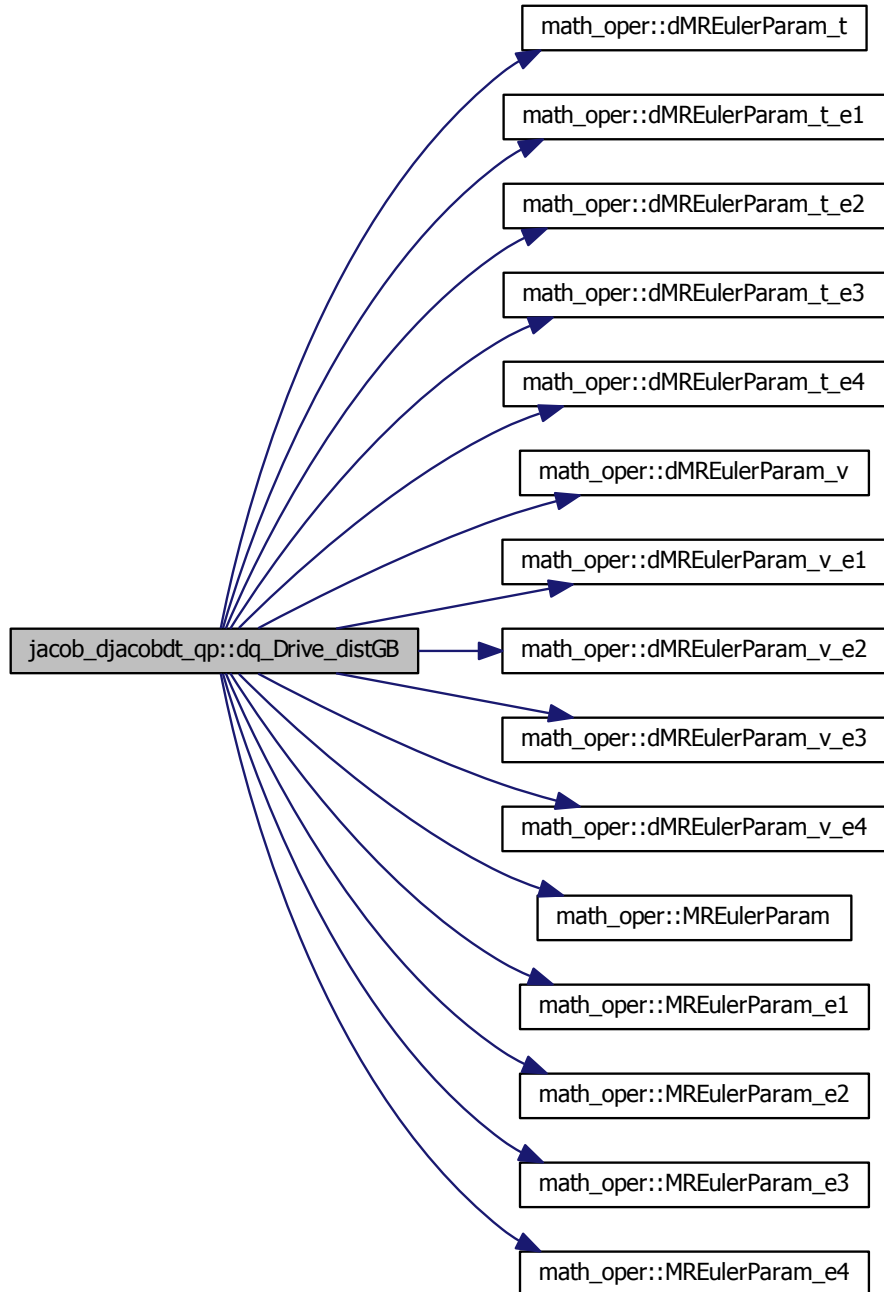
4.14.2.4 subroutine jacob\_djacobdt\_qp::dq\_Drive\_distGB ( INTEGER,intent(in) *ir*,  
 INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*,  
 REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2\_loc*,  
 INTEGER,intent(in) *i\_MOTOR* )

$\Phi_{qq}$  for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.


#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint.
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body.
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameters of the body.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground given in the global reference frame
<i>pt2_loc</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.

Here is the call graph for this function:



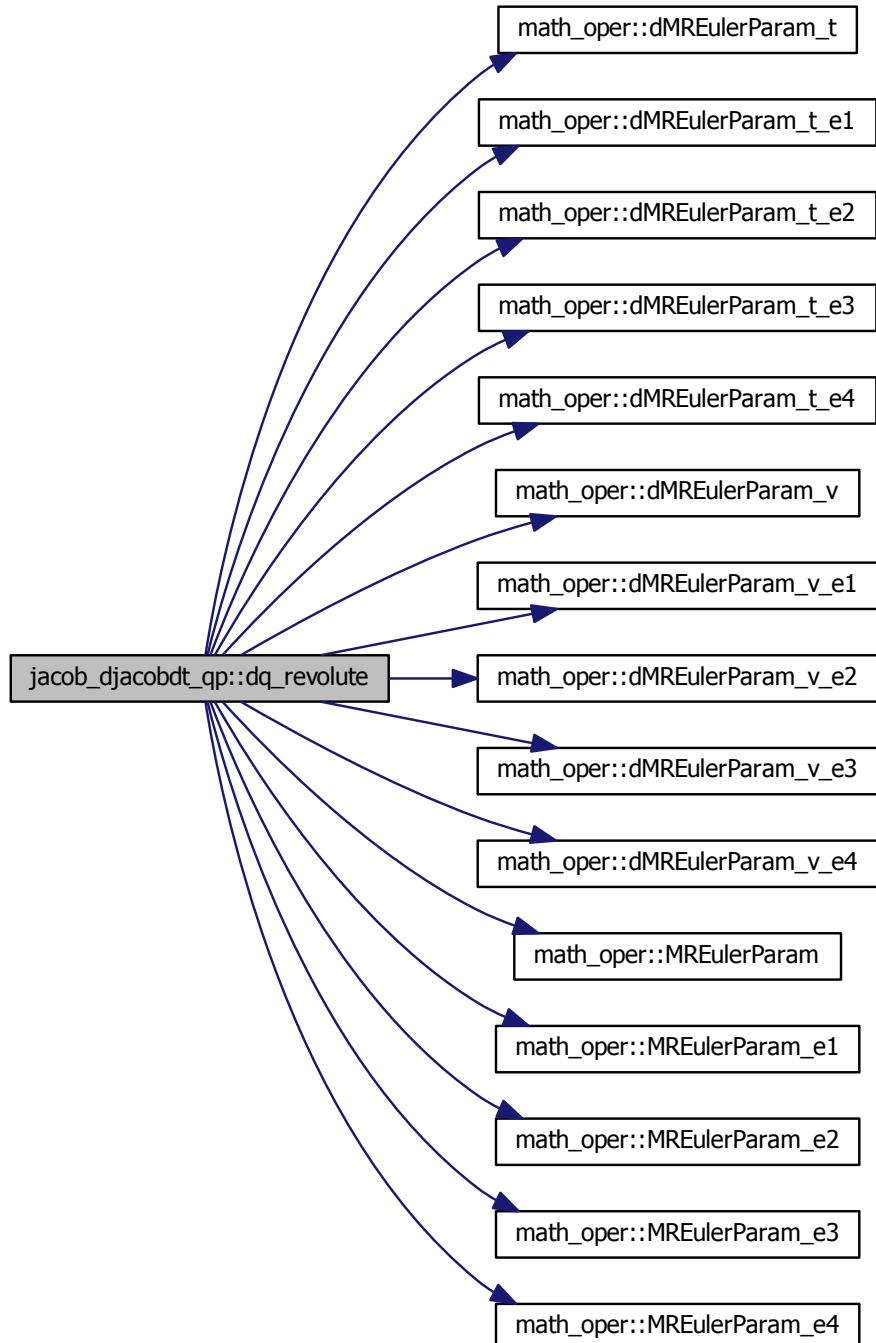
4.14.2.5 subroutine jacob\_djacobdt\_qp::dq\_revolute ( integer,intent(in) *ir*,  
integer,dimension(3),intent(in),optional *irg1*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in),optional  
*irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in)  
*iEul2*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in)  
*pt2*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *u1*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *v1*,  
real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2* )

(q)q of a revolute joint between two bodies

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1,pt2</i>	points given in the bodies reference frames
<i>u1,v1</i>	perpendicular vectors in the first body
<i>vec2</i>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



```

4.14.2.6 subroutine jacob_djacobdt_qp::dq_trans ( integer,intent(in) ir,
integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg1, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2,
integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul1, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2,
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2,
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec1y, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec1x,
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2x, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2z )

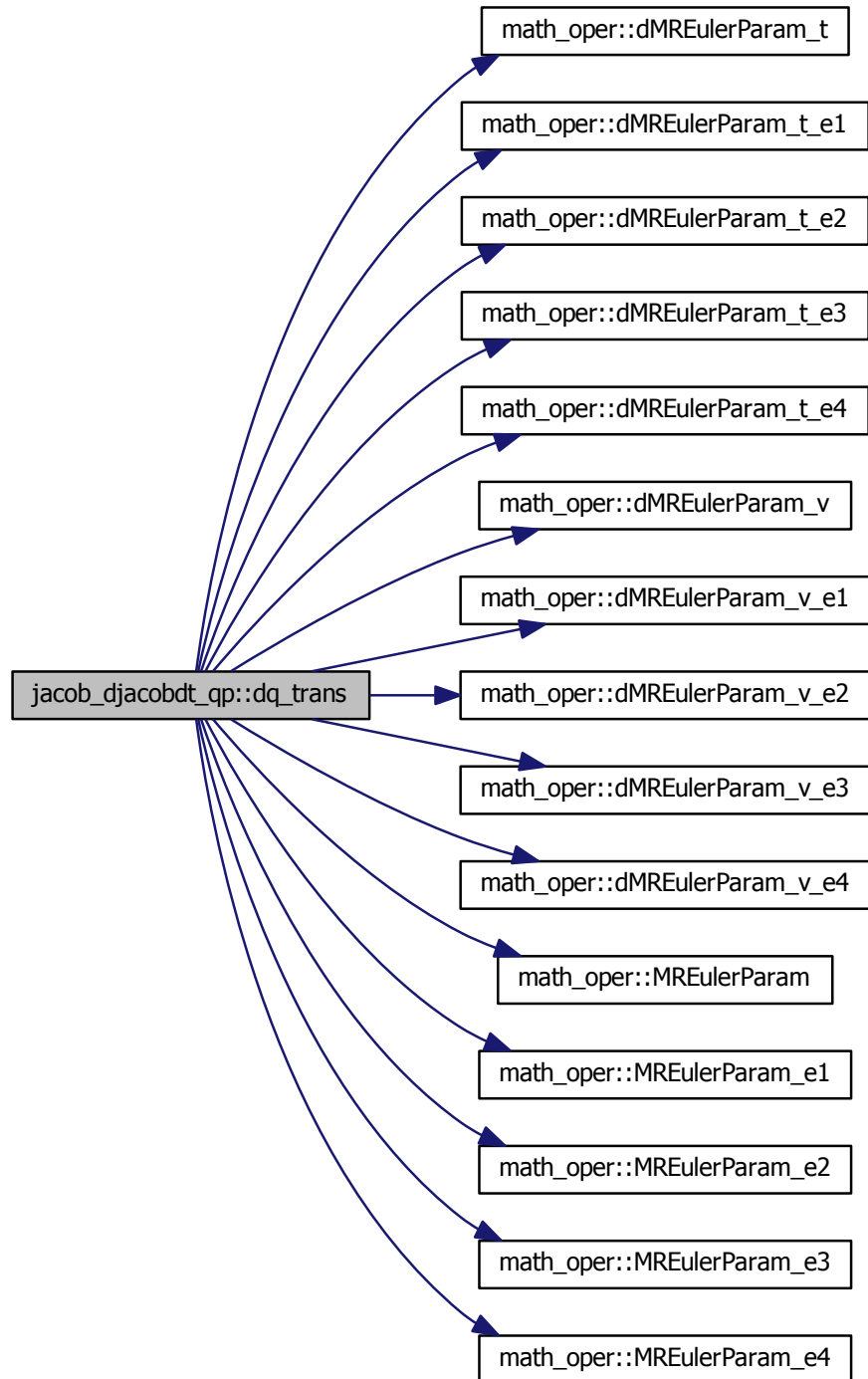
```

( $\mathbf{q}\dot{\mathbf{q}}$ ) of a translational joint between two bodies

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1</i>	point given in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2</i>	point given in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec1y,vec1x</i>	perpendicular vectors in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec2x,vec2z</i>	perpendicular vectors in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



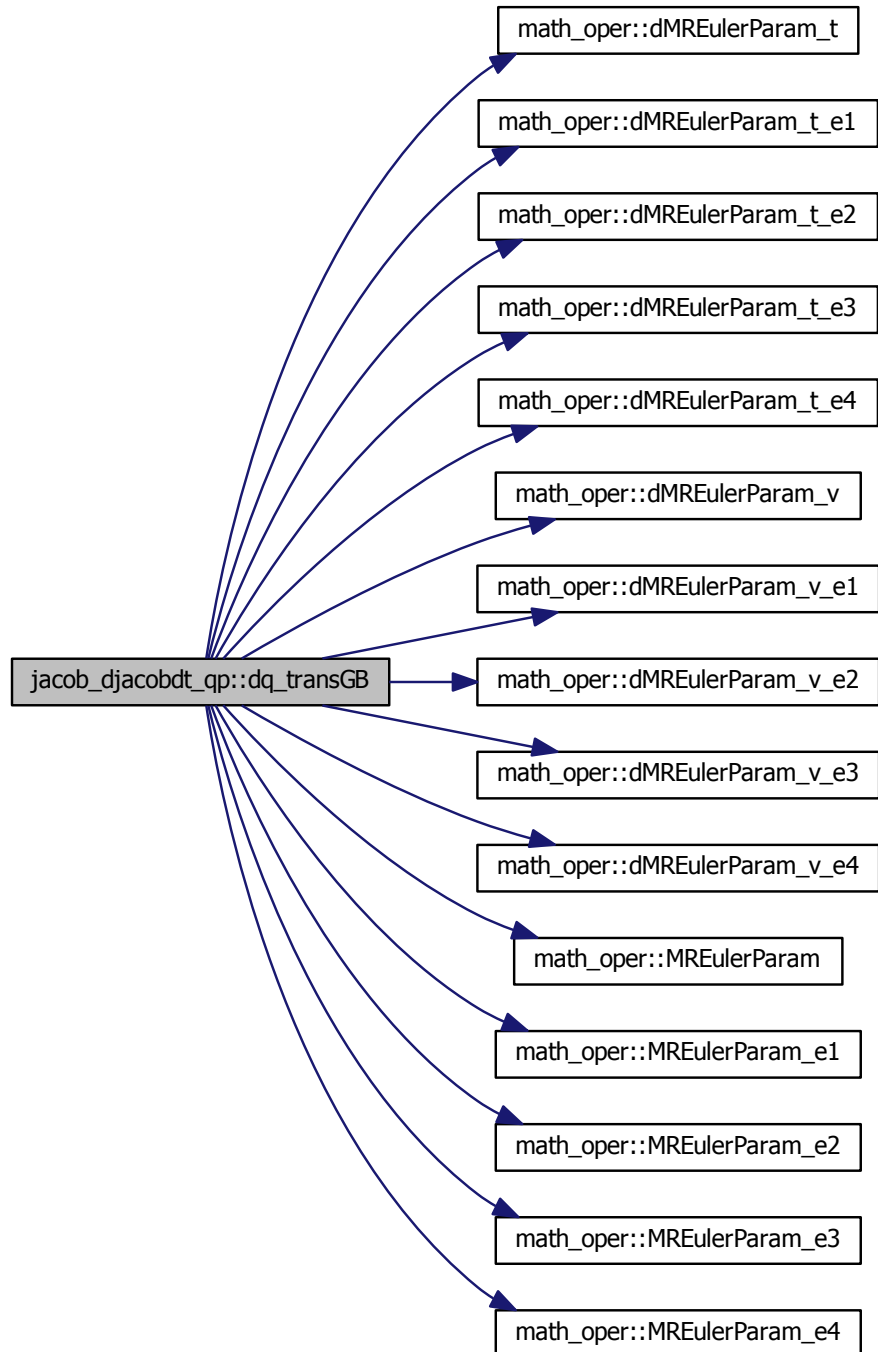
4.14.2.7 subroutine jacob\_djacobdt\_qp::dq\_transGB ( integer,intent(in) *ir*,  
integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*,  
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2*,  
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1y*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1x*,  
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2z* )

( $\dot{\mathbf{q}}$ ) $\mathbf{q}$  of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameter of the body.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground
<i>pt2</i>	point in the body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec1y,vec1x</i>	perpendicular vectors in the ground
<i>vec2x,vec2z</i>	perpendicular vectors in the body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:





## 4.14.2.8 subroutine jacob\_djacobdt\_qp::jacob\_djacobdt\_qp\_Setup ( )

Here is the call graph for this function:



## 4.14.3 Variable Documentation

4.14.3.1 REAL(8),dimension(:,:),allocatable jacob\_djacobdt\_qp::Fiqqppq

4.14.3.2 REAL(8),dimension(:,:),allocatable jacob\_djacobdt\_qp::PROTECTED

## 4.15 jacob\_jacob Module Reference

Module of  $\Phi_{qq} \mathbf{V}$ , which is the jacobian of the primitive jacobian multiplied by a vector. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

## Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [jacob\\_jacob\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [deallocFiqqlb](#)
- subroutine [jjlb\\_UnitEulParam](#) (ir, iEul, lb)  
 $\Phi_{qq} \mathbf{V}$  of unitary Euler parameters.
- subroutine [jjlb\\_dot1GB](#) (ir, iEul2, u, v, lb)  
 $\Phi_{qq} \mathbf{V}$  of a dot-1 jacobian of a body attached on the ground
- subroutine [jjlb\\_dot1](#) (ir, iEul1, iEul2, u, v, lb)  
 $\Phi_{qq} \mathbf{V}$  of a dot-1 jacobian
- subroutine [jjlb\\_sphericalGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, lb)  
 $\Phi_{qq} \mathbf{V}$  of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground
- subroutine [jjlb\\_spherical](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, lb)  
 $\Phi_{qq} \mathbf{V}$  of a spherical joint between two bodies
- subroutine [jjlb\\_revoluteGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2, lb)  
 $\Phi_{qq} \mathbf{V}$  of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground
- subroutine [jjlb\\_revolute](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2, lb)  
 $\Phi_{qq} \mathbf{V}$  of a revolute joint between two bodies
- subroutine [jjlb\\_transGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z, lb)  
 $\Phi_{qq} \mathbf{V}$  of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground

- subroutine `jjlb_trans` (`ir`, `irg1`, `irg2`, `iEul1`, `iEul2`, `pt1`, `pt2`, `vec1y`, `vec1x`, `vec2x`, `vec2z`, `lb`)  
 $\Phi_{qq} \mathbf{V}$  of a translational joint between two bodies
- subroutine `jjlb_Drive_distGB` (`ir`, `irg2`, `iEul2`, `pt1`, `pt2_loc`, `i_MOTOR`, `lb`)  
 $\Phi_{qq} \mathbf{V}$  of a distance driving jacobians between a point in the ground and a point of one body.
- subroutine `jjlb_Drive_dist` (`ir`, `irg1`, `irg2`, `iEul1`, `iEul2`, `pt1_loc`, `pt2_loc`, `i_MOTOR`, `lb`)  
*Primitive driving constraints for a distance between two points of two bodies.*

## Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:,.), allocatable `PROTECTED`
- REAL(8), dimension(:,.), allocatable `Fiqqlb`

### 4.15.1 Detailed Description

Module of  $\Phi_{qq} \mathbf{V}$ , which is the jacobian of the primitive jacobian multiplied by a vector. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

### 4.15.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

4.15.2.1 subroutine `jacob_jacob::deallocFiqqlb` ( )

4.15.2.2 subroutine `jacob_jacob::jacob_jacob.Setup` ( )

Here is the call graph for this function:



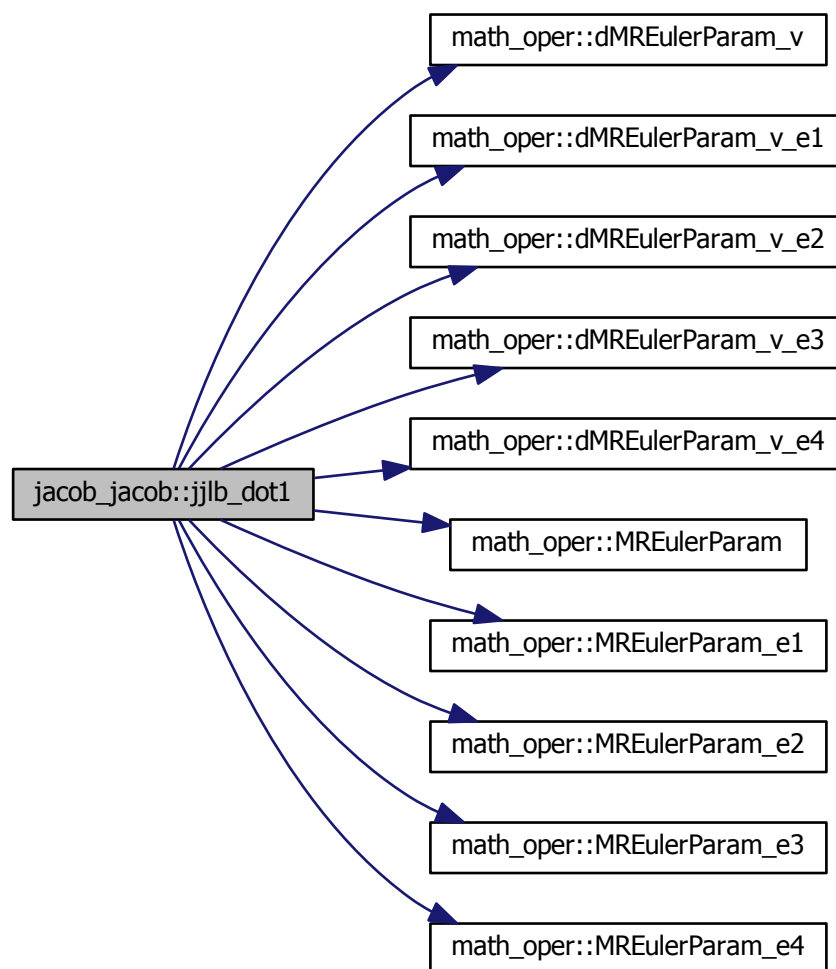
4.15.2.3 subroutine `jacob_jacob::jjlb_dot1` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul1`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v`, `REAL(8),dimension(dim),intent(in) lb` )

$\Phi_{qq} \mathbf{V}$  of a dot-1 jacobian

## Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>u</i>	vector in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>v</i>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>lb</i>	the vector $V$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}$

Here is the call graph for this function:



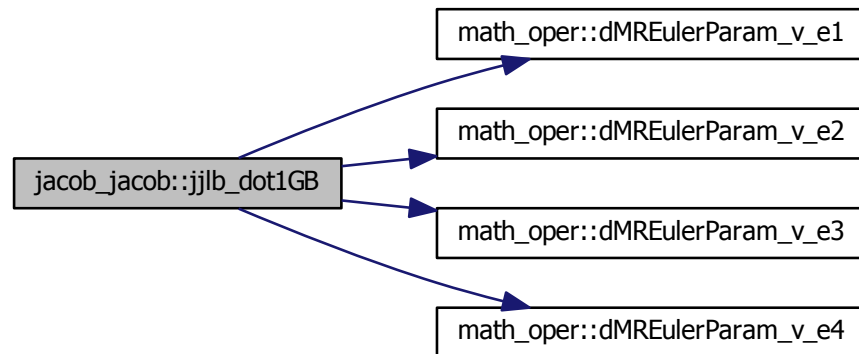
4.15.2.4 subroutine `jacob_jacob::jjlb_dot1GB` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`,  
`integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u`,  
`real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v`, `REAL(8),dimension(dim),intent(in) lb` )

$\Phi_{qq}V$  of a dot-1 jacobian of a body attached on the ground

#### Parameters

<code>ir</code>	index of the constraint
<code>iEul2</code>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the body.
<code>u</code>	vector attached on the ground
<code>v</code>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame
<code>lb</code>	the vector $V$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}$

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.15.2.5 subroutine `jacob_jacob::jjlb_Drive_dist` ( `INTEGER,intent(in) ir`,  
`INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) irg1`, `INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`,  
`INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul1`, `INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1_loc`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2_loc`,  
`INTEGER,intent(in) i_MOTOR`, `REAL(8),dimension(dim),intent(in) lb` )

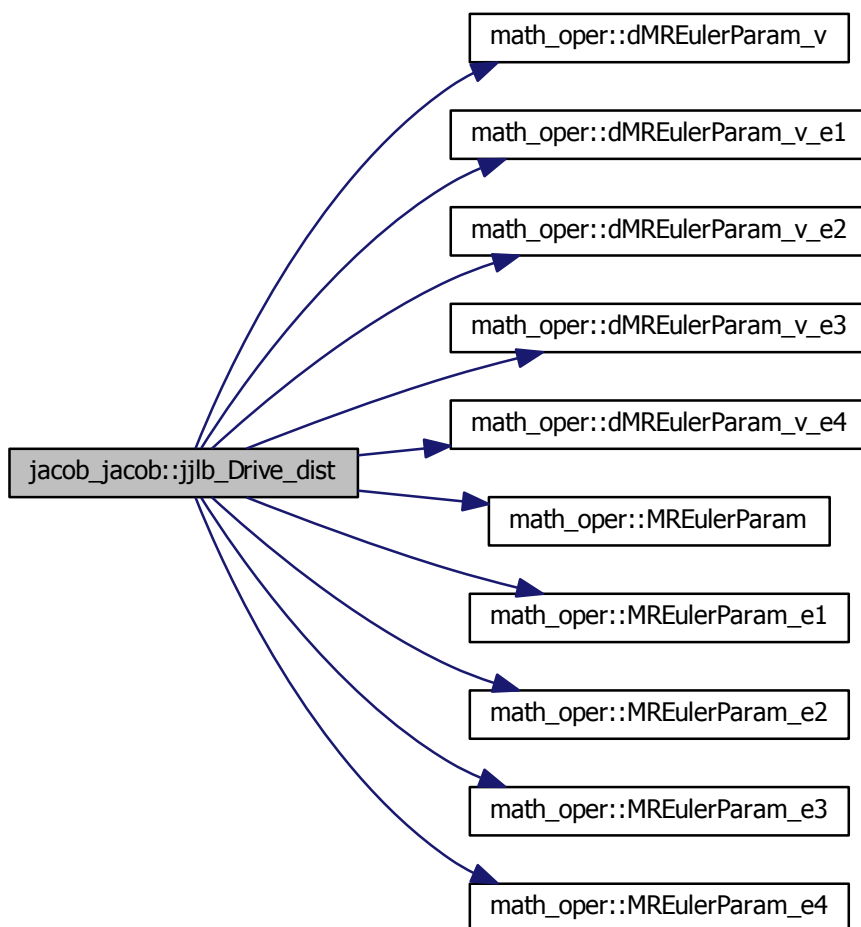
Primitive driving constraints for a distance between two points of two bodies.

#### Parameters

<code>ir</code>	index of the constraint.
<code>irg1,irg2</code>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<code>iEul1,iEul2</code>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.

<i>pt1_loc</i>	point in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2_loc</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.

Here is the call graph for this function:



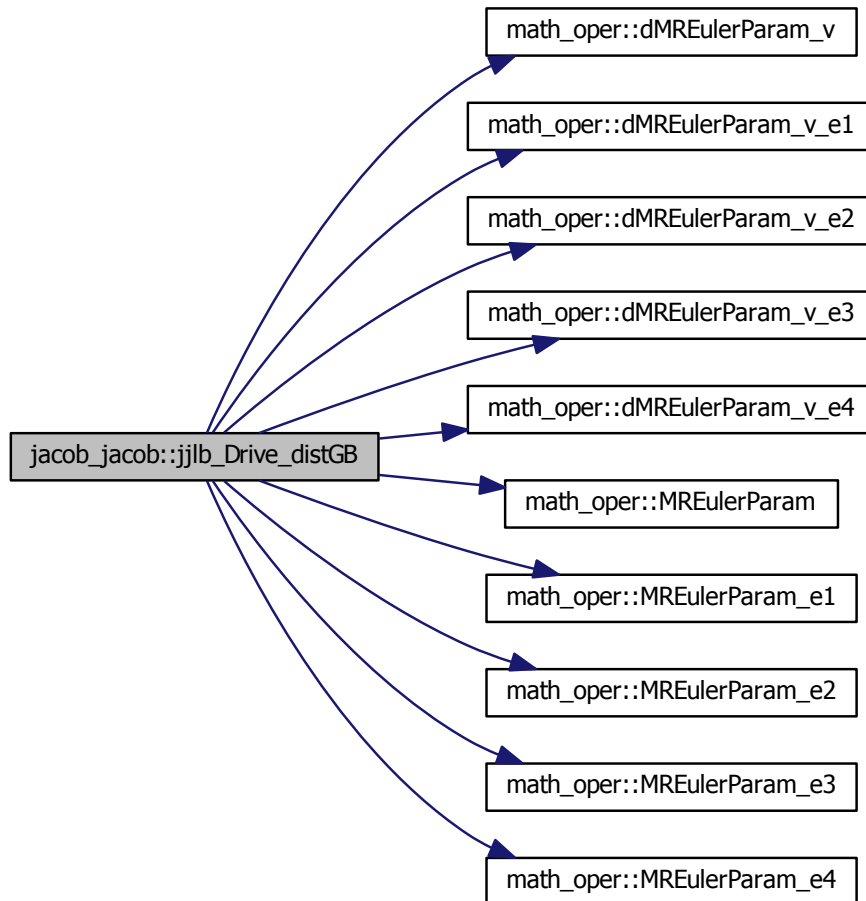
4.15.2.6 subroutine `jacob_jacob::jllb_Drive_distGB` ( `INTEGER,intent(in) ir`,  
`INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`, `INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2_loc`,  
`INTEGER,intent(in) i_MOTOR`, `REAL(8),dimension(dim),intent(in) lb` )

$\Phi_{qq} V$  of a distance driving jacobians between a point in the ground and a point of one body.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint.
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body.
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameters of the body.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground given in the global reference frame
<i>pt2_loc</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.
<i>lb</i>	the vector $V$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}$

Here is the call graph for this function:



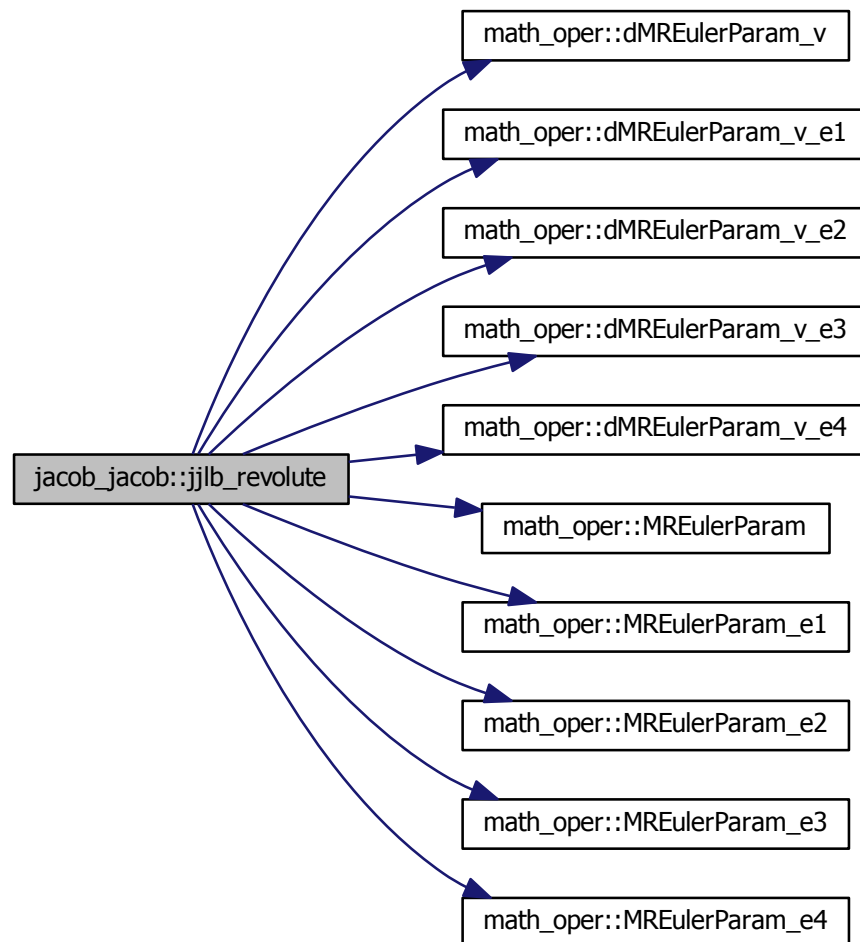
4.15.2.7 subroutine `jacob_jacob::jjlb_revolute` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`,  
`integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg1`, `integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`,  
`integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul1`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v1`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2`, `REAL(8),dimension(dim),intent(in) lb` )

$\Phi_{qq}$   $\mathbf{V}$  of a revolute joint between two bodies

## Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1,pt2</i>	points given in the bodies reference frames
<i>u1,v1</i>	perpendicular vectors in the first body
<i>vec2</i>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>lb</i>	the vector $V$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}$

Here is the call graph for this function:





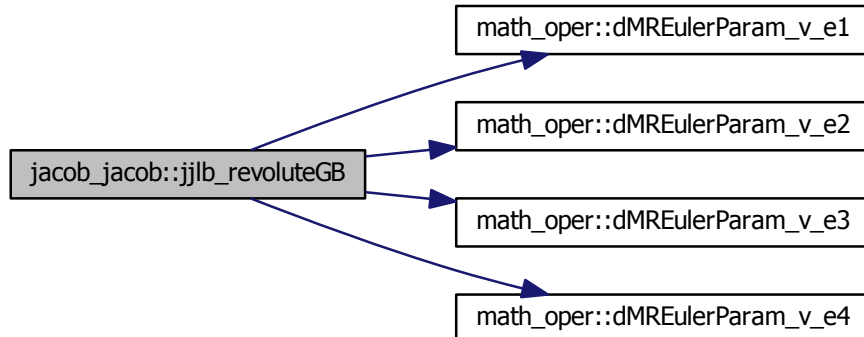
4.15.2.8 subroutine jacob\_jacob::jjlb\_revoluteGB ( integer,intent(in) *ir*,  
integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*,  
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2*,  
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *u1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *v1*,  
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2*, REAL(8),dimension(dim),intent(in) *lb* )

$\Phi_{qq} V$  of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameters of the body
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground
<i>pt2</i>	point in the body given in the body reference frame
<i>u1,v1</i>	perpendicular vectors in the ground
<i>vec2</i>	vector in the body given in the body reference frame
<i>lb</i>	the vector $V$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}$

Here is the call graph for this function:



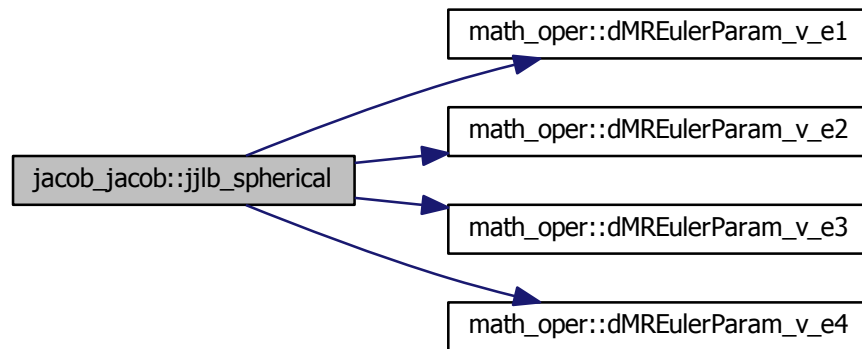
4.15.2.9 subroutine jacob\_jacob::jjlb\_spherical ( integer,intent(in) *ir*,  
integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg1*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*,  
integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*,  
real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2*,  
REAL(8),dimension(dim),intent(in) *lb* )

$\Phi_{qq} V$  of a spherical joint between two bodies

**Parameters**

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1,pt2</i>	points given in the bodies reference frames
<i>lb</i>	the vector $V$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}$

Here is the call graph for this function:



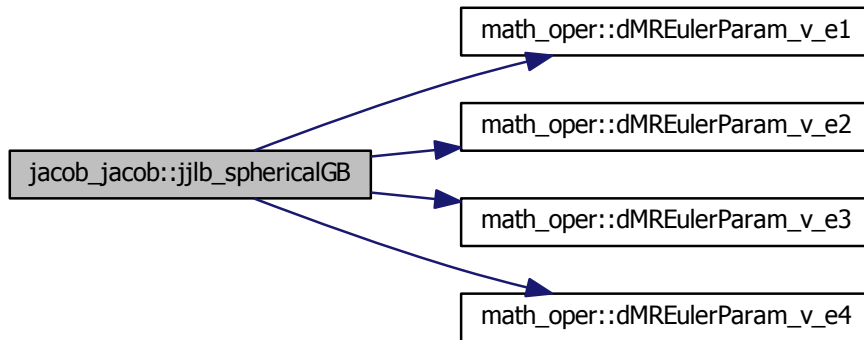
4.15.2.10 subroutine `jacob_jacob::jjlb_sphericalGB` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`,  
`integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`,  
`real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(dim),intent(in) lb` )

$\Phi_{qq} V$  of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground

**Parameters**

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameters of the body
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground
<i>pt2</i>	point in the body given in the body reference frame
<i>lb</i>	the vector $V$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}$

Here is the call graph for this function:



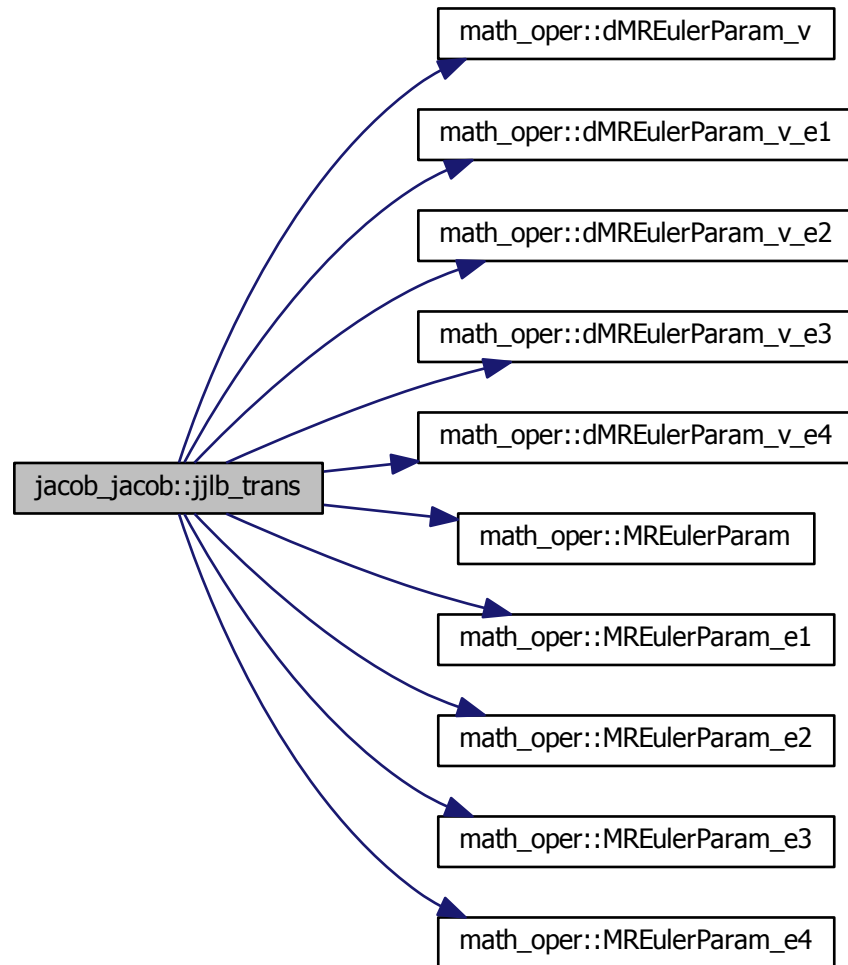
4.15.2.11 subroutine `jacob_jacob::jlb_trans` ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg1*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1y*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2z*, REAL(8),dimension(dim),intent(in) *lb* )

$\Phi_{qq}$   $V$  of a translational joint between two bodies

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1</i>	point given in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2</i>	point given in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec1y,vec1x</i>	perpendicular vectors in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec2x,vec2z</i>	perpendicular vectors in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>lb</i>	the vector $V$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}$

Here is the call graph for this function:



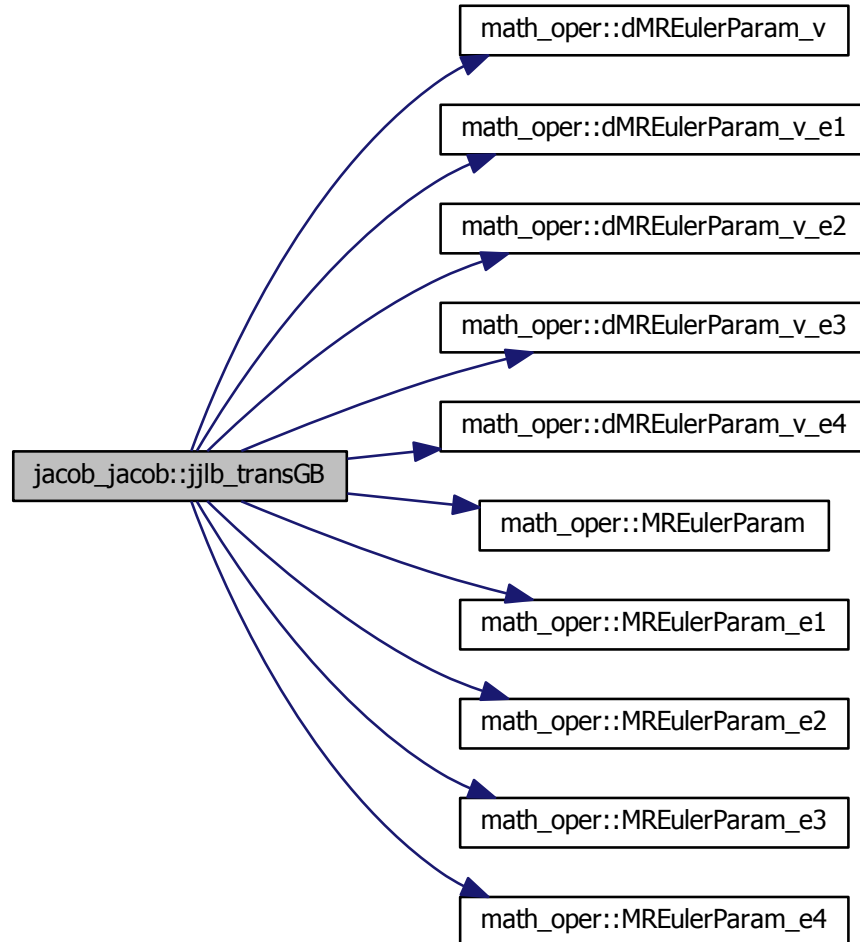
4.15.2.12 subroutine jacob\_jacob::jjlb\_transGB ( integer,intent(in) *ir*,  
integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*,  
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2*,  
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1y*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1x*,  
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2z*,  
REAL(8),dimension(dim),intent(in) *lb* )

$\Phi_{qq} \mathbf{V}$  of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameter of the body.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground
<i>pt2</i>	point in the body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec1y,vec1x</i>	perpendicular vectors in the ground
<i>vec2x,vec2z</i>	perpendicular vectors in the body given in the body reference frame
<i>lb</i>	the vector $\mathbf{V}$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}$

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.15.2.13 subroutine `jacob_jacob::jjlb_UnitEulParam` ( `integer,intent(in) ir,`  
`integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul, REAL(8),dimension(dim),intent(in) lb )`

CC  
 $\Phi_{qq}$   $\mathbf{V}$  of unitary Euler parameters.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>iEul</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters
<i>lb</i>	the vector $V$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}$

### 4.15.3 Variable Documentation

4.15.3.1 REAL(8),dimension(:,),allocatable jacob\_jacob::Fiqqlb

4.15.3.2 REAL(8),dimension(:,),allocatable jacob\_jacob::PROTECTED

## 4.16 jacobT\_jacob Module Reference

Module of  $\Phi_{qq}^T V$ , which is the transpose of the jacobian of the primitive jacobian multiplied by a vector. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [jacobT\\_jacob\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [deallocFiqqtlb](#)
- subroutine [resetFiqqtlb](#)
- subroutine [jttlb\\_UnitEulParam](#) (*ir*, *iEul*, *lb*)  
 $\Phi_{qq}^T V$  of unitary Euler parameters.
- subroutine [jttlb\\_dot1GB](#) (*ir*, *iEul2*, *u*, *v*, *lb*)  
 $\Phi_{qq}^T V$  of dot-1 jacobian of a body attached on the ground
- subroutine [jttlb\\_dot1](#) (*ir*, *iEul1*, *iEul2*, *u*, *v*, *lb*)  
 $\Phi_{qq}^T V$  of dot-1 jacobian
- subroutine [jttlb\\_sphericalGB](#) (*ir*, *irg2*, *iEul2*, *pt1*, *pt2*, *lb*)  
 $\Phi_{qq}^T V$  of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground
- subroutine [jttlb\\_spherical](#) (*ir*, *irg1*, *irg2*, *iEul1*, *iEul2*, *pt1*, *pt2*, *lb*)  
 $\Phi_{qq}^T V$  of a spherical joint between two bodies
- subroutine [jttlb\\_revoluteGB](#) (*ir*, *irg2*, *iEul2*, *pt1*, *pt2*, *u1*, *v1*, *vec2*, *lb*)  
 $\Phi_{qq}^T V$  of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground
- subroutine [jttlb\\_revolute](#) (*ir*, *irg1*, *irg2*, *iEul1*, *iEul2*, *pt1*, *pt2*, *u1*, *v1*, *vec2*, *lb*)  
 $\Phi_{qq}^T V$  of a revolute joint between two bodies
- subroutine [jttlb\\_transGB](#) (*ir*, *irg2*, *iEul2*, *pt1*, *pt2*, *vec1y*, *vec1x*, *vec2x*, *vec2z*, *lb*)  
 $\Phi_{qq}^T V$  of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground
- subroutine [jttlb\\_trans](#) (*ir*, *irg1*, *irg2*, *iEul1*, *iEul2*, *pt1*, *pt2*, *vec1y*, *vec1x*, *vec2x*, *vec2z*, *lb*)  
 $\Phi_{qq}^T V$  of a translational joint between two bodies
- subroutine [jttlb\\_Drive\\_distGB](#) (*ir*, *irg2*, *iEul2*, *pt1*, *pt2\_loc*, *i\_MOTOR*, *lb*)  
 $\Phi_{qq}^T V$  of driving jacobians for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.

- subroutine `jjtlb_Drive_dist` (`ir`, `irg1`, `irg2`, `iEul1`, `iEul2`, `pt1_loc`, `pt2_loc`, `i_MOTOR`, `lb`)

$\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of driving constraints for a distance between two points of two bodies.

### Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:, :), allocatable `PROTECTED`
- REAL(8), dimension(:, :), allocatable `Fiqqtlb`

#### 4.16.1 Detailed Description

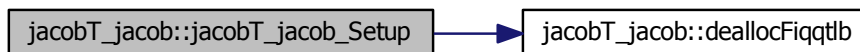
Module of  $\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$ , which is the transpose of the jacobian of the primitive jacobian multiplied by a vector. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

#### 4.16.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

4.16.2.1 subroutine `jacobT_jacob::deallocFiqqtlb` ( )

4.16.2.2 subroutine `jacobT_jacob::jacobT_jacob_Setup` ( )

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.16.2.3 subroutine `jacobT_jacob::jjtlb_dot1` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul1`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v`, `REAL(8),dimension(nrt),intent(in) lb` )

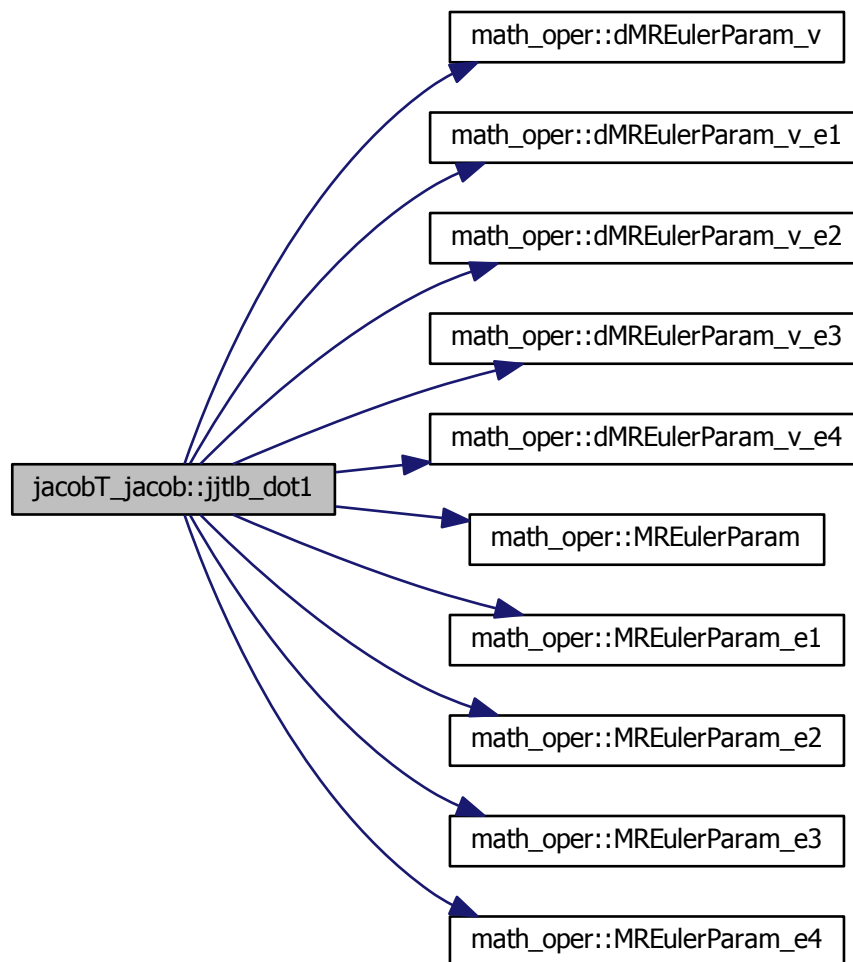
$\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of dot-1 jacobian

#### Parameters

<code>ir</code>	index of the constraint
<code>iEul1,iEul2</code>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<code>u</code>	vector in the first body given in the body reference frame
<code>v</code>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame
<code>lb</code>	the vector $\mathbf{V}$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}^T$



Here is the call graph for this function:



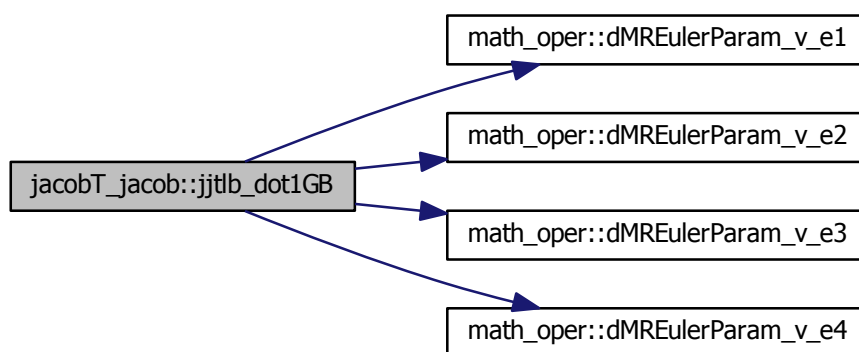
4.16.2.4 subroutine `jacobT_jacob::jjtlb_dot1GB` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`,  
`integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u`,  
`real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v`, `REAL(8),dimension(nrt),intent(in) lb` )

$\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of dot-1 jacobian of a body attached on the ground

## Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the body.
<i>u</i>	vector attached on the ground
<i>v</i>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>lb</i>	the vector $V$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}^T$

Here is the call graph for this function:



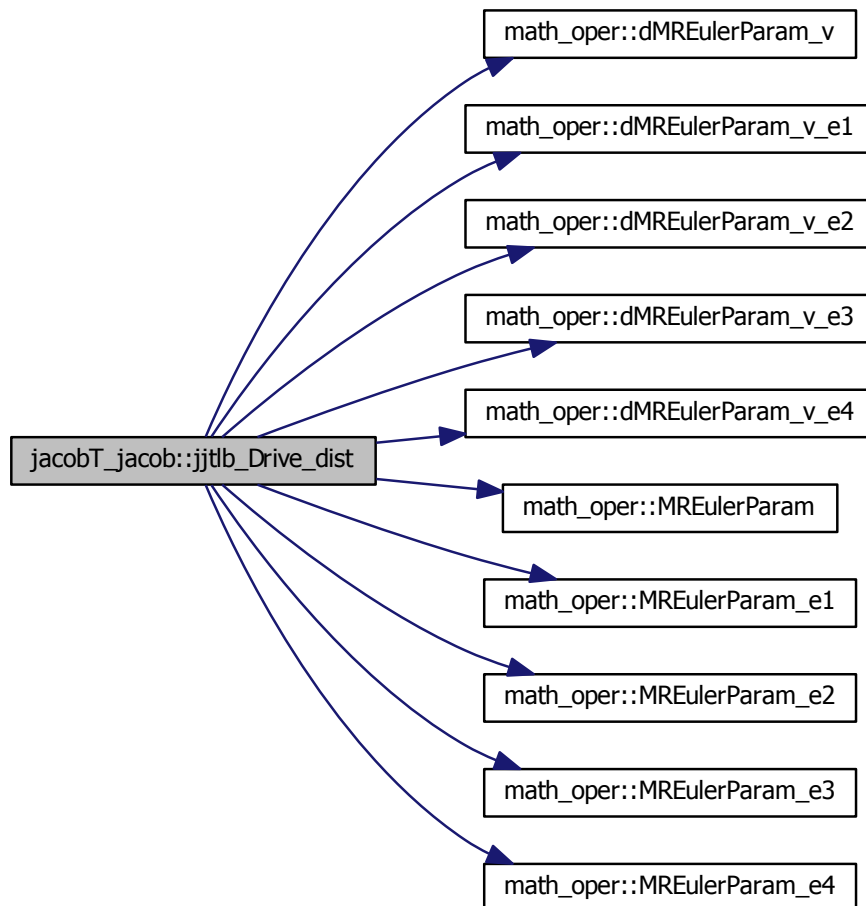
4.16.2.5 subroutine `jacobT_jacob::jtlb_Drive_dist` ( `INTEGER,intent(in) ir`,  
`INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) irg1`, `INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`,  
`INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul1`, `INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1_loc`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2_loc`,  
`INTEGER,intent(in) i_MOTOR`, `REAL(8),dimension(nrt),intent(in) lb` )

$\Phi_{qq}^T V$  of driving constraints for a distance between two points of two bodies.

## Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint.
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1_loc</i>	point in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2_loc</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index in the vector of motors ( <code>STATE::pos</code> ) to drive the constraint.
<i>lb</i>	the vector $V$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}^T$

Here is the call graph for this function:



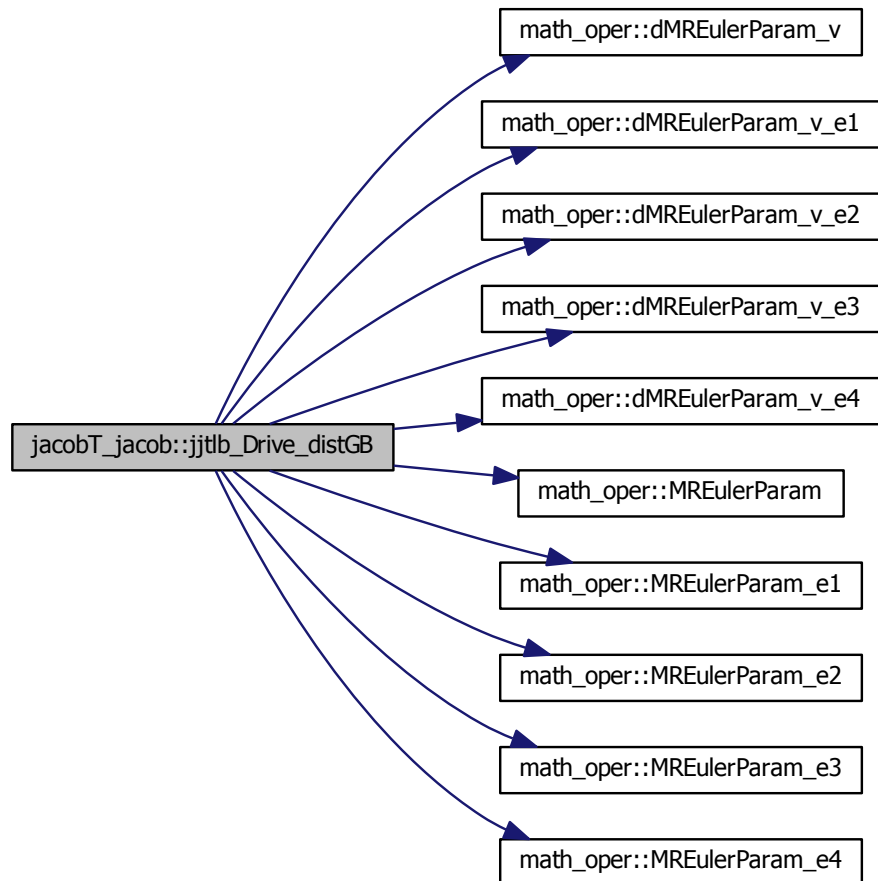
4.16.2.6 subroutine `jacobT_jacob::jjtlb_Drive_distGB` ( `INTEGER,intent(in) ir`,  
`INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`, `INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2_loc`,  
`INTEGER,intent(in) i_MOTOR`, `REAL(8),dimension(nrt),intent(in) lb` )

$\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of driving jacobians for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.

## Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint.
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body.
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameters of the body.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground given in the global reference frame
<i>pt2_loc</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>i_MOTOR</i>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.
<i>lb</i>	the vector $V$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}^T$

Here is the call graph for this function:



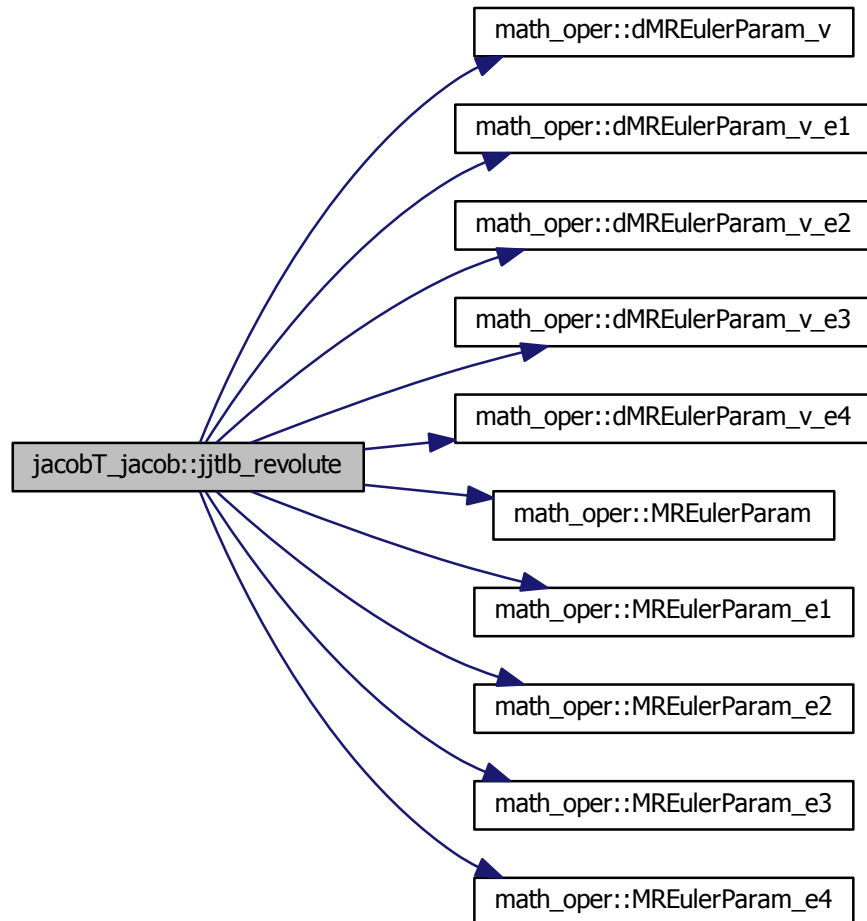
4.16.2.7 subroutine jacobT\_jacob::jtlb\_revolute ( integer,intent(in) *ir*,  
integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg1*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*,  
integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*,  
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2*,  
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *u1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *v1*,  
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2*, REAL(8),dimension(nrt),intent(in) *lb* )

$\Phi_{qq}^T V$  of a revolute joint between two bodies

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1,pt2</i>	points given in the bodies reference frames
<i>u1,v1</i>	perpendicular vectors in the first body
<i>vec2</i>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>lb</i>	the vector $V$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}^T$

Here is the call graph for this function:



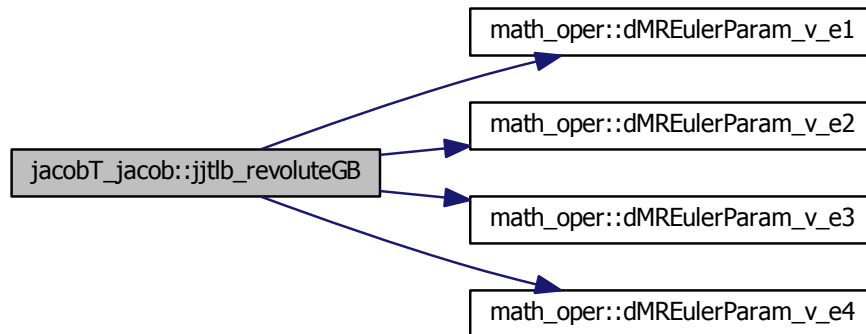
4.16.2.8 subroutine `jacobT_jacob::jjtlb_revoluteGB` ( `integer,intent(in) ir,`  
`integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2,` `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2,`  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1,` `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2,`  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u1,` `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v1,`  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2,` `REAL(8),dimension(nrt),intent(in) lb` )

$\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground

## Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameters of the body
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground
<i>pt2</i>	point in the body given in the body reference frame
<i>u1,u2</i>	perpendicular vectors in the ground
<i>vec2</i>	vector in the body given in the body reference frame
<i>lb</i>	the vector $V$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}^T$

Here is the call graph for this function:



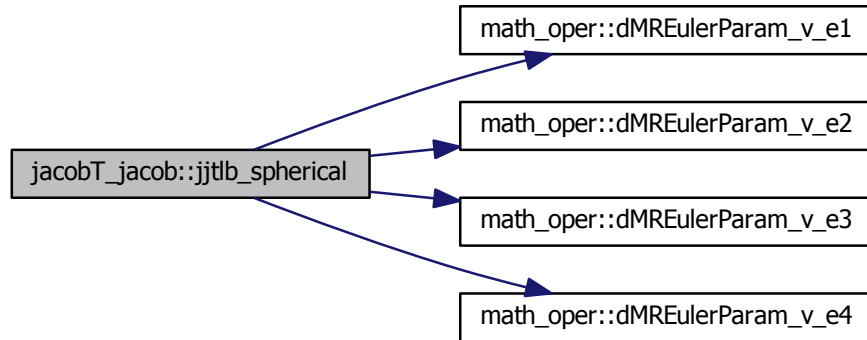
4.16.2.9 subroutine `jacobT_jacob::jtlb_spherical` ( integer,intent(in) *ir*,  
integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg1*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*,  
integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*,  
real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2*,  
REAL(8),dimension(nrt),intent(in) *lb* )

$\Phi_{qq}^T V$  of a spherical joint between two bodies

## Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1,pt2</i>	points given in the bodies reference frames
<i>lb</i>	the vector $V$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}^T$

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.16.2.10 subroutine `jacobT_jacob::jjtlb_sphericalGB` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`,  
`integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`,  
`real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(nrt),intent(in) lb` )

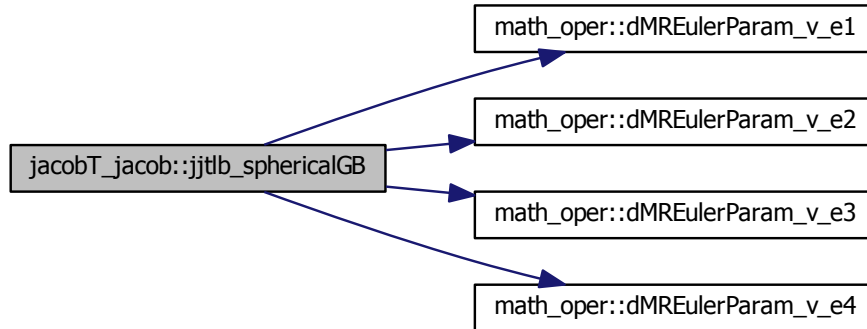
$\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground

#### Parameters

<code>ir</code>	index of the constraint
<code>irg2</code>	index of the center of mass of the body
<code>iEul2</code>	index of the Euler parameters of the body
<code>pt1</code>	point in the ground
<code>pt2</code>	point in the body given in the body reference frame
<code>lb</code>	the vector $\mathbf{V}$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}^T$



Here is the call graph for this function:



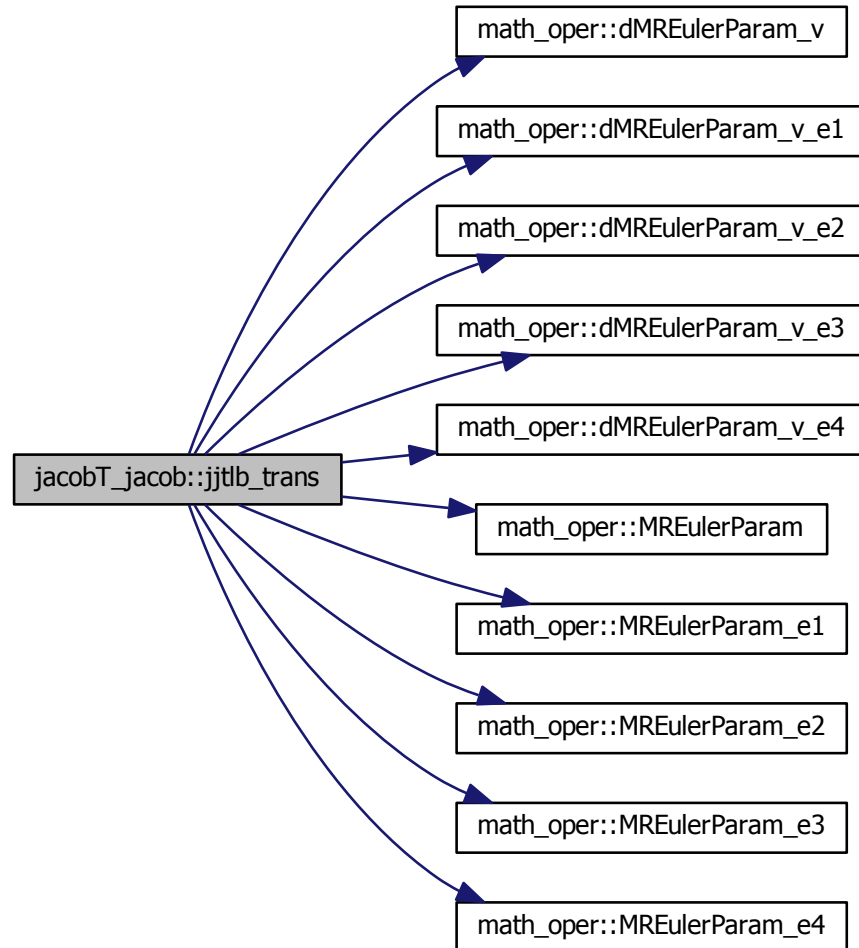
4.16.2.11 subroutine `jacobT_jacob::jtlb_trans` ( integer,intent(in) *ir*,  
integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg1*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*,  
integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*,  
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2*,  
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1y*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1x*,  
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2z*,  
REAL(8),dimension(nrt),intent(in) *lb* )

$\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of a translational joint between two bodies

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1</i>	point given in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2</i>	point given in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec1y,vec1x</i>	perpendicular vectors in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec2x,vec2z</i>	perpendicular vectors in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>lb</i>	the vector $\mathbf{V}$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}^T$

Here is the call graph for this function:



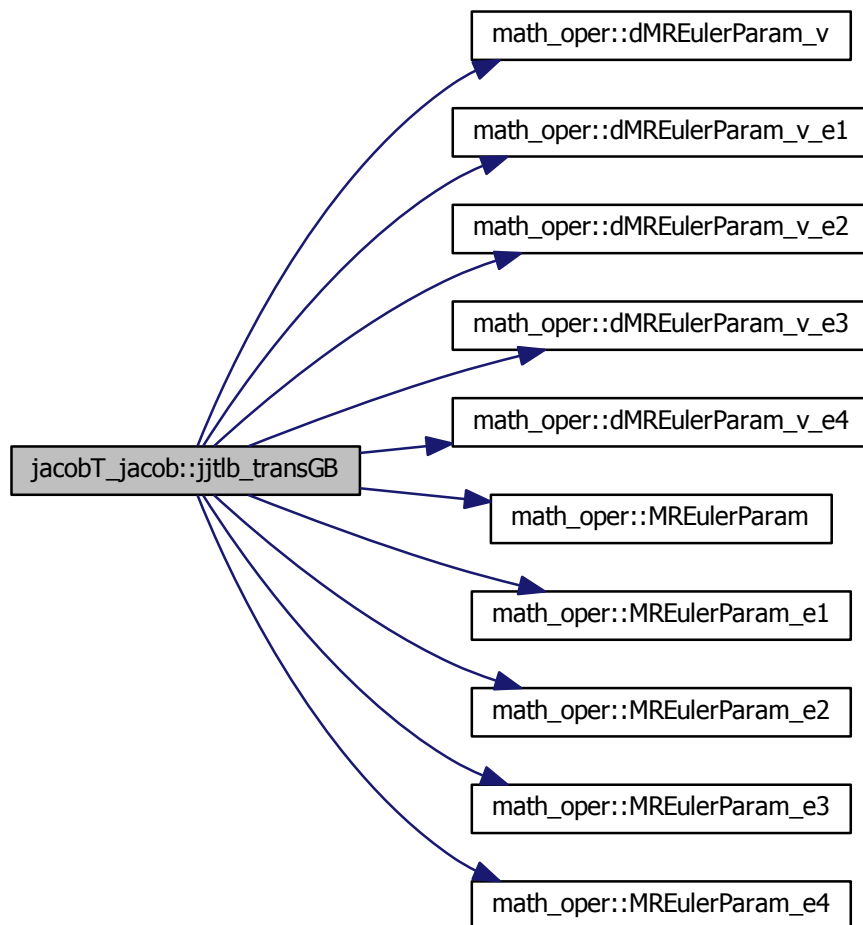
4.16.2.12 subroutine `jacobT_jacob::jjtlb_transGB` ( `integer,intent(in) ir,`  
`integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2,` `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2,`  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1,` `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2,`  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec1y,` `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec1x,`  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2x,` `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2z,`  
`REAL(8),dimension(nrt),intent(in) lb` )

$\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground

## Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameter of the body.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground
<i>pt2</i>	point in the body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec1y,vec1x</i>	perpendicular vectors in the ground
<i>vec2x,vec2z</i>	perpendicular vectors in the body given in the body reference frame
<i>lb</i>	the vector $V$ multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}^T$

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.16.2.13 subroutine `jacobT_jacob::jltlb_UnitEulParam` ( integer,intent(in) *ir*,  
integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul*, REAL(8),dimension(nrt),intent(in) *lb* )

CC  
 $\Phi_{qq}^T V$  of unitary Euler parameters.

**Parameters**

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>iEul</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters
<i>lb</i>	the vector <i>V</i> multiplied by $\Phi_{qq}^T$

4.16.2.14 subroutine `jacobT_jacob::resetFiqqlb` ( )

**4.16.3 Variable Documentation**

4.16.3.1 REAL(8),dimension(:,:),allocatable `jacobT_jacob::Fiqqlb`

4.16.3.2 REAL(8),dimension(:,:),allocatable `jacobT_jacob::PROTECTED`

**4.17 mass\_massq Module Reference**

Module of  $M_q V$ , which is the jacobian of the mass matrix multiplied by a vector. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

**Functions/Subroutines**

- subroutine [dMdqV\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [deallocdMdqV](#)
- subroutine [Eval\\_Mass\\_Matrix](#)  
*Subroutine to assemble the mass matrix of the whole system.*
- subroutine [Mq](#) (body, lb)  
*Subroutine to evaluate  $M_q V$  of one body.*
- subroutine [Eval\\_Mq](#) (lb)  
*Subroutine to assemble  $M_q V$  of the whole system.*

**Variables**

- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable [PROTECTED](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable [Mqlb](#)

### 4.17.1 Detailed Description

Module of  $\mathbf{M}_q \mathbf{V}$ , which is the jacobian of the mass matrix multiplied by a vector. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

### 4.17.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

4.17.2.1 subroutine mass\_massq::deallocdMdqV ( )

4.17.2.2 subroutine mass\_massq::dMdqV\_Setup ( )

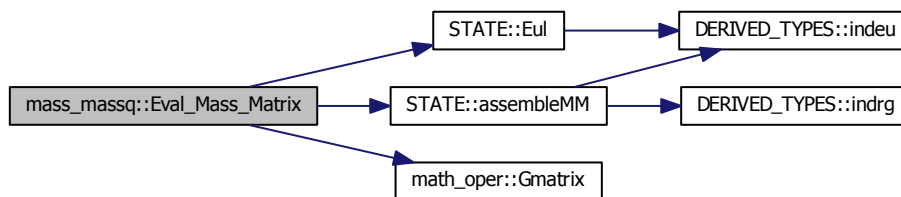
Here is the call graph for this function:



4.17.2.3 subroutine mass\_massq::Eval\_Mass\_Matrix ( )

Subroutine to assemble the mass matrix of the whole system.

Here is the call graph for this function:



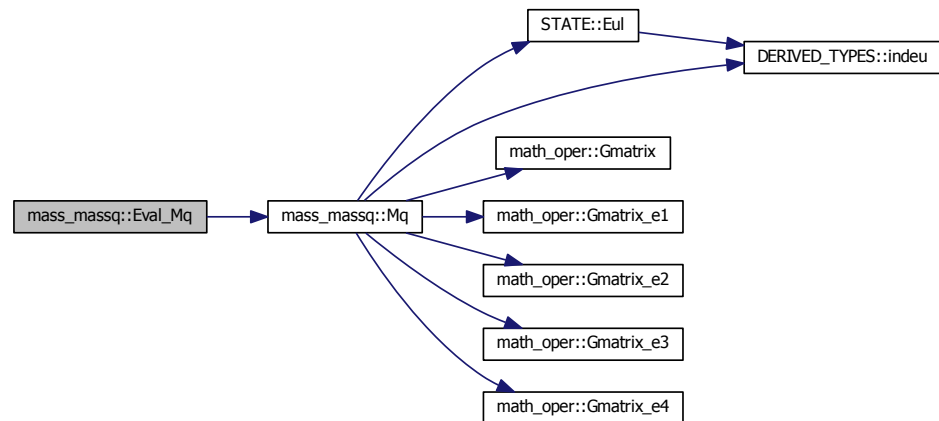
4.17.2.4 subroutine mass\_massq::Eval\_Mq ( REAL(8),dimension(dim),intent(in) lb )

Subroutine to assemble  $\mathbf{M}_q \mathbf{V}$  of the whole system.

**Parameters**

<i>lb</i>	the vector $V$ multiplied by the derivatives of the mass matrix
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Here is the call graph for this function:



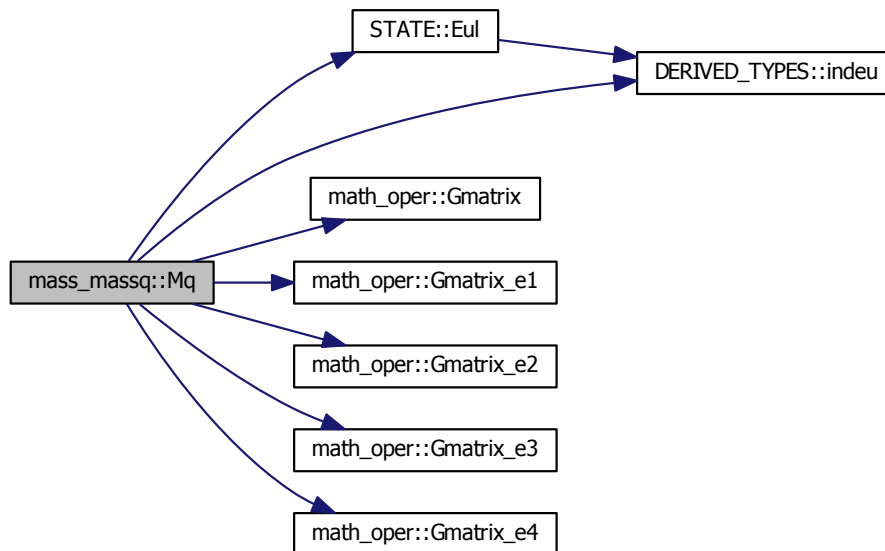
4.17.2.5 subroutine `mass_massq::Mq` ( integer *body*, REAL(8),dimension(dim),intent(in) *lb* )

Subroutine to evaluate  $\mathbf{M}_q \mathbf{V}$  of one body.

**Parameters**

<i>body</i>	body involved
<i>lb</i>	the vector $V$ multiplied by the derivatives of the mass matrix

Here is the call graph for this function:



### 4.17.3 Variable Documentation

4.17.3.1 REAL(8),dimension(:,:),allocatable `mass_massq::Mqlb`

4.17.3.2 REAL(8),dimension(:,:),allocatable `mass_massq::PROTECTED`

## 4.18 math\_oper Module Reference

Module of non-intrinsic mathematical operations. Contains all the operations necessary for multi body dynamics computations not supported by the Fortran 2003 standard.

### Functions/Subroutines

- REAL(8) `norm` (r)  
Calculate the standard  $|\mathbf{r}|$  of a vector  $\mathbf{r}$ .
- REAL(8), dimension(size(r)) `normalize` (r)  
Normalize an vector  $\mathbf{normalize}(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{\mathbf{r}}{|\mathbf{r}|}$ .
- REAL(8), dimension(3) `pvect` (u, v)  
Calculates the cross product of two vectors.

- subroutine [PerpVectors](#) (nfl, u, v)  
*Given a vector, calculates two perpendicular vectors to the given one.*
- real(8) [MREulerParam](#) (e)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns the rotation transformation matrix  $A$ .*
- real(8) [Gmatrix](#) (e)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns the G matrix  $G$ .*
- real(8) [Gmatrix\\_e1](#) (e)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns  $=\{A\}\{e_0\}$ .*
- real(8) [Gmatrix\\_e2](#) (e)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns  $=\{A\}\{e_1\}$ .*
- real(8) [Gmatrix\\_e3](#) (e)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns  $=\{A\}\{e_2\}$ .*
- real(8) [Gmatrix\\_e4](#) (e)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns  $=\{A\}\{e_3\}$ .*
- real(8) [dMREulerParam\\_v](#) (e, v)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\frac{\partial Av}{\partial e}$ .*
- real(8) [dMREulerParam\\_t](#) (p, pd, t)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , the velocity vector of Euler parameters  $\dot{e}$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\frac{dAv}{dt}$ .*
- real(8) [d2MREulerParam\\_t2](#) (p, pd, ps, t)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , the velocity vector of Euler parameters  $\dot{e}$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\frac{d^2Av}{dt^2}$ .*
- real(8) [dMREulerParam\\_t\\_e1](#) (p, pd, t)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial e_0$ .*
- real(8) [dMREulerParam\\_t\\_e2](#) (p, pd, t)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial e_1$ .*
- real(8) [dMREulerParam\\_t\\_e3](#) (p, pd, t)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial e_2$ .*
- real(8) [dMREulerParam\\_t\\_e4](#) (p, pd, t)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial e_3$ .*
- real(8) [dMREulerParam\\_t\\_e1d](#) (p, pd, t)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial \dot{e}_0$ .*
- real(8) [dMREulerParam\\_t\\_e2d](#) (p, pd, t)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial \dot{e}_1$ .*
- real(8) [dMREulerParam\\_t\\_e3d](#) (p, pd, t)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial \dot{e}_2$ .*
- real(8) [dMREulerParam\\_t\\_e4d](#) (p, pd, t)



Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{d\tilde{A}v}{dt} \partial \dot{e}_3$ .

- real(8) [dMREulerParam\\_v\\_e1](#) (e, v)

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\partial \left( \frac{\partial \tilde{A}v}{\partial e} \right) \partial e_0$ .

- real(8) [dMREulerParam\\_v\\_e2](#) (e, v)

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\partial \left( \frac{\partial \tilde{A}v}{\partial e} \right) \partial e_1$ .

- real(8) [dMREulerParam\\_v\\_e3](#) (e, v)

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\partial \left( \frac{\partial \tilde{A}v}{\partial e} \right) \partial e_2$ .

- real(8) [dMREulerParam\\_v\\_e4](#) (e, v)

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\partial \left( \frac{\partial \tilde{A}v}{\partial e} \right) \partial e_3$ .

- real(8) [MREulerParam\\_e1](#) (e)

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns the derivative of the rotation matrix with respect to  $e_0$ .

- real(8) [MREulerParam\\_e2](#) (e)

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns the derivative of the rotation matrix with respect to  $e_1$ .

- real(8) [MREulerParam\\_e3](#) (e)

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns the derivative of the rotation matrix with respect to  $e_2$ .

- real(8) [MREulerParam\\_e4](#) (e)

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns the derivative of the rotation matrix with respect to  $e_3$ .

- real(8), dimension(size(u), size(v)) [tensor\\_product](#) (u, v)

Given the two vectors, find the tensor product between these two vectors.

- real(8) [GAV](#) (p, v)

Given the euler parameters  $p$  and a vector  $v$  of one body, find  $2 * G^T \tilde{A}v$ .

- real(8) [GAV\\_e1](#) (p, v)

Given the euler parameters  $p$  and a vector  $v$  of one body, returns  $\frac{d2 * G^T \tilde{A}v}{de_0}$ .

- real(8) [GAV\\_e2](#) (p, v)

Given the euler parameters  $p$  and a vector  $v$  of one body, returns  $\frac{d2 * G^T \tilde{A}v}{de_1}$ .

- real(8) [GAV\\_e3](#) (p, v)

Given the euler parameters  $p$  and a vector  $v$  of one body, returns  $\frac{d2 * G^T \tilde{A}v}{de_2}$ .

- real(8) [GAV\\_e4](#) (p, v)

Given the euler parameters  $p$  and a vector  $v$  of one body, returns  $\frac{d2 * G^T \tilde{A}v}{de_3}$ .

## Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(3, 3), parameter [EYE3](#) = RESHAPE(SOURCE=(/ 1.d0,0.d0,0.d0, 0.d0,1.d0,0.d0, 0.d0,0.d0,1.d0/), SHAPE=(/3,3/))
- REAL(8), dimension(3, 3), parameter [ZEROS3](#) = 0.d0
- REAL(8), dimension(4, 4), parameter [EYE4](#) = RESHAPE(SOURCE=(/ 1.d0,0.d0,0.d0,0.d0, 0.d0,1.d0,0.d0,0.d0, 0.d0,0.d0,1.d0,0.d0, 0.d0,0.d0,0.d0,1.d0/), SHAPE=(/4,4/))

### 4.18.1 Detailed Description

Module of non-intrinsic mathematical operations. Contains all the operations necessary for multi body dynamics computations not supported by the Fortran 2003 standard.

### 4.18.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

4.18.2.1 `real(8) math_oper::d2MREulerParam_t2 ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) p, real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) pd, real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) ps, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) t )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , the velocity vector of Euler parameters  $\dot{e}$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\frac{d^2Av}{dt^2}$ .

#### Parameters

$p$	vector of Euler parameters.
$pd$	vector of the first derivative of Euler parameters.
$ps$	vector of the second derivative of Euler parameters.
$t$	vector given in the body reference frame.

4.18.2.2 `real(8) math_oper::dMREulerParam_t ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) p, real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) pd, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) t )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , the velocity vector of Euler parameters  $\dot{e}$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\frac{dAv}{dt}$ .

#### Parameters

$p$	vector of Euler parameters.
$pd$	vector of the derivative of Euler parameters.
$t$	vector given in the body reference frame.

4.18.2.3 `real(8) math_oper::dMREulerParam_t_e1 ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) p, real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) pd, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) t )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial e_0$ .

#### Parameters

$p$	vector of Euler parameters.
$pd$	vector of the derivative of Euler parameters.
$t$	vector given in the body reference frame.

4.18.2.4 `real(8) math_oper::dMREulerParam_t_e1d ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) p,  
real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) pd, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) t )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dA_v}{dt} \partial \dot{e}_0$ .

#### Parameters

$p$	vector of Euler parameters.
$pd$	vector of the derivative of Euler parameters.
$t$	vector given in the body reference frame.

4.18.2.5 `real(8) math_oper::dMREulerParam_t_e2 ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) p,  
real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) pd, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) t )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dA_v}{dt} \partial \dot{e}_1$ .

#### Parameters

$p$	vector of Euler parameters.
$pd$	vector of the derivative of Euler parameters.
$t$	vector given in the body reference frame.

4.18.2.6 `real(8) math_oper::dMREulerParam_t_e2d ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) p,  
real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) pd, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) t )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dA_v}{dt} \partial \dot{e}_1$ .

#### Parameters

$p$	vector of Euler parameters.
$pd$	vector of the derivative of Euler parameters.
$t$	vector given in the body reference frame.

4.18.2.7 `real(8) math_oper::dMREulerParam_t_e3 ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) p,  
real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) pd, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) t )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dA_v}{dt} \partial \dot{e}_2$ .

#### Parameters

$p$	vector of Euler parameters.
$pd$	vector of the derivative of Euler parameters.
$t$	vector given in the body reference frame.

4.18.2.8 `real(8) math_oper::dMREulerParam_t_e3d ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) p,  
real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) pd, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) t )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial \dot{e}_2$ .

#### Parameters

$p$	vector of Euler parameters.
$pd$	vector of the derivative of Euler parameters.
$t$	vector given in the body reference frame.

4.18.2.9 `real(8) math_oper::dMREulerParam_t_e4 ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) p,  
real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) pd, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) t )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial \dot{e}_3$ .

#### Parameters

$p$	vector of Euler parameters.
$pd$	vector of the derivative of Euler parameters.
$t$	vector given in the body reference frame.

4.18.2.10 `real(8) math_oper::dMREulerParam_t_e4d ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) p,  
real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) pd, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) t )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial \dot{e}_3$ .

#### Parameters

$p$	vector of Euler parameters.
$pd$	vector of the derivative of Euler parameters.
$t$	vector given in the body reference frame.

4.18.2.11 `real(8) math_oper::dMREulerParam_v ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) e,  
real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\frac{\partial Av}{\partial e}$ .

#### Parameters

$e$	vector of Euler parameters.
$v$	vector given in the body reference frame.

4.18.2.12 `real(8) math_oper::dMREulerParam_v_e1 ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) e,  
real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\partial(\frac{\partial A_v}{\partial e})\partial e_0$ .

#### Parameters

$e$	vector of Euler parameters.
$v$	vector given in the body reference frame.

4.18.2.13 `real(8) math_oper::dMREulerParam_v_e2 ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) e,  
real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\partial(\frac{\partial A_v}{\partial e})\partial e_1$ .

#### Parameters

$e$	vector of Euler parameters.
$v$	vector given in the body reference frame.

4.18.2.14 `real(8) math_oper::dMREulerParam_v_e3 ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) e,  
real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\partial(\frac{\partial A_v}{\partial e})\partial e_2$ .

#### Parameters

$e$	vector of Euler parameters.
$v$	vector given in the body reference frame.

4.18.2.15 `real(8) math_oper::dMREulerParam_v_e4 ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) e,  
real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\partial(\frac{\partial A_v}{\partial e})\partial e_3$ .

#### Parameters

$e$	vector of Euler parameters.
$v$	vector given in the body reference frame.

4.18.2.16 `real(8) math_oper::GAV ( real(8),dimension(4) p, real(8),dimension(3) v )`

Given the euler parameters  $p$  and a vector  $v$  of one body , find  $2 * G^T \tilde{A}v$ .

**Parameters**

$p$	euler parameters
$v$	the vector

4.18.2.17 `real(8) math_oper::GAV_e1 ( real(8),dimension(4) p, real(8),dimension(3) v )`

Given the euler parameters  $p$  and a vector  $v$  of one body , returns  $\frac{d2 * G^T \tilde{A}v}{de_0}$ .

**Parameters**

$p$	euler parameters
$v$	the vector

4.18.2.18 `real(8) math_oper::GAV_e2 ( real(8),dimension(4) p, real(8),dimension(3) v )`

Given the euler parameters  $p$  and a vector  $v$  of one body , returns  $\frac{d2 * G^T \tilde{A}v}{de_1}$ .

**Parameters**

$p$	euler parameters
$v$	the vector

4.18.2.19 `real(8) math_oper::GAV_e3 ( real(8),dimension(4) p, real(8),dimension(3) v )`

Given the euler parameters  $p$  and a vector  $v$  of one body , returns  $\frac{d2 * G^T \tilde{A}v}{de_2}$ .

**Parameters**

$p$	euler parameters
$v$	the vector

4.18.2.20 `real(8) math_oper::GAV_e4 ( real(8),dimension(4) p, real(8),dimension(3) v )`

Given the euler parameters  $p$  and a vector  $v$  of one body , returns  $\frac{d2 * G^T \tilde{A}v}{de_3}$ .

**Parameters**

$p$	euler parameters
$v$	the vector

4.18.2.21 `real(8) math_oper::Gmatrix ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) e )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns the G matrix  $G$ .

**Parameters**

$e$	vector of Euler parameters.
-----	-----------------------------

4.18.2.22 `real(8) math_oper::Gmatrix_e1 ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) e )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns  $=\{ A\}\{ e_0}$ .

**Parameters**

$e$	vector of Euler parameters.
-----	-----------------------------

4.18.2.23 `real(8) math_oper::Gmatrix_e2 ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) e )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns  $=\{ A\}\{ e_1}$ .

**Parameters**

$e$	vector of Euler parameters.
-----	-----------------------------

4.18.2.24 `real(8) math_oper::Gmatrix_e3 ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) e )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns  $=\{ A\}\{ e_2}$ .

**Parameters**

$e$	vector of Euler parameters.
-----	-----------------------------

4.18.2.25 `real(8) math_oper::Gmatrix_e4 ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) e )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns  $=\{ A\}\{ e_3}$ .

**Parameters**

$e$	vector of Euler parameters.
-----	-----------------------------

4.18.2.26 `real(8) math_oper::MREulerParam ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) e )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns the rotation transformation matrix  $A$ .

**Parameters**

$e$	vector of Euler parameters.
-----	-----------------------------

4.18.2.27 `real(8) math_oper::MREulerParam_e1 ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) e )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns the derivative of the rotation matrix with respect to  $e_0$ .

**Parameters**

$e$	vector of Euler parameters.
-----	-----------------------------

4.18.2.28 `real(8) math_oper::MREulerParam_e2 ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) e )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns the derivative of the rotation matrix with respect to  $e_1$ .

**Parameters**

$e$	vector of Euler parameters.
-----	-----------------------------

4.18.2.29 `real(8) math_oper::MREulerParam_e3 ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) e )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns the derivative of the rotation matrix with respect to  $e_2$ .

**Parameters**

$e$	vector of Euler parameters.
-----	-----------------------------

4.18.2.30 `real(8) math_oper::MREulerParam_e4 ( real(8),dimension(4),intent(in) e )`

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns the derivative of the rotation matrix with respect to  $e_3$ .

**Parameters**

$e$	vector of Euler parameters.
-----	-----------------------------

4.18.2.31 `REAL(8) math_oper::norm ( REAL(8),dimension(:) r )`

Calculate the standard  $|\mathbf{r}|$  of a vector  $\mathbf{r}$ .



**Parameters**

<i>r</i>	vector.
----------	---------

4.18.2.32 `REAL(8),dimension(size(r)) math_oper::normalize ( REAL(8),dimension(:) r )`

Normalize an vector  $\mathbf{normalize}(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{\mathbf{r}}{|\mathbf{r}|}$ .

**Parameters**

<i>r</i>	vector
----------	--------

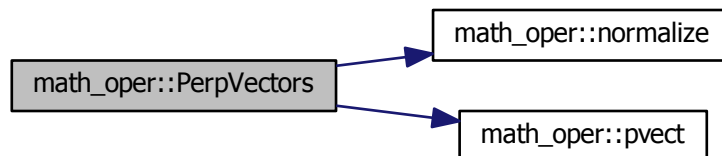
4.18.2.33 `subroutine math_oper::PerpVectors ( REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) nfl,  
REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(out) u, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(out) v )`

Given a vector, calculates two perpendicular vectors to the given one.

**Parameters**

<i>nfl</i>	given vector.
------------	---------------

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.18.2.34 `REAL(8),dimension(3) math_oper::pvect ( REAL(8),dimension(:),intent(in) u,  
REAL(8),dimension(:),intent(in) v )`

Calculates the cross product of two vectors.

**Parameters**

<i>u,v</i>	vectors involved.
------------	-------------------

4.18.2.35 `real(8),dimension(size(u),size(v)) math_oper::tensor_product ( real(8),dimension(:) u, real(8),dimension(:) v )`

Given the two vectors, find the tensor product between these two vectors.

#### Parameters

<code>u</code>	the first vector
<code>v</code>	the second vector

### 4.18.3 Variable Documentation

4.18.3.1 `REAL(8),dimension(3,3),parameter math_oper::EYE3 = RESHAPE(SOURCE=(/ 1.d0,0.d0,0.d0, 0.d0,1.d0,0.d0, 0.d0,0.d0,1.d0/), SHAPE=(/3,3/))`

4.18.3.2 `REAL(8),dimension(4,4),parameter math_oper::EYE4 = RESHAPE(SOURCE=(/ 1.d0,0.d0,0.d0,0.d0, 0.d0,1.d0,0.d0,0.d0, 0.d0,0.d0,1.d0,0.d0, 0.d0,0.d0,0.d0,1.d0/), SHAPE=(/4,4/))`

4.18.3.3 `REAL(8),dimension(3,3),parameter math_oper::ZEROS3 = 0.d0`

## 4.19 matlab\_caller Module Reference

Management of sessions of MATLAB engine: This is a part of the [matlab\\_caller](#) module of MBSLIM.

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [MATLAB\\_OPENSES](#)  
*OPENS MATLAB SESSION.*
- subroutine [MATLAB\\_CLOSESES](#)  
*CLOSES MATLAB SESSION.*
- subroutine [MATLAB\\_CHECKSES](#)  
*CHECKS IF THERE IS A MATLAB SESSION (for internal use of the module only)*
- subroutine [MATLAB\\_EVALSTRING](#) (STRING)  
*It evaluates Matlab expression.*
- subroutine [MATLAB\\_PUTREALVECTOR](#) (b, NOMBRE)  
*It passes a real vector b.*
- subroutine [MATLAB\\_GETREALVECTOR](#) (b, NOMBRE)  
*It gets/reads the vector 'nombre' from matlab and it places it in b!>*
- subroutine [MATLAB\\_GETREAL](#) (c, NOMBRE)  
*It reads the scalar NOMBRE from Matlab and it places it on variable c.*
- subroutine [MATLAB\\_PUTINTEGER](#) (i, NOMBRE)  
*PASSES AN INTEGER i.*
- subroutine [MATLAB\\_PLOT](#) (t\_graph, y\_graph, figur, linecolor, linewidth)  
*PLOTS 2 VECTORS OF REAL DATA Y.VS.X.*

### 4.19.1 Detailed Description

Management of sessions of MATLAB engine: This is a part of the [matlab\\_caller](#) module of MBSLIM.

### 4.19.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

#### 4.19.2.1 subroutine matlab\_caller::MATLAB\_CHECKSES ( )

CHECKS IF THERE IS A MATLAB SESSION (for internal use of the module only)

#### 4.19.2.2 subroutine matlab\_caller::MATLAB\_CLOSESES ( )

CLOSES MATLAB SESSION.

Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.19.2.3 subroutine matlab\_caller::MATLAB\_EVALSTRING ( CHARACTER(LEN=\*) STRING )

It evaluates Matlab expression.

#### Parameters

<i>string</i>	text chain to evaluate
---------------	------------------------

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.19.2.4 subroutine `matlab_caller::MATLAB_GETREAL` ( `REAL(8),intent(out) c`,  
`CHARACTER(LEN=*) NOMBRE` )

It reads the scalar `NOMBRE` from Matlab and it places it on variable `c`.

#### Parameters

<code>c</code>	Fortran scalar
<code>NOMBRE</code>	matlab name of the variable

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.19.2.5 subroutine `matlab_caller::MATLAB_GETREALVECTOR` (  
`REAL(8),dimension(:),intent(out) b`, `CHARACTER(LEN=*) NOMBRE` )

It gets/reads the vector 'nombre' from matlab and it places it in `b`!>

#### Parameters

<code>b</code>	vector
<code>NOMBRE</code>	matlab name

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.19.2.6 subroutine `matlab_caller::MATLAB_OPENSES` ( )

OPENS MATLAB SESSION.

Here is the call graph for this function:



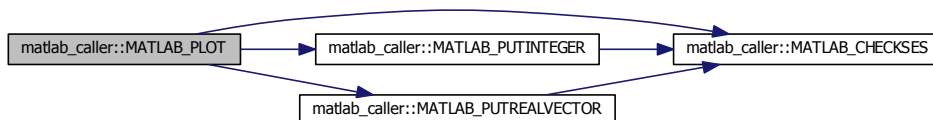
4.19.2.7 subroutine `matlab_caller::MATLAB_PLOT` ( `REAL(8)`,`dimension(:)`,`intent(in) t_graph`,  
`REAL(8)`,`dimension(:)`,`intent(in) y_graph`, `figur`, `CHARACTER(LEN=1)`,`optional linecolor`,  
`REAL(8)`,`optional linewidth` )

PLOTS 2 VECTORS OF REAL DATA Y.VS.X.

#### Parameters

<code>t_graph</code>	abscisa vector
<code>y_graph</code>	ordinate vector
<code>figur</code>	number of the matlab figure
<code>linecolor</code>	line color (see matlab codes)
<code>linewidth</code>	line width

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.19.2.8 subroutine `matlab_caller::MATLAB_PUTINTEGER` ( ,`intent(in) i`, `CHARACTER(LEN=*)`  
`NOMBRE` )

PASSES AN INTEGER `i`.

#### Parameters

<code>i</code>	scalar
<code>NOMBRE</code>	matlab name of the integer

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.19.2.9 subroutine `matlab_caller::MATLAB_PUTREALVECTOR` ( `REAL(8),dimension(:),intent(in)`  
`b`, `CHARACTER(LEN=*) NOMBRE` )

It passes a real vector `b`.

#### Parameters

<code>b</code>	vector
<code>NOMBRE</code>	matlab name of the vector

Here is the call graph for this function:



## 4.20 primitive\_forces Module Reference

Primitive forces module.

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine `TSDA` (`r1`, `r2`, `r1p`, `r2p`, `s0`, `k`, `c`, `F1`, `F2`)  
*Function to get the primitive forces of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.*
- subroutine `TSDA_q` (`r1`, `r2`, `r1p`, `r2p`, `s0`, `k`, `c`, `df1dr1`, `df1dr2`, `df2dr1`, `df2dr2`)  
*Function to get the primitive stiffness of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.*
- subroutine `TSDA_qp` (`r1`, `r2`, `c`, `df1dr1p`, `df1dr2p`, `df2dr1p`, `df2dr2p`)

*Function to get the primitive damping of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.*

#### 4.20.1 Detailed Description

Primitive forces module. This module:

- 1) Contains computational routines for primitive forces.

#### 4.20.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

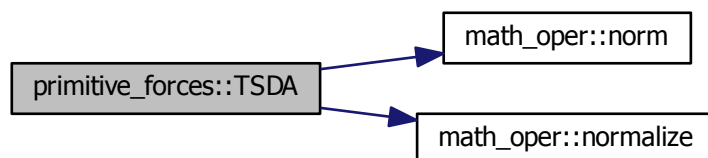
4.20.2.1 subroutine primitive\_forces::TSDA ( REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *r1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *r2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *r1p*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *r2p*, REAL(8),intent(in) *s0*, REAL(8),intent(in) *k*, REAL(8),intent(in) *c*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(out) *F1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(out) *F2* )

Function to get the primitive forces of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.

##### Parameters

<i>t</i>	time.
<i>body1</i>	the first body involved.
<i>body2</i>	the second body involved.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>s0</i>	the unstreched length of the spring
<i>k</i>	the stiffness of the spring
<i>c</i>	the damping ratio of the damper
<i>F1</i>	return the primitive force acting on the first body
<i>F2</i>	return the primitive force acting on the second body

Here is the call graph for this function:



```

4.20.2.2 subroutine primitive_forces::TSDA_q ( real(8),dimension(3),intent(in)
      r1, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) r2, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) r1p,
      real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) r2p, real(8),intent(in) s0, real(8),intent(in)
      k, real(8),intent(in) c, real(8),dimension(3,3),intent(out) df1dr1,
      real(8),dimension(3,3),intent(out) df1dr2, real(8),dimension(3,3),intent(out) df2dr1,
      real(8),dimension(3,3),intent(out) df2dr2 )

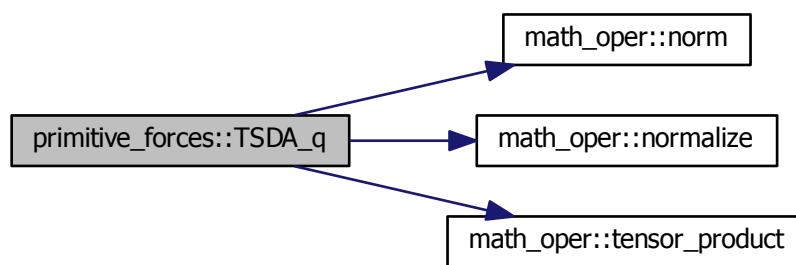
```

Function to get the primitive stiffness of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.

#### Parameters

<i>t</i>	time.
<i>body1</i>	the first body involved.
<i>body2</i>	the second body involved.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>s0</i>	the unstretched length of the spring
<i>k</i>	the stiffness of the spring
<i>c</i>	the damping ratio of the damper
<i>df1dr1,df1dr2</i>	return the primitive stiffness acting on the first body
<i>df2dr1,df2dr2</i>	return the primitive stiffness acting on the second body

Here is the call graph for this function:





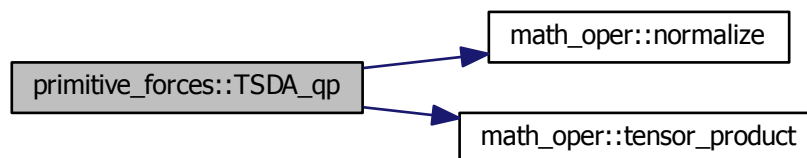
4.20.2.3 subroutine `primitive_forces::TSDA_qp` ( `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) r1`,  
`real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) r2`, `real(8),intent(in) c`, `real(8),dimension(3,3),intent(out)`  
`df1dr1p`, `real(8),dimension(3,3),intent(out) df1dr2p`, `real(8),dimension(3,3),intent(out)`  
`df2dr1p`, `real(8),dimension(3,3),intent(out) df2dr2p` )

Function to get the primitive damping of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.

#### Parameters

<code>t</code>	time.
<code>body1</code>	the first body involved.
<code>body2</code>	the second body involved.
<code>pt1</code>	point in the first body given in the body reference frame
<code>pt2</code>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<code>s0</code>	the unstretched length of the spring
<code>k</code>	the stiffness of the spring
<code>c</code>	the damping ratio of the damper
<code>df1dr1p,df1dr2p</code>	return the primitive damping acting on the first body
<code>df2dr1p,df2dr2p</code>	return the primitive damping acting on the second body

Here is the call graph for this function:



## 4.21 restric Module Reference

Module of primitive constraints. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

#### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [restric\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [deallofi](#)

- subroutine [r\\_UnitEulParam](#) (ir, iEul)
 

*Primitive constraint of unitary Euler parameters assume  $\mathbf{p}$  is the Euler parameter.the constraint equation is :  $\mathbf{p}^T \mathbf{p} - 1$ .*
- subroutine [r\\_dot1GB](#) (ir, iEul2, u, v)
 

*Primitive dot-1 constraint of a body attached on the ground.*
- subroutine [r\\_dot1](#) (ir, iEul1, iEul2, u, v)
 

*Primitive dot-1 constraint assume  $\mathbf{p}_1$  and  $\mathbf{p}_2$  are the Euler parameter of body 1 and body 2 and  $\mathbf{u}$  and  $\mathbf{v}$  are two vectors attached on body 1 and body 2 in the body reference frame, the constraint equation is :  $A(\mathbf{p}_1)\mathbf{u}^T A(\mathbf{p}_2)\mathbf{v}$ .*
- subroutine [r\\_sphericalGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2)
 

*Primitive constraints of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground The three constraint equations are :  $\mathbf{r}_2 + \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{s}_2^P - \mathbf{s}_1^P$ .*
- subroutine [r\\_spherical](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2)
 

*Primitive constraints of a spherical joint between two bodies The three constraint equations are :  $\mathbf{r}_2 + \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{s}_2^P - \mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{s}_1^P$ .*
- subroutine [r\\_revoluteGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)
 

*Primitive constraints of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground The first three constraint equations are :  $\mathbf{r}_2 + \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{s}_2^P - \mathbf{s}_1^P$  The fourth constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{f}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$  The fifth constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{g}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$ .*
- subroutine [r\\_revolute](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)
 

*Primitive constraints of a revolute joint between two bodies The three constraint equations are :  $\mathbf{r}_2 + \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{s}_2^P - \mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{s}_1^P$  The fourth constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{f}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$  The fifth constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{g}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$ .*
- subroutine [r\\_transGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)
 

*Primitive constraints of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground The first constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{f}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$  The second constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{g}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$  The third constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{f}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{d}_{12}$  The fourth constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{g}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{d}_{12}$  The fifth constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{f}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{f}_2$ .*
- subroutine [r\\_trans](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)
 

*Primitive constraints of a translational joint between two bodies. The first constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{f}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$  The second constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{g}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$  The third constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{f}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{d}_{12}$  The fourth constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{g}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{d}_{12}$  The fifth constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{f}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{f}_2$ .*
- subroutine [r\\_Drive\\_rgEul](#) (ir, ind, i\_MOTOR)
 

*Primitive driving constraints for a generalized coordinate of the system.*
- subroutine [r\\_Drive\\_distGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)
 

*Primitive driving constraints for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.*
- subroutine [r\\_Drive\\_dist](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1\_loc, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)
 

*Primitive driving constraints for a distance between two points of two bodies.*

## Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [PROTECTED](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [fi](#)

### 4.21.1 Detailed Description

Module of primitive constraints. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

### 4.21.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

4.21.2.1 subroutine `restric::deallocfi` ( )

4.21.2.2 subroutine `restric::r_dot1` ( *integer,intent(in) ir*, *integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul1*, *integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2*, *real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u*, *real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v* )

Primitive dot-1 constraint assume  $\mathbf{p}_1$  and  $\mathbf{p}_2$  are the Euler parameter of body 1 and body 2 and  $\mathbf{u}$  and  $\mathbf{v}$  are two vectors attached on body 1 and body 2 in the body reference frame, the constraint equation is :  $A(\mathbf{p}_1)\mathbf{u}^T A(\mathbf{p}_2)\mathbf{v}$ .

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>u</i>	vector in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>v</i>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.21.2.3 subroutine `restric::r_dot1GB` ( *integer,intent(in) ir*, *integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2*, *real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u*, *real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v* )

Primitive dot-1 constraint of a body attached on the ground.

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the body.
<i>u</i>	vector attached on the ground
<i>v</i>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame assume $\mathbf{p}$ are the Euler parameter of the body the constraint equation is : $\mathbf{u}^T A(\mathbf{p})\mathbf{v}$

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.21.2.4 subroutine `restric::r_Drive_dist` ( `INTEGER,intent(in) ir`, `INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) irg1`, `INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`, `INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul1`, `INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1_loc`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2_loc`, `INTEGER,intent(in) i_MOTOR` )

Primitive driving constraints for a distance between two points of two bodies.

#### Parameters

<code>ir</code>	index of the constraint.
<code>irg1,irg2</code>	index of the center of mass of the body.
<code>iEul1,iEul2</code>	index of the Euler parameters of the body.
<code>pt1_loc,pt2_loc</code>	points in the bodies given in the bodies reference frames.
<code>i_MOTOR</code>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.21.2.5 subroutine `restric::r_Drive_distGB` ( `INTEGER,intent(in) ir`,  
`INTEGER,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`, `INTEGER,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2_loc`,  
`INTEGER,intent(in) i_MOTOR` )

Primitive driving constraints for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.

#### Parameters

<code>ir</code>	index of the constraint.
<code>irg2</code>	index of the center of mass of the body.
<code>iEul2</code>	index of the Euler parameters of the body.
<code>pt1</code>	point in the ground given in the global reference frame
<code>pt2_loc</code>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<code>i_MOTOR</code>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.21.2.6 subroutine `restric::r_Drive_rgEul` ( `INTEGER,intent(in) ir`, `INTEGER,intent(in) ind`,  
`INTEGER,intent(in) i_MOTOR` )

Primitive driving constraints for a generalized coordinate of the system.

#### Parameters

<code>ir</code>	index of the constraint
<code>ind</code>	index of the driven generalized coordinate.
<code>i_MOTOR</code>	index in the vector of motors ( <a href="#">STATE::pos</a> ) to drive the constraint.

4.21.2.7 subroutine `restric::r_revolute` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`, `integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg1`, `integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul1`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2` )

Primitive constraints of a revolute joint between two bodies The three constraint equations are :  $\mathbf{r}_2 + \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{s}_2^{iP} - \mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{s}_1^{iP}$  The fourth constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{f}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$  The fifth constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{g}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$ .

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>u1,v1</i>	perpendicular vectors in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec2</i>	vector in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.21.2.8 subroutine `restric::r_revoluteGB` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`, `integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) u1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) v1`, `REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) vec2` )

Primitive constraints of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground The first three constraint equations are :  $\mathbf{r}_2 + \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{s}_2^{iP} - \mathbf{s}_1^P$  The fourth constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{f}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$  The fifth constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{g}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$ .

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameters of the body
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground
<i>pt2</i>	point in the body given in the body reference frame

<i>u1,v1</i>	perpendicular vectors in the ground
<i>vec2</i>	vector in the body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.21.2.9 subroutine `restric::r_spherical` ( `integer,intent(in) ir`, `integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg1`, `integer,dimension(3),intent(in) irg2`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul1`, `integer,dimension(4),intent(in) iEul2`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt1`, `real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt2` )

Primitive constraints of a spherical joint between two bodies. The three constraint equations are :  $\mathbf{r}_2 + \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{s}_2^P - \mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{s}_1^P$ .

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2</i>	point in the second body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.21.2.10 subroutine `restric::r_sphericalGB` ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, real(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2* )

Primitive constraints of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground The three constraint equations are :  $\mathbf{r}_2 + \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{s}_2^P - \mathbf{s}_1^P$ .

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameters of the body
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground
<i>pt2</i>	point in the body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.21.2.11 subroutine `restric::r_trans` ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg1*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul1*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1y*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2z* )

Primitive constraints of a translational joint between two bodies. The first constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{f}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$  The second constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{g}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$  The third constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{f}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{d}_{12}$  The fourth constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{g}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{d}_{12}$  The fifth constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{f}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{f}_2$ .

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg1,irg2</i>	indexes of the centers of mass of the bodies.
<i>iEul1,iEul2</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters of the bodies.
<i>pt1</i>	point given in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>pt2</i>	point given in the second body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec1y,vec1x</i>	perpendicular vectors in the first body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec2x,vec2z</i>	perpendicular vectors in the second body given in the body reference frame



Here is the call graph for this function:



4.21.2.12 subroutine `restric::r_transGB` ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(3),intent(in) *irg2*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt1*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *pt2*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1y*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec1x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2x*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *vec2z* )

Primitive constraints of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground The first constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{f}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$  The second constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{g}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$  The third constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{f}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{d}_{12}$  The fourth constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{g}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{d}_{12}$  The fifth constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{f}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{f}_2$ .

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>irg2</i>	index of the center of mass of the body
<i>iEul2</i>	index of the Euler parameter of the body.
<i>pt1</i>	point in the ground
<i>pt2</i>	point in the body given in the body reference frame
<i>vec1y,vec1x</i>	perpendicular vectors in the ground
<i>vec2x,vec2z</i>	perpendicular vectors in the body given in the body reference frame

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.21.2.13 subroutine `restric::r_UnitEulParam` ( integer,intent(in) *ir*, integer,dimension(4),intent(in) *iEul* )

Primitive constraint of unitary Euler parameters assume  $\mathbf{p}$  is the Euler parameter.the constraint equation is :  $\mathbf{p}^T \mathbf{p} - 1$ .

#### Parameters

<i>ir</i>	index of the constraint
<i>iEul</i>	indexes of the Euler parameters

4.21.2.14 subroutine `restric::restric_Setup` ( )

Here is the call graph for this function:



### 4.21.3 Variable Documentation

4.21.3.1 REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable `restric::fi`

4.21.3.2 REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable `restric::PROTECTED`

## 4.22 SOLIDS Module Reference

Solids module that adds and manages the bodies of the system.

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine, public `ADDbody` (body, rg0, eu0)  
*Adds a body to the model.*
- subroutine, public `ADDmassgeom` (body, mass, rg\_loc, v\_lg)  
*Subroutine to add mass, center of masses and inertia tensor with respect to the center of mass to a body.*
- REAL(8), public `MatTrans` (body)

*Function to calculate the transformation matrix of a body  $\mathbf{A}^* = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{R} & \mathbf{p}_0 \\ \mathbf{0} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .*

- REAL(8), dimension(3), public **r** (body, pt\_loc)  
*Function to evaluate the position of a point belonging to a body.*
- REAL(8), dimension(3), public **rp** (body, pt\_loc)  
*Function to evaluate the velocity of a point belonging to a body.*

### Variables

- TYPE(SOLID), dimension(:), allocatable, public **PROTECTED**
- TYPE(SOLID), dimension(:), allocatable, public **SOLIDlist**
- INTEGER, parameter, public **ground** = 0
- INTEGER, public **nSOLID** = 0

#### 4.22.1 Detailed Description

Solids module that adds and manages the bodies of the system. This module:

- 1) Adds bodies to the model.
- 2) Adds mass, center of mass and inertia tensor to the existing bodies.
- 3) Manages the creation of the vector of variables of the model

#### 4.22.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

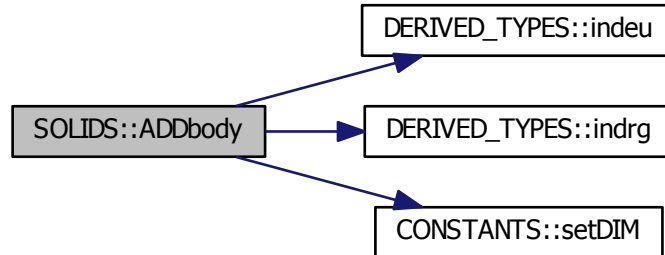
4.22.2.1 subroutine, public SOLIDS::ADDbody ( INTEGER, intent(out) *body*,  
REAL(8), dimension(3) *rg0*, REAL(8), dimension(4) *eu0* )

Adds a body to the model.

#### Parameters

<i>body</i>	output variable that stores the id of the body. The user should keep it unchanged for future requests to the library.
<i>rg0</i>	initial guess for the coordinates of the center of mass of the body
<i>eu0</i>	initial guess for the Euler parameters of the body

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.22.2.2 subroutine,public SOLIDS::ADDmassgeom ( INTEGER,intent(in)  
*body*, REAL(8),intent(in) *mass*, REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) *rg\_loc*,  
 REAL(8),dimension(6),intent(in) *v\_lg* )

Subroutine to add mass, center of masses and inertia tensor with respect to the center of mass to a body.

#### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
<i>mass</i>	value of the mass.
<i>rg_loc</i>	center of mass of the body in the local reference frame of the body.
<i>v_lg</i>	components of the inertia tensor in the local reference frame of the body, with respect to its center of mass, given in the compact form: $\mathbf{I}_g = \begin{bmatrix} I_x & I_y & I_z & P_{xy} & P_{xz} & P_{yz} \end{bmatrix}$

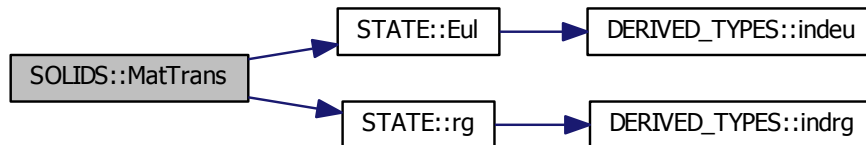
4.22.2.3 REAL(8),public SOLIDS::MatTrans ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body* )

Function to calculate the transformation matrix of a body  $\mathbf{A}^* = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{R} & \mathbf{p}_0 \\ \mathbf{0} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

#### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
-------------	----------------

Here is the call graph for this function:



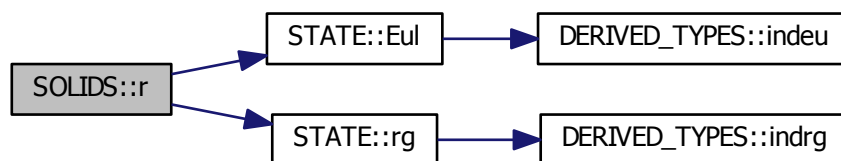
4.22.2.4 `REAL(8),dimension(3),public SOLIDS::r ( INTEGER,intent(in) body,`  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt_loc )`

Function to evaluate the position of a point belonging to a body.

#### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
<i>pt_loc</i>	local coordinates of the point.

Here is the call graph for this function:



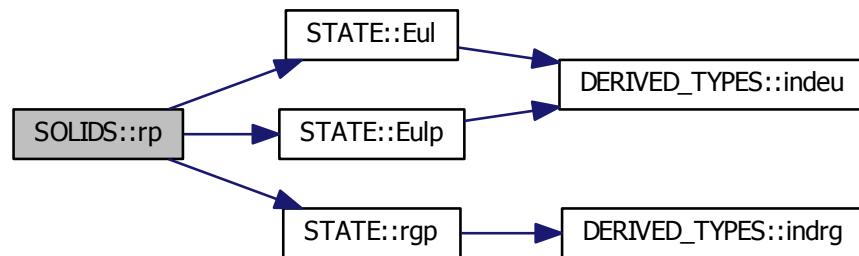
4.22.2.5 `REAL(8),dimension(3),public SOLIDS::rp ( INTEGER,intent(in) body,`  
`REAL(8),dimension(3),intent(in) pt_loc )`

Function to evaluate the velocity of a point belonging to a body.

**Parameters**

<i>body</i>	body involved.
<i>pt_loc</i>	local coordinates of the point.

Here is the call graph for this function:

**4.22.3 Variable Documentation**

4.22.3.1 INTEGER,parameter,public SOLIDS::ground = 0

4.22.3.2 INTEGER,public SOLIDS::nSOLID = 0

4.22.3.3 INTEGER,dimension(:),allocatable,public SOLIDS::PROTECTED

4.22.3.4 TYPE(SOLID),dimension(:),allocatable,public SOLIDS::SOLIDlist

**4.23 STATE Module Reference**

Module of solver state variables, subroutines and functions. It creates, manages and updates the state variables of the model.

**Functions/Subroutines**

- subroutine [STATE\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [setDOF](#) (dof\_in, zp\_in, zs\_in)
  - Define the degrees of freedom of the system and the speed of such degree of freedom.
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [rg](#) (body)
  - Function to ask the coordinates of the CG of a body.
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [rgp](#) (body)

*Function to ask the velocity of the CG of a body.*

- REAL(8), dimension(3) **rgs** (body)

*Function to ask the acceleration of the CG of a body.*

- REAL(8) **rgx** (body)

*Function to ask the x-coordinate of the CG of a body.*

- REAL(8) **rgy** (body)

*Function to ask the y-coordinate of the CG of a body.*

- REAL(8) **rgz** (body)

*Function to ask the z-coordinate of the CG of a body.*

- REAL(8), dimension(4) **Eul** (body)

*Function to ask the Euler parameters of a body.*

- REAL(8), dimension(4) **Eulp** (body)

*Function to ask the first derivatives of the Euler parameters of a body.*

- REAL(8), dimension(4) **Euls** (body)

*Function to ask the second derivatives of the Euler parameters of a body.*

- subroutine **assembleMM** (i, m, JJ)

*Subroutine to assemble elemental mass matrices to the global one. It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.*

## Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable **q**
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable **qp**
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable **qs**
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable **qp\_g**
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable **qs\_g**
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable **zp**
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable **zs**
- REAL(8), dimension(:, :), allocatable **MM**
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable **lambda**
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable **pos**
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable **vel**
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable **ace**
- INTEGER, dimension(:), allocatable **gdl**

### 4.23.1 Detailed Description

Module of solver state variables, subroutines and functions. It creates, manages and updates the state variables of the model.

### 4.23.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

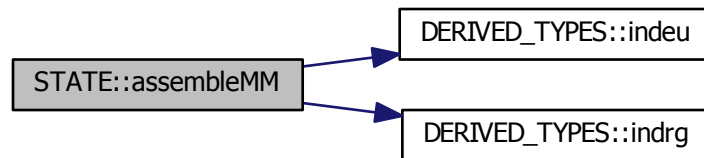
4.23.2.1 subroutine STATE::assembleMM ( INTEGER,intent(in) *i*, REAL(8),intent(in) *m*, REAL(8),dimension(4,4),intent(in) *JJ* )

Subroutine to assemble elemental mass matrices to the global one. It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.

#### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
<i>m</i>	mass.
<i>JJ</i>	inertia.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.23.2.2 REAL(8),dimension(4) STATE::Eul ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body* )

Function to ask the Euler parameters of a body.

#### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
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Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.23.2.3 REAL(8),dimension(4) STATE::Eulp ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body* )

Function to ask the first derivatives of the Euler parameters of a body.

##### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
-------------	----------------

Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.23.2.4 REAL(8),dimension(4) STATE::Euls ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body* )

Function to ask the second derivatives of the Euler parameters of a body.

##### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
-------------	----------------

Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.23.2.5 REAL(8),dimension(3) STATE::rg ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body* )

Function to ask the coordinates of the CG of a body.

##### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
-------------	----------------

Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.23.2.6 REAL(8),dimension(3) STATE::rgp ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body* )

Function to ask the velocity of the CG of a body.

##### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
-------------	----------------

Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.23.2.7 REAL(8),dimension(3) STATE::rgs ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body* )

Function to ask the acceleration of the CG of a body.

##### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
-------------	----------------

Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.23.2.8 REAL(8) STATE::rgx ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body* )

Function to ask the x-coordinate of the CG of a body.

##### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
-------------	----------------

Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.23.2.9 REAL(8) STATE::rgy ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body* )

Function to ask the y-coordinate of the CG of a body.

##### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
-------------	----------------

Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.23.2.10 REAL(8) STATE::rgz ( INTEGER,intent(in) *body* )

Function to ask the z-coordinate of the CG of a body.

##### Parameters

<i>body</i>	body involved.
-------------	----------------

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.23.2.11 subroutine `STATE::setDOF` ( `INTEGER,dimension(:),intent(in) dof_in`,  
`REAL(8),dimension(:),intent(in) zp_in`, `REAL(8),dimension(:),intent(in),optional zs_in` )

Define the degrees of freedom of the system and the speed of such degree of freedom.

#### Parameters

<code>dof_in</code>	positions of the vector of generalized coordinates that you want to define as degree of freedom.
<code>zp_in</code>	velocities of the vector of generalized coordinates that you want to define as degree of freedom.
<code>zs_in</code>	accelerations of the vector of generalized coordinates that you want to define as degree of freedom.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.23.2.12 subroutine `STATE::STATE_Setup` ( )

#### 4.23.3 Variable Documentation

4.23.3.1 `REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable STATE::ace`

4.23.3.2 `INTEGER,dimension(:),allocatable STATE::gdl`

4.23.3.3 REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable STATE::lambda

4.23.3.4 REAL(8),dimension(:,),allocatable STATE::MM

4.23.3.5 REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable STATE::pos

4.23.3.6 REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable STATE::q

4.23.3.7 REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable STATE::qp

4.23.3.8 REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable STATE::qp\_g

4.23.3.9 REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable STATE::qs

4.23.3.10 REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable STATE::qs\_g

4.23.3.11 REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable STATE::vel

4.23.3.12 REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable STATE::zp

4.23.3.13 REAL(8),dimension(:),allocatable STATE::zs

## Chapter 5

# Data Type Documentation

### 5.1 DERIVED\_TYPES::callback\_AdjInit Interface Reference

#### Public Member Functions

- subroutine [callback\\_AdjInit](#) (N, NP, NADJ, T, Y, Lambda, Mu)

#### 5.1.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

- 5.1.1.1 subroutine DERIVED\_TYPES::callback\_AdjInit::callback\_AdjInit ( integer *N*, integer *NP*, integer *NADJ*, DOUBLE PRECISION *T*, DOUBLE PRECISION,dimension(n) *Y*, DOUBLE PRECISION,dimension(n,nadj) *Lambda*, DOUBLE PRECISION,dimension(np,nadj) *Mu* )

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/[derived\\_types.f90](#)

### 5.2 DERIVED\_TYPES::callback\_damping Interface Reference

#### Public Member Functions

- subroutine [callback\\_damping](#) (Cuser, t)

#### 5.2.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

- 5.2.1.1 subroutine DERIVED\_TYPES::callback\_damping::callback\_damping ( REAL(8),dimension(\*),intent(out) *Cuser*, REAL(8),intent(in) *t* )

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- [D:/Mis\\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/derived\\_types.f90](#)

### 5.3 DERIVED\_TYPES::callback\_dgdp Interface Reference

#### Public Member Functions

- subroutine [callback\\_dgdp](#) (NADJ, N, NP, T, Y, RP)

#### 5.3.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

- 5.3.1.1 subroutine DERIVED\_TYPES::callback\_dgdp::callback\_dgdp ( integer *NADJ*, integer *N*, integer *NP*, REAL(8) *T*, REAL(8),dimension(*n*) *Y*, REAL(8),dimension(*np*,*nadj*) *RP* )

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- [D:/Mis\\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/derived\\_types.f90](#)

### 5.4 DERIVED\_TYPES::callback\_dgdy Interface Reference

#### Public Member Functions

- subroutine [callback\\_dgdy](#) (NADJ, N, NR, T, Y, RY)

#### 5.4.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

- 5.4.1.1 subroutine DERIVED\_TYPES::callback\_dgdy::callback\_dgdy ( integer *NADJ*, integer *N*, integer *NR*, REAL(8) *T*, REAL(8),dimension(*n*) *Y*, REAL(8),dimension(*nr*,*nadj*) *RY* )

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- [D:/Mis\\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/derived\\_types.f90](#)

### 5.5 DERIVED\_TYPES::callback\_forces Interface Reference

#### Public Member Functions

- subroutine [callback\\_forces](#) (Quser, t)



### 5.5.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.5.1.1 subroutine DERIVED\_TYPES::callback\_forces::callback\_forces ( REAL(8),dimension(\*),intent(out) *Quser*, REAL(8),intent(in) *t* )

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/[derived\\_types.f90](#)

## 5.6 DERIVED\_TYPES::callback\_gfun Interface Reference

### Public Member Functions

- subroutine [callback\\_gfun](#) (N, NADJ, T, Y, R)

### 5.6.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.6.1.1 subroutine DERIVED\_TYPES::callback\_gfun::callback\_gfun ( integer *N*, integer *NADJ*, DOUBLE PRECISION *T*, DOUBLE PRECISION,dimension(n) *Y*, DOUBLE PRECISION,dimension(nadj) *R* )

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/[derived\\_types.f90](#)

## 5.7 DERIVED\_TYPES::callback\_PMbarPrhoVdot Interface Reference

### Public Member Functions

- subroutine [callback\\_PMbarPrhoVdot](#) (MRVuser, t)

### 5.7.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.7.1.1 subroutine DERIVED\_TYPES::callback\_PMbarPrhoVdot::callback\_PMbarPrhoVdot ( REAL(8),dimension(\*),intent(out) *MRVuser*, REAL(8),intent(in) *t* )

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/[derived\\_types.f90](#)

## 5.8 DERIVED\_TYPES::callback\_PQbarPrho Interface Reference

### Public Member Functions

- subroutine [callback\\_PQbarPrho](#) (QPuser, t)

### 5.8.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

- 5.8.1.1 subroutine DERIVED\_TYPES::callback\_PQbarPrho::callback\_PQbarPrho ( REAL(8),dimension(\*),intent(out) *QPuser*, REAL(8),intent(in) *t* )

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/[derived\\_types.f90](#)

## 5.9 DERIVED\_TYPES::callback\_stiffness Interface Reference

### Public Member Functions

- subroutine [callback\\_stiffness](#) (Kuser, t)

### 5.9.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

- 5.9.1.1 subroutine DERIVED\_TYPES::callback\_stiffness::callback\_stiffness ( REAL(8),dimension(\*),intent(out) *Kuser*, REAL(8),intent(in) *t* )

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/[derived\\_types.f90](#)

## 5.10 DERIVED\_TYPES::MATRIXTRANSFORM Type Reference

### Public Attributes

- REAL(8), dimension(4, 4) [uvw](#) = EYE4
- LOGICAL [iscalc](#) = .false.

### 5.10.1 Member Data Documentation

- 5.10.1.1 LOGICAL DERIVED\_TYPES::MATRIXTRANSFORM::iscalc = .false.

5.10.1.2 REAL(8),dimension(4,4) DERIVED\_TYPES::MATRIXTRANSFORM::uvw =  
EYE4

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/[derived\\_types.f90](#)

## 5.11 DERIVED\_TYPES::POINT Type Reference

### Public Attributes

- REAL(8), dimension(3) [pt](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), pointer [rpt](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), pointer [rptp](#)
- INTEGER [idpt](#)

### 5.11.1 Member Data Documentation

5.11.1.1 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::POINT::idpt

5.11.1.2 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::POINT::pt

5.11.1.3 REAL(8),dimension(:),pointer DERIVED\_TYPES::POINT::rpt

5.11.1.4 REAL(8),dimension(:),pointer DERIVED\_TYPES::POINT::rptp

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/[derived\\_types.f90](#)

## 5.12 DERIVED\_TYPES::SOLID Type Reference

### Public Attributes

- TYPE(POINT), dimension(:), allocatable [pt\\_loc](#)
- TYPE(POINT), dimension(:), allocatable [vc\\_loc](#)
- REAL(8) [mass](#) = 0.d0
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [rg\\_loc](#) = 0.d0
- REAL(8), dimension(6) [v\\_lg](#) = 0.d0
- TYPE(MATRIXTRANSFORM) [Mt](#)
- TYPE(MATRIXTRANSFORM) [Mtp](#)
- INTEGER [id](#) = 0

- INTEGER `npt_loc` = 0
- INTEGER `nvc_loc` = 0
- INTEGER `nz` = 0

### 5.12.1 Member Data Documentation

- 5.12.1.1 INTEGER `DERIVED_TYPES::SOLID::id` = 0
- 5.12.1.2 REAL(8) `DERIVED_TYPES::SOLID::mass` = 0.d0
- 5.12.1.3 TYPE(MATRIXTRANSFORM) `DERIVED_TYPES::SOLID::Mt`
- 5.12.1.4 TYPE(MATRIXTRANSFORM) `DERIVED_TYPES::SOLID::Mtp`
- 5.12.1.5 INTEGER `DERIVED_TYPES::SOLID::npt_loc` = 0
- 5.12.1.6 INTEGER `DERIVED_TYPES::SOLID::nvc_loc` = 0
- 5.12.1.7 INTEGER `DERIVED_TYPES::SOLID::nz` = 0
- 5.12.1.8 TYPE (POINT),dimension(:),allocatable `DERIVED_TYPES::SOLID::pt_loc`
- 5.12.1.9 REAL(8),dimension(3) `DERIVED_TYPES::SOLID::rg_loc` = 0.d0
- 5.12.1.10 REAL(8),dimension(6) `DERIVED_TYPES::SOLID::v_lg` = 0.d0
- 5.12.1.11 TYPE (POINT),dimension(:),allocatable `DERIVED_TYPES::SOLID::vc_loc`

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- [D:/Mis\\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/derived\\_types.f90](#)

### 5.13 DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_dot1 Type Reference

Dot-1 constraints.

#### Public Attributes

- INTEGER `ir`
- INTEGER `iEu1`
- INTEGER `iEu2`
- real(8), dimension(3) `u`
- real(8), dimension(3) `v`

### 5.13.1 Detailed Description

Dot-1 constraints.

### 5.13.2 Member Data Documentation

5.13.2.1 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_dot1::iEu1

5.13.2.2 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_dot1::iEu2

5.13.2.3 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_dot1::ir

5.13.2.4 real(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_dot1::u

5.13.2.5 real(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_dot1::v

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- [D:/Mis\\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/derived\\_types.f90](#)

## 5.14 DERIVED\_TYPES::typeconstr\_Drive\_Dist Type Reference

Driving distance constraints.

### Public Attributes

- INTEGER [ir](#)
- INTEGER, dimension(3) [irg1](#)
- INTEGER, dimension(3) [irg2](#)
- INTEGER [iEu1](#)
- INTEGER, dimension(4) [ieul2](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [pt1](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [pt2](#)
- INTEGER [i\\_MOTOR](#)

### 5.14.1 Detailed Description

Driving distance constraints.

### 5.14.2 Member Data Documentation

5.14.2.1 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeconstr\_Drive\_Dist::i\_MOTOR

5.14.2.2 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeconstr\_Drive\_Dist::iEul1

5.14.2.3 INTEGER,dimension(4) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeconstr\_Drive\_Dist::ieul2

5.14.2.4 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeconstr\_Drive\_Dist::ir

5.14.2.5 INTEGER,dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeconstr\_Drive\_Dist::irg1

5.14.2.6 INTEGER,dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeconstr\_Drive\_Dist::irg2

5.14.2.7 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeconstr\_Drive\_Dist::pt1

5.14.2.8 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeconstr\_Drive\_Dist::pt2

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- [D:/Mis\\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/derived\\_types.f90](#)

## 5.15 DERIVED\_TYPES::typeconstr\_Drive\_rgEul Type Reference

Driving constraints coordinates.

### Public Attributes

- INTEGER [ir](#)
- INTEGER [ind](#)
- INTEGER [i\\_MOTOR](#)

### 5.15.1 Detailed Description

Driving constraints coordinates.

### 5.15.2 Member Data Documentation

5.15.2.1 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeconstr\_Drive\_rgEul::i\_MOTOR

5.15.2.2 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeconstr\_Drive\_rgEul::ind

## 5.15.2.3 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeconstr\_Drive\_rgEul::ir

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- [D:/Mis\\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/derived\\_types.f90](#)

## 5.16 DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_RevJoint Type Reference

Revolute joint constraints.

### Public Attributes

- INTEGER [ir](#)
- INTEGER, dimension(3) [irg1](#)
- INTEGER, dimension(3) [irg2](#)
- INTEGER [iEul1](#)
- INTEGER [iEul2](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [pt1](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [pt2](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [vec1](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [vec2](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [uPerp1](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [vPerp1](#)

### 5.16.1 Detailed Description

Revolute joint constraints.

### 5.16.2 Member Data Documentation

5.16.2.1 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_RevJoint::iEul1

5.16.2.2 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_RevJoint::iEul2

5.16.2.3 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_RevJoint::ir

5.16.2.4 INTEGER,dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_RevJoint::irg1

5.16.2.5 INTEGER,dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_RevJoint::irg2

5.16.2.6 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_RevJoint::pt1

5.16.2.7 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_RevJoint::pt2

5.16.2.8 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_RevJoint::uPerp1

5.16.2.9 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_RevJoint::vec1

5.16.2.10 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_RevJoint::vec2

5.16.2.11 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_RevJoint::vPerp1

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- [D:/Mis\\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/derived\\_types.f90](#)

## 5.17 DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_SpheJoint Type Reference

Spherical joint constraints.

### Public Attributes

- INTEGER [ir](#)
- INTEGER, dimension(3) [irg1](#)
- INTEGER, dimension(3) [irg2](#)
- INTEGER [iEul1](#)
- INTEGER [iEul2](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [pt1](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [pt2](#)

### 5.17.1 Detailed Description

Spherical joint constraints.

### 5.17.2 Member Data Documentation

5.17.2.1 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_SpheJoint::iEul1

5.17.2.2 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_SpheJoint::iEul2

5.17.2.3 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_SpheJoint::ir

5.17.2.4 INTEGER,dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_SpheJoint::irg1

5.17.2.5 INTEGER,dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_SpheJoint::irg2



5.17.2.6 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_SpheJoint::pt1

5.17.2.7 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_SpheJoint::pt2

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- [D:/Mis\\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/derived\\_types.f90](#)

## 5.18 DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_TransJoint Type Reference

Translational joint constraints.

### Public Attributes

- INTEGER [ir](#)
- INTEGER, dimension(3) [irg1](#)
- INTEGER, dimension(3) [irg2](#)
- INTEGER [iEul1](#)
- INTEGER [iEul2](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [pt1](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [pt2](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [vec1x](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [vec1y](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [vec2x](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [vec2y](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [vec2z](#)

### 5.18.1 Detailed Description

Translational joint constraints.

### 5.18.2 Member Data Documentation

5.18.2.1 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_TransJoint::iEul1

5.18.2.2 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_TransJoint::iEul2

5.18.2.3 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_TransJoint::ir

5.18.2.4 INTEGER,dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_TransJoint::irg1

5.18.2.5 INTEGER,dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_TransJoint::irg2

5.18.2.6 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_TransJoint::pt1

5.18.2.7 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_TransJoint::pt2

5.18.2.8 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_TransJoint::vec1x

5.18.2.9 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_TransJoint::vec1y

5.18.2.10 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_TransJoint::vec2x

5.18.2.11 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_TransJoint::vec2y

5.18.2.12 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_TransJoint::vec2z

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- [D:/Mis\\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/derived\\_types.f90](#)

## 5.19 DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_UnitEulParam Type Reference

Euler parameters constraints.

### Public Attributes

- INTEGER [ir](#)
- INTEGER [iEul](#)

### 5.19.1 Detailed Description

Euler parameters constraints.

### 5.19.2 Member Data Documentation

5.19.2.1 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_UnitEulParam::iEul

5.19.2.2 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeConstr\_UnitEulParam::ir

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- [D:/Mis\\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/derived\\_types.f90](#)

## 5.20 DERIVED\_TYPES::typeforce\_TSDA Type Reference

TSDA forces.

### Public Attributes

- INTEGER [body1](#)
- INTEGER [body2](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [pt1](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [pt2](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [F1](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [F2](#)
- REAL(8) [k](#)
- REAL(8) [c](#)
- REAL(8) [s0](#)

### 5.20.1 Detailed Description

TSDA forces.

### 5.20.2 Member Data Documentation

5.20.2.1 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeforce\_TSDA::body1

5.20.2.2 INTEGER DERIVED\_TYPES::typeforce\_TSDA::body2

5.20.2.3 REAL(8) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeforce\_TSDA::c

5.20.2.4 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeforce\_TSDA::F1

5.20.2.5 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeforce\_TSDA::F2

5.20.2.6 REAL(8) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeforce\_TSDA::k

5.20.2.7 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeforce\_TSDA::pt1

5.20.2.8 REAL(8),dimension(3) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeforce\_TSDA::pt2

5.20.2.9 REAL(8) DERIVED\_TYPES::typeforce\_TSDA::s0

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- [D:/Mis\\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/derived\\_types.f90](#)



## Chapter 6

# File Documentation

### 6.1 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/constants.f90 File Reference

#### Modules

- module [CONSTANTS](#)  
*Module of solver parameters.*

#### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [CONSTANTS::initialize\\_CONSTANTS](#) (formulation, integrator, time\_step, penaltycoef, psicoef, omegacoef, gravity)  
*Initialization of solver constants and parameters.*
- subroutine [CONSTANTS::initialize\\_CALLBACKS](#) (forces, stiffness, damping, PQbarPrho, PMbarPrhoVdot, dgdy, dgdP, AdjInit, gfun)  
*Initialization of solver callbacks: the user provides the subroutines that the solver calls if necessary. It needs a previous call to constants::initialize\_CONSTANTS.*
- subroutine [CONSTANTS::setDIM](#) (newDIM)
- subroutine [CONSTANTS::setNRT](#) (newNRT)
- subroutine [CONSTANTS::setNMT](#) (newNMT)
- subroutine [CONSTANTS::setNIN](#) (newNIN)

#### Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(3), pointer [CONSTANTS::PROTECTED](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [CONSTANTS::g](#) = (/0.d0,0.d0,-9.81d0/)
- REAL(8) [CONSTANTS::dt](#) = 1.d-2
- REAL(8) [CONSTANTS::alfa](#) = 1.d9
- REAL(8) [CONSTANTS::psi](#) = 1.d0

- REAL(8) `CONSTANTS::omega` = 10.d0
- REAL(8) `CONSTANTS::tolNRppos` = 1.d-10
- REAL(8) `CONSTANTS::pivgdIval` = 1.d15
- INTEGER `CONSTANTS::maxiteppos` = 1000
- INTEGER, parameter `CONSTANTS::Dynamics` = 1
- INTEGER, parameter `CONSTANTS::Kinematics` = 2
- INTEGER, parameter `CONSTANTS::Sensitivity_ADJ` = 3
- INTEGER, parameter `CONSTANTS::Sensitivity_TLM` = 4
- INTEGER, parameter `CONSTANTS::E_RK` = 1
- INTEGER, parameter `CONSTANTS::E_RK2` = 2
- INTEGER, parameter `CONSTANTS::I_RK` = 3
- INTEGER, parameter `CONSTANTS::I_RK_ADJ` = 4
- INTEGER, parameter `CONSTANTS::I_RK_TLM` = 5
- INTEGER `CONSTANTS::SWFORM` = Dynamics
- INTEGER `CONSTANTS::SWINT` = E\_RK
- INTEGER `CONSTANTS::DIM` = 0
- INTEGER `CONSTANTS::NRT` = 0
- INTEGER `CONSTANTS::NIN` = 0
- INTEGER `CONSTANTS::NMT` = 0
- PROCEDURE(callback\_forces), pointer `CONSTANTS::pforces_user`
- PROCEDURE(callback\_stiffness), pointer `CONSTANTS::pstiffness_user`
- PROCEDURE(callback\_damping), pointer `CONSTANTS::pdamping_user`
- PROCEDURE(callback\_PQbarPrho), pointer `CONSTANTS::pqro_user`
- PROCEDURE(callback\_PMbarPrhoVdot), pointer `CONSTANTS::pmpv_user`
- PROCEDURE(callback\_dgdy), pointer `CONSTANTS::pdgdy_user`
- PROCEDURE(callback\_dgdp), pointer `CONSTANTS::pdgdp_user`
- PROCEDURE(callback\_AdjInit), pointer `CONSTANTS::padjinit_user`
- PROCEDURE(callback\_gfun), pointer `CONSTANTS::pgfun_user`

## 6.2 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/constraints.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module `CONSTRAINTS`  
*Module that manages the constraints.*

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine, public `CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr_UnitEulParam` (body)  
*Adds an unitary vector constraint to the Euler parameters of one body. It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.*
- subroutine, public `CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr_dot1` (body1, body2, vector1, vector2)

- Adds a dot-1 joint between two bodies or between the ground and one body.*

  - subroutine, public `CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr_SpheJoint` (body1, body2, point1, point2)
- Adds a spherical joint between two bodies or between the ground and one body.*

  - subroutine, public `CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr_RevJoint` (body1, body2, point1, point2, vect1, vect2)
- Adds a revolute joint between two bodies or between the ground and one body.*

  - subroutine, public `CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr_TransJoint` (body1, body2, point1, point2, vect1x, vect1y, vect2x, vect2y)
- Adds a translational joint between two bodies or between the ground and one body.*

  - subroutine, public `CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr_Drive_rgx` (body, i\_MOTOR)
- Adds a driving constraint to the x-coordinate of the CDM of a body.*

  - subroutine, public `CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr_Drive_rgy` (body, i\_MOTOR)
- Adds a driving constraint to the y-coordinate of the CDM of a body.*

  - subroutine, public `CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr_Drive_rgz` (body, i\_MOTOR)
- Adds a driving constraint to the z-coordinate of the CDM of a body.*

  - subroutine, public `CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr_Drive_eu0` (body, i\_MOTOR)
- Adds a driving constraint to the 1st Euler parameter of a body.*

  - subroutine, public `CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr_Drive_eu1` (body, i\_MOTOR)
- Adds a driving constraint to the 2nd Euler parameter of a body.*

  - subroutine, public `CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr_Drive_eu2` (body, i\_MOTOR)
- Adds a driving constraint to the 3rd Euler parameter of a body.*

  - subroutine, public `CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr_Drive_eu3` (body, i\_MOTOR)
- Adds a driving constraint to the 4rd Euler parameter of a body.*

  - subroutine `CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr_Drive_rgEul` (ind, i\_MOTOR)
- Adds a driving constraint to any body coordinate. It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by other user constraints.*

  - subroutine, public `CONSTRAINTS::ADDConstr_Drive_dist` (body1, body2, point1, point2, i\_MOTOR)
- Adds a driving constraint to a distance between two points in two different bodies.*

  - subroutine, public `CONSTRAINTS::evalconstraints`
- Subroutine that evaluates the constraints vector ( $\Phi$ ). It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.*

  - subroutine, public `CONSTRAINTS::evaljacobian`
- Subroutine that evaluates the jacobian of the constraints vector ( $\Phi_q$ ). It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.*

  - subroutine, public `CONSTRAINTS::evalderjacobianqp`
- Subroutine that evaluates the term  $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$ . It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.*

  - subroutine, public `CONSTRAINTS::evalderjacobian`
- Subroutine that evaluates the term  $\ddot{\Phi}_q$ . It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.*

  - subroutine, public `CONSTRAINTS::evalderderjacobian`

- subroutine, public [CONSTRAINTS::evaljacobderjacobianqp](#)
- subroutine, public [CONSTRAINTS::evalfit](#)
- subroutine, public [CONSTRAINTS::evalfitp](#)
- subroutine, public [CONSTRAINTS::evaljacob\\_jacob](#) (lb)
- subroutine, public [CONSTRAINTS::evaljacobT\\_jacob](#) (lb)
- subroutine, public [CONSTRAINTS::CONSTRAINTS\\_Setup](#)

## Variables

- INTEGER [CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\\_UnitEulParam](#) = 0
- INTEGER [CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\\_dot1GB](#) = 0
- INTEGER [CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\\_dot1](#) = 0
- INTEGER [CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\\_SpheJointGB](#) = 0
- INTEGER [CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\\_SpheJoint](#) = 0
- INTEGER [CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\\_RevJointGB](#) = 0
- INTEGER [CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\\_RevJoint](#) = 0
- INTEGER [CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\\_TransJointGB](#) = 0
- INTEGER [CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\\_TransJoint](#) = 0
- INTEGER [CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\\_Drive\\_rgEul](#) = 0
- INTEGER [CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\\_Drive\\_distGB](#) = 0
- INTEGER [CONSTRAINTS::nConstr\\_Drive\\_dist](#) = 0
- TYPE(typeConstr\_UnitEulParam), dimension(:), allocatable [CONSTRAINTS::Constr\\_UnitEulParam](#)
- TYPE(typeConstr\_dot1), dimension(:), allocatable [CONSTRAINTS::Constr\\_dot1GB](#)
- TYPE(typeConstr\_dot1), dimension(:), allocatable [CONSTRAINTS::Constr\\_dot1](#)
- TYPE(typeConstr\_SpheJoint), dimension(:), allocatable [CONSTRAINTS::Constr\\_SpheJointGB](#)
- TYPE(typeConstr\_SpheJoint), dimension(:), allocatable [CONSTRAINTS::Constr\\_SpheJoint](#)
- TYPE(typeConstr\_RevJoint), dimension(:), allocatable [CONSTRAINTS::Constr\\_RevJointGB](#)
- TYPE(typeConstr\_RevJoint), dimension(:), allocatable [CONSTRAINTS::Constr\\_RevJoint](#)
- TYPE(typeConstr\_TransJoint), dimension(:), allocatable [CONSTRAINTS::Constr\\_TransJointGB](#)
- TYPE(typeConstr\_TransJoint), dimension(:), allocatable [CONSTRAINTS::Constr\\_TransJoint](#)
- TYPE(typeconstr\_Drive\_rgEul), dimension(:), allocatable [CONSTRAINTS::Constr\\_Drive\\_rgEul](#)
- TYPE(typeconstr\_Drive\_Dist), dimension(:), allocatable [CONSTRAINTS::Constr\\_Drive\\_DistGB](#)
- TYPE(typeconstr\_Drive\_Dist), dimension(:), allocatable [CONSTRAINTS::Constr\\_Drive\\_Dist](#)



## 6.3 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization pro- ject/MBSVT/trunk/d2jacobdt2.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module [d2Jacobdt2](#)  
*Module of second derivatives of the Jacobian. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.*

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [d2Jacobdt2::d2Jacobdt2\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [d2Jacobdt2::deallocFiqpp](#)
- subroutine [d2Jacobdt2::ddj\\_UnitEulParam](#) (ir, iEul)  
*The second derivatives of the jacobians of unitary Euler parameters.*
- subroutine [d2Jacobdt2::ddj\\_dot1GB](#) (ir, iEul2, u, v)  
*The second derivative of the jacobians of a dot-1 constraint attached on the ground.*
- subroutine [d2Jacobdt2::ddj\\_dot1](#) (ir, iEul1, iEul2, u, v)  
*The second derivatives of the jacobians of the jacobians of a dot-1 constraint.*
- subroutine [d2Jacobdt2::ddj\\_sphericalGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2)  
*The second derivatives of the jacobians of of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground.*
- subroutine [d2Jacobdt2::ddj\\_spherical](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2)  
*The second derivatives of the jacobians of of a spherical joint between two bodies.*
- subroutine [d2Jacobdt2::ddj\\_revoluteGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)  
*The second derivatives of the jacobians of of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground.*
- subroutine [d2Jacobdt2::ddj\\_revolute](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)  
*The second derivatives of the jacobians of of a revolute joint between two bodies.*
- subroutine [d2Jacobdt2::ddj\\_transGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)  
*The second derivatives of the jacobians of of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground.*
- subroutine [d2Jacobdt2::ddj\\_trans](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)  
*The second derivatives of the jacobians of a translational joint between two bodies.*
- subroutine [d2Jacobdt2::ddj\\_Drive\\_distGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)  
  
*The second derivatives of the jacobians for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.*
- subroutine [d2Jacobdt2::ddj\\_Drive\\_dist](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1\_loc, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)  
  
*The second derivatives of the jacobians for a distance between two points of two bodies.*

## Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable [d2Jacobdt2::PROTECTED](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable [d2Jacobdt2::Fiqpp](#)

## 6.4 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/derived\_types.f90 File Reference

### Data Types

- type [DERIVED\\_TYPES::MATRIXTRANSFORM](#)
- type [DERIVED\\_TYPES::POINT](#)
- type [DERIVED\\_TYPES::SOLID](#)
- type [DERIVED\\_TYPES::typeConstr\\_UnitEulParam](#)  
*Euler parameters constraints.*
- type [DERIVED\\_TYPES::typeConstr\\_dot1](#)  
*Dot-1 constraints.*
- type [DERIVED\\_TYPES::typeConstr\\_SpheJoint](#)  
*Spherical joint constraints.*
- type [DERIVED\\_TYPES::typeConstr\\_RevJoint](#)  
*Revolute joint constraints.*
- type [DERIVED\\_TYPES::typeConstr\\_TransJoint](#)  
*Translational joint constraints.*
- type [DERIVED\\_TYPES::typeconstr\\_Drive\\_rgEul](#)  
*Driving constraints coordinates.*
- type [DERIVED\\_TYPES::typeconstr\\_Drive\\_Dist](#)  
*Driving distance constraints.*
- type [DERIVED\\_TYPES::typeforce\\_TSDA](#)  
*TSDA forces.*
- interface [DERIVED\\_TYPES::callback\\_forces](#)
- interface [DERIVED\\_TYPES::callback\\_stiffness](#)
- interface [DERIVED\\_TYPES::callback\\_damping](#)
- interface [DERIVED\\_TYPES::callback\\_PQbarPrho](#)
- interface [DERIVED\\_TYPES::callback\\_PMbarPrhoVdot](#)
- interface [DERIVED\\_TYPES::callback\\_dgdy](#)
- interface [DERIVED\\_TYPES::callback\\_dgdp](#)
- interface [DERIVED\\_TYPES::callback\\_AdjInit](#)
- interface [DERIVED\\_TYPES::callback\\_gfun](#)

### Modules

- module [DERIVED\\_TYPES](#)  
*Module of solver derived types definition and subroutines/functions to manage the derived types.*

### Functions/Subroutines

- INTEGER, dimension(7) [DERIVED\\_TYPES::indre](#) (nSOLID)  
*Function that returns the index for all the states of the body.*
- INTEGER, dimension(3) [DERIVED\\_TYPES::indrg](#) (nSOLID)  
*Function that returns the index for the CDM of the body.*
- INTEGER [DERIVED\\_TYPES::indrgx](#) (nSOLID)
- INTEGER [DERIVED\\_TYPES::indrgy](#) (nSOLID)
- INTEGER [DERIVED\\_TYPES::indrgz](#) (nSOLID)
- INTEGER, dimension(4) [DERIVED\\_TYPES::indeu](#) (nSOLID)  
*Function that returns the index for the Euler parameters of the body.*
- INTEGER [DERIVED\\_TYPES::indeu0](#) (nSOLID)
- INTEGER [DERIVED\\_TYPES::indeu1](#) (nSOLID)
- INTEGER [DERIVED\\_TYPES::indeu2](#) (nSOLID)
- INTEGER [DERIVED\\_TYPES::indeu3](#) (nSOLID)

## 6.5 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/djacobdt.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module [dJacobdt](#)  
*Module of total derivatives of the Jacobian. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.*

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [dJacobdt::dJacobdt\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [dJacobdt::deallocFiqp](#)
- subroutine [dJacobdt::dj\\_UnitEulParam](#) (ir, iEul)  
*CC*
- subroutine [dJacobdt::dj\\_dot1GB](#) (ir, iEul2, u, v)  
*The first derivative of the jacobians of a dot-1 constraint attached on the ground.*
- subroutine [dJacobdt::dj\\_dot1](#) (ir, iEul1, iEul2, u, v)  
*The first derivative of the jacobians of a dot-1 constraint.*
- subroutine [dJacobdt::dj\\_sphericalGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2)  
*The first derivative of the jacobians of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground.*
- subroutine [dJacobdt::dj\\_spherical](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2)  
*The first derivative of the jacobians of a spherical joint between two bodies.*
- subroutine [dJacobdt::dj\\_revoluteGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)  
*The first derivative of the jacobians of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground.*
- subroutine [dJacobdt::dj\\_revolute](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)

*The first derivative of the jacobians of a revolute joint between two bodies.*

- subroutine [dJacobdt::dj\\_transGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)

*The first derivative of the jacobians of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground.*

- subroutine [dJacobdt::dj\\_trans](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)

*The first derivative of the jacobians of a translational joint between two bodies.*

- subroutine [dJacobdt::dj\\_Drive\\_distGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)

*The first derivative of the jacobians for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.*

- subroutine [dJacobdt::dj\\_Drive\\_dist](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1\_loc, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)

*The first derivative of the jacobians for a distance between two points of two bodies.*

## Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:, :), allocatable [dJacobdt::PROTECTED](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:, :), allocatable [dJacobdt::Fiqp](#)

## 6.6 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/djacobdt\_qp.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module [djacobdt\\_qp](#)  
*Module of derivatives of the Jacobian multiplied by the velocity vector. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.*

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [djacobdt\\_qp::djacobdt\\_qp\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [djacobdt\\_qp::deallocfiqqp](#)
- subroutine [djacobdt\\_qp::deallocfit](#)
- subroutine [djacobdt\\_qp::d\\_UnitEulParam](#) (ir, iEul)
 

$\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$ , which is the derivative of jacobian with respect to time multiplies the velocity vector  $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of unitary Euler parameters
- subroutine [djacobdt\\_qp::d\\_dot1GB](#) (ir, iEul2, u, v)
 

$\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a dot-1 constraint attached on the ground
- subroutine [djacobdt\\_qp::d\\_dot1](#) (ir, iEul1, iEul2, u, v)
 

$\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a dot-1 constraint.
- subroutine [djacobdt\\_qp::d\\_sphericalGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2)
 

$\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground

- subroutine [d\\_jacobdt\\_qp::d\\_spherical](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2)  
 $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a spherical joint between two bodies
- subroutine [d\\_jacobdt\\_qp::d\\_revoluteGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)  
 $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground
- subroutine [d\\_jacobdt\\_qp::d\\_revolute](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)  
 $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a revolute joint between two bodies
- subroutine [d\\_jacobdt\\_qp::d\\_transGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)  
 $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground
- subroutine [d\\_jacobdt\\_qp::d\\_trans](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)  
 $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a translational joint between two bodies
- subroutine [d\\_jacobdt\\_qp::d\\_Drive\\_distGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)  
 $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.
- subroutine [d\\_jacobdt\\_qp::d\\_Drive\\_dist](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1\_loc, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)  
 $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  for a distance between two points of two bodies.
- subroutine [d\\_jacobdt\\_qp::dt\\_Drive\\_rgEul](#) (ir, ind, i\_MOTOR)  
 $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  for a generalized coordinate of the system.
- subroutine [d\\_jacobdt\\_qp::dtp\\_Drive\\_rgEul](#) (ir, ind, i\_MOTOR)  
 $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  for a generalized coordinate of the system.
- subroutine [d\\_jacobdt\\_qp::dt\\_Drive\\_dist](#) (ir, i\_MOTOR)  
 $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  for a distance.
- subroutine [d\\_jacobdt\\_qp::dtp\\_Drive\\_dist](#) (ir, i\_MOTOR)  
 $\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  for a distance.

## Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [d\\_jacobdt\\_qp::PROTECTED](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [d\\_jacobdt\\_qp::fiqpqp](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [d\\_jacobdt\\_qp::fit](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [d\\_jacobdt\\_qp::fitp](#)

## 6.7 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/forceold.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module [forces](#)

## Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine `forces::force` (t, n, F, p, Q)  
*Function to get the generalized force of one body when torque, force and Euler parameters of this body are given.*
- subroutine `forces::TSDA` (t, body1, body2, pt1, pt2, s0, k, c, Q1, Q2)  
*Function to get the generalized forces of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.*
- subroutine `forces::TSDA_q` (t, body1, body2, pt1, pt2, s0, k, c, Q1, Q2)  
*Function to get the generalized stiffness of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.*
- subroutine `forces::TSDA_qp` (t, body1, body2, pt1, pt2, s0, k, c, Q1, Q2)  
*Function to get the generalized damping of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.*

## 6.8 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/forces.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module `forces`

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine `forces::TSDA` (r1, r2, r1p, r2p, s0, k, c, F1, F2)  
*Function to get the primitive forces of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.*
- subroutine `forces::TSDA_q` (r1, r2, r1p, r2p, s0, k, c, df1dr1, df1dr2, df2dr1, df2dr2)  
*Function to get the primitive stiffness of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.*
- subroutine `forces::TSDA_qp` (r1, r2, c, df1dr1p, df1dr2p, df2dr1p, df2dr2p)  
*Function to get the primitive damping of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.*

## 6.9 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/formulation\_dynamics.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module `formulation_Dynamics`  
*Dynamic simulation module.*

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [formulation\\_Dynamics::Acceleration\\_penalty](#) (t)  
*Subrutine that solves the equations of motion for the acceleration using penalty (Partially taken from MBSLIM)*
- subroutine [formulation\\_Dynamics::Penalty\\_fun](#) (NVAR, t, y, yp)
- subroutine [formulation\\_Dynamics::Penalty\\_Tang](#) (N, T, Y, Fy)

## 6.10 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/formulation\_kinematics.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module [formulation\\_Kinematics](#)  
*Kinematic simulation module.*

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [formulation\\_Kinematics::position\\_kinematics](#) (C, name)  
*Solves the position problem in terms of the degrees of freedom of the system (Partially taken from MBSLIM)*
- subroutine [formulation\\_Kinematics::velocity\\_kinematics](#) (C, name)  
*Solves the velocity problem in terms of the degrees of freedom of the system (Partially taken from MBSLIM)*
- subroutine [formulation\\_Kinematics::acceleration\\_kinematics](#) (C, name)  
*Solves the acceleration problem in terms of the degrees of freedom of the system (Partially taken from MBSLIM)*

## 6.11 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/formulation\_sensitivity.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module [formulation\\_Sensitivity](#)  
*Sensitivity analysis module.*

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [formulation\\_Sensitivity::Penalty\\_Jacp](#) (N, NP, T, Y, FPJAC)

## 6.12 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/formulations.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module [formulations](#)  
*Module of generic formulations. Contains the generic functions that manage the use of different formulations.*

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [formulations::acceleration\\_dynamics](#) (t)  
*Generic subroutine for the acceleration calculation.*
- subroutine [formulations::integration\\_dynamics](#) (TIN, TOUT, RTOL, ATOL, POST-STEP)  
*Generic subroutine for the integration of the equations of motion.*
- subroutine [formulations::integration\\_sensitivity](#) (NP, NADJ, NNZERO, VAR, Lambda, TIN, TOUT, ATOL\_adj, RTOL\_adj, ATOL, RTOL, Mu, objval)  
*Generic subroutine for the integration of the equations of motion.*
- subroutine [formulations::Model\\_Setup](#)  
*Generic subroutine to set up the models.*

## 6.13 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/generalized\_forces.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module [generalized\\_forces](#)  
*Generalized forces module.*

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine, public [generalized\\_forces::ADDforce\\_TSDA](#) (body1, body2, pt1, pt2, k, c, s0)
- subroutine, public [generalized\\_forces::evalgenforces](#) (t)  
*Subroutine to evaluate the generalized forces of the system.*
- subroutine, public [generalized\\_forces::evalgenstiffdamp](#) (t)  
*Subroutine to evaluate the generalized stiffness and damping of the system.*
- subroutine [generalized\\_forces::evalprimitiveforces](#) (t, Q\_Prim)  
*Subroutine to evaluate the primitive forces of the system.*
- subroutine [generalized\\_forces::evalprimstiffdamp](#) (t, K\_Prim, C\_Prim)  
*Subroutine to evaluate the primitive stiffness and damping of the system.*



- subroutine [generalized\\_forces::genForce1body](#) (n, F, p, Q)  
*Subroutine to form the local generalized force over one body Function to get the generalized force of one body when torque, force and Euler parameters of this body are given.*
- subroutine, public [generalized\\_forces::generalized\\_forces\\_Setup](#)  
*Generalized forces module setup.*

### Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:, :), allocatable, public [generalized\\_forces::PROTECTED](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable, public [generalized\\_forces::Qgen](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:, :), allocatable, public [generalized\\_forces::Kgen](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:, :), allocatable, public [generalized\\_forces::Cgen](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [generalized\\_forces::Qgrav](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:, :), allocatable [generalized\\_forces::Kgrav](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:, :), allocatable [generalized\\_forces::Cgrav](#)
- INTEGER [generalized\\_forces::nforce\\_TSDA](#) = 0
- TYPE(typeforce\_TSDA), dimension(:), allocatable [generalized\\_forces::force\\_TSDA](#)

## 6.14 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/jacob.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module [Jacob](#)  
*Module of primitive jacobians. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.*

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [Jacob::Jacob\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [Jacob::deallocFiq](#)
- subroutine [Jacob::j\\_UnitEulParam](#) (ir, iEul)  
*CC*  
*Primitive jacobian of unitary Euler parameters.*
- subroutine [Jacob::j\\_dot1GB](#) (ir, iEul2, u, v)  
*Primitive dot-1 jacobian of a body attached on the ground.*
- subroutine [Jacob::j\\_dot1](#) (ir, iEul1, iEul2, u, v)  
*Primitive dot-1 jacobian.*
- subroutine [Jacob::j\\_sphericalGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2)  
*Primitive jacobians of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground.*
- subroutine [Jacob::j\\_spherical](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2)  
*Primitive jacobians of a spherical joint between two bodies.*
- subroutine [Jacob::j\\_revoluteGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)

*Primitive jacobians of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground.*

- subroutine [Jacob::j\\_revolute](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)

*Primitive jacobians of a revolute joint between two bodies.*

- subroutine [Jacob::j\\_transGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)

*Primitive jacobians of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground.*

- subroutine [Jacob::j\\_trans](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)

*Primitive jacobians of a translational joint between two bodies.*

- subroutine [Jacob::j\\_Drive\\_rgEul](#) (ir, ind, i\_MOTOR)

*Primitive driving jacobians for a generalized coordinate of the system.*

- subroutine [Jacob::j\\_Drive\\_distGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)

*Primitive driving jacobians for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.*

- subroutine [Jacob::j\\_Drive\\_dist](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1\_loc, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)

*Primitive driving constraints for a distance between two points of two bodies.*

## Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:, :), allocatable [Jacob::PROTECTED](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:, :), allocatable [Jacob::Fiq](#)

## 6.15 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/jacob\_djacobdt\_qp.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module [jacob\\_djacobdt\\_qp](#)  
*Module of  $(\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q})_q$ . It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.*

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [jacob\\_djacobdt\\_qp::jacob\\_djacobdt\\_qp\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [jacob\\_djacobdt\\_qp::deallocFiqppq](#)
- subroutine [jacob\\_djacobdt\\_qp::dq\\_dot1](#) (ir, iEul1, iEul2, u, v)  
 *$\dot{\Phi}_q \dot{q}$  of a dot-1 constraint.*
- subroutine [jacob\\_djacobdt\\_qp::dq\\_revolute](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)  
 *$(\dot{\mathbf{m}}_q \dot{q})_q$  of a revolute joint between two bodies*
- subroutine [jacob\\_djacobdt\\_qp::dq\\_transGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)  
 *$(\dot{\mathbf{m}}_q \dot{q})_q$  of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground*

- subroutine [jacob\\_djacobdt\\_qp::dq\\_trans](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)
 

$\Phi_{qq}$  of a translational joint between two bodies
- subroutine [jacob\\_djacobdt\\_qp::dq\\_Drive\\_distGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)
 

$\Phi_{qq}$  for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.
- subroutine [jacob\\_djacobdt\\_qp::dq\\_Drive\\_dist](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1\_loc, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)
 

$\Phi_{qq}$  for a distance between two points of two bodies.

### Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:,), allocatable [jacob\\_djacobdt\\_qp::PROTECTED](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:,), allocatable [jacob\\_djacobdt\\_qp::Fiqqppq](#)

## 6.16 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/jacob\_jacob.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module [jacob\\_jacob](#)

Module of  $\Phi_{qq}V$ , which is the jacobian of the primitive jacobian multiplied by a vector. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [jacob\\_jacob::jacob\\_jacob\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [jacob\\_jacob::deallocFiqqlb](#)
- subroutine [jacob\\_jacob::jjlb\\_UnitEulParam](#) (ir, iEul, lb)
 

CC

$\Phi_{qq}V$  of unitary Euler parameters.
- subroutine [jacob\\_jacob::jjlb\\_dot1GB](#) (ir, iEul2, u, v, lb)
 

$\Phi_{qq}V$  of a dot-1 jacobian of a body attached on the ground
- subroutine [jacob\\_jacob::jjlb\\_dot1](#) (ir, iEul1, iEul2, u, v, lb)
 

$\Phi_{qq}V$  of a dot-1 jacobian
- subroutine [jacob\\_jacob::jjlb\\_sphericalGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, lb)
 

$\Phi_{qq}V$  of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground
- subroutine [jacob\\_jacob::jjlb\\_spherical](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, lb)
 

$\Phi_{qq}V$  of a spherical joint between two bodies
- subroutine [jacob\\_jacob::jjlb\\_revoluteGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2, lb)
 

$\Phi_{qq}V$  of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground
- subroutine [jacob\\_jacob::jjlb\\_revolute](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2, lb)

- $\Phi_{qq} \mathbf{V}$  of a revolute joint between two bodies

  - subroutine [jacob\\_jacob::jjlb\\_transGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z, lb)
- $\Phi_{qq} \mathbf{V}$  of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground

  - subroutine [jacob\\_jacob::jjlb\\_trans](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z, lb)
- $\Phi_{qq} \mathbf{V}$  of a translational joint between two bodies

  - subroutine [jacob\\_jacob::jjlb\\_Drive\\_distGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR, lb)
- $\Phi_{qq} \mathbf{V}$  of a distance driving jacobians between a point in the ground and a point of one body.

  - subroutine [jacob\\_jacob::jjlb\\_Drive\\_dist](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1\_loc, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR, lb)

*Primitive driving constraints for a distance between two points of two bodies.*

## Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable [jacob\\_jacob::PROTECTED](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable [jacob\\_jacob::Fiiqqlb](#)

## 6.17 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/jacobT\_jacob.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module [jacobT\\_jacob](#)

*Module of  $\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$ , which is the transpose of the jacobian of the primitive jacobian multiplied by a vector. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.*

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [jacobT\\_jacob::jacobT\\_jacob\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [jacobT\\_jacob::deallocFiiqqlb](#)
- subroutine [jacobT\\_jacob::resetFiiqqlb](#)
- subroutine [jacobT\\_jacob::jjtlb\\_UnitEulParam](#) (ir, iEul, lb)
 

CC

$\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of unitary Euler parameters.
- subroutine [jacobT\\_jacob::jjtlb\\_dot1GB](#) (ir, iEul2, u, v, lb)
 

$\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of dot-1 jacobian of a body attached on the ground
- subroutine [jacobT\\_jacob::jjtlb\\_dot1](#) (ir, iEul1, iEul2, u, v, lb)
 

$\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of dot-1 jacobian
- subroutine [jacobT\\_jacob::jjtlb\\_sphericalGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, lb)
 

$\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground

- subroutine `jacobT_jacob::jtlb_spherical` (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, lb)  
 $\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of a spherical joint between two bodies
- subroutine `jacobT_jacob::jtlb_revoluteGB` (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2, lb)  
 $\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground
- subroutine `jacobT_jacob::jtlb_revolute` (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2, lb)  
 $\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of a revolute joint between two bodies
- subroutine `jacobT_jacob::jtlb_transGB` (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z, lb)  
 $\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground
- subroutine `jacobT_jacob::jtlb_trans` (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z, lb)  
 $\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of a translational joint between two bodies
- subroutine `jacobT_jacob::jtlb_Drive_distGB` (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR, lb)  
 $\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of driving jacobians for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.
- subroutine `jacobT_jacob::jtlb_Drive_dist` (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1\_loc, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR, lb)  
 $\Phi_{qq}^T \mathbf{V}$  of driving constraints for a distance between two points of two bodies.

## Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:, :), allocatable `jacobT_jacob::PROTECTED`
- REAL(8), dimension(:, :), allocatable `jacobT_jacob::Fiiqtlb`

## 6.18 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/lbfgsb/blas.f File Reference

### Functions/Subroutines

- double precision `dnrm2` (n, x, incx)
- subroutine `daxpy` (n, da, dx, incx, dy, incy)
- subroutine `dcopy` (n, dx, incx, dy, incy)
- double precision `ddot` (n, dx, incx, dy, incy)
- subroutine `dscal` (n, da, dx, incx)

### 6.18.1 Function Documentation

- 6.18.1.1 subroutine `daxpy` ( integer *n*, double precision *da*, double precision,dimension(\*) *dx*, integer *incx*, double precision,dimension(\*) *dy*, integer *incy* )

- 6.18.1.2 subroutine `dcopy` ( integer *n*, double precision,dimension(\*) *dx*, integer *incx*, double precision,dimension(\*) *dy*, integer *incy* )
- 6.18.1.3 double precision `ddot` ( integer *n*, double precision,dimension(\*) *dx*, integer *incx*, double precision,dimension(\*) *dy*, integer *incy* )
- 6.18.1.4 double precision `dnorm2` ( integer *n*, double precision,dimension(n) *x*, integer *incx* )
- 6.18.1.5 subroutine `dscal` ( integer *n*, double precision *da*, double precision,dimension(\*) *dx*, integer *incx* )

## 6.19 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/lbfgsb/lbfgsb.f File Reference

### Functions/Subroutines

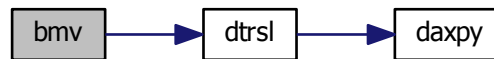
- subroutine [setulb](#) (n, m, x, l, u, nbd, f, g, factr, pgtol, wa, iwa, task, iprint, csave, lsave, isave, dsave)
- subroutine [mainlb](#) (n, m, x, l, u, nbd, f, g, factr, pgtol, ws, wy, sy, ss, wt, wn, snd, z, r, d, t, xp, wa, index, iwhere, indx2, task, iprint, csave, lsave, isave, dsave)
- subroutine [active](#) (n, l, u, nbd, x, iwhere, iprint, prjctd, cnstnd, boxed)
- subroutine [bmv](#) (m, sy, wt, col, v, p, info)
- subroutine [cauchy](#) (n, x, l, u, nbd, g, iorder, iwhere, t, d, xcp, m, wy, ws, sy, wt, theta, col, head, p, c, wbp, v, nseg, iprint, sbgnrm, info, epsmch)
- subroutine [cmprlb](#) (n, m, x, g, ws, wy, sy, wt, z, r, wa, index, theta, col, head, nfree, cnstnd, info)
- subroutine [errclb](#) (n, m, factr, l, u, nbd, task, info, k)
- subroutine [formk](#) (n, nsub, ind, nenter, ileave, indx2, iupdat, updatd, wn, wn1, m, ws, wy, sy, theta, col, head, info)
- subroutine [formt](#) (m, wt, sy, ss, col, theta, info)
- subroutine [freev](#) (n, nfree, index, nenter, ileave, indx2, iwhere, wrk, updatd, cnstnd, iprint, iter)
- subroutine [hpsolb](#) (n, t, iorder, iheap)
- subroutine [lnsrlb](#) (n, l, u, nbd, x, f, fold, gd, gdold, g, d, r, t, z, stp, dnorm, dtd, xstep, stpmx, iter, ifun, iback, nfgv, info, task, boxed, cnstnd, csave, isave, dsave)
- subroutine [matupd](#) (n, m, ws, wy, sy, ss, d, r, itail, iupdat, col, head, theta, rr, dr, stp, dtd)
- subroutine [prn1lb](#) (n, m, l, u, x, iprint, itfile, epsmch)
- subroutine [prn2lb](#) (n, x, f, g, iprint, itfile, iter, nfgv, nact, sbgnrm, nseg, word, iword, iback, stp, xstep)
- subroutine [prn3lb](#) (n, x, f, task, iprint, info, itfile, iter, nfgv, nintol, nskip, nact, sbgnrm, time, nseg, word, iback, stp, xstep, k, cachyt, sbtime, lnscht)
- subroutine [projgr](#) (n, l, u, nbd, x, g, sbgnrm)
- subroutine [subsm](#) (n, m, nsub, ind, l, u, nbd, x, d, xp, ws, wy, theta, xx, gg, col, head, iword, wv, wn, iprint, info)
- subroutine [dcsrch](#) (f, g, stp, ftol, gtol, xtoll, stpmin, stpmax, task, isave, dsave)
- subroutine [dcstep](#) (stx, fx, dx, sty, fy, dy, stp, fp, dp, brackt, stpmin, stpmax)

### 6.19.1 Function Documentation

6.19.1.1 subroutine `active` ( integer *n*, double precision,dimension(*n*) *l*, double precision,dimension(*n*) *u*, integer,dimension(*n*) *nbd*, double precision,dimension(*n*) *x*, integer,dimension(*n*) *iwhere*, integer *iprint*, logical *prjctd*, logical *cnstnd*, logical *boxed* )

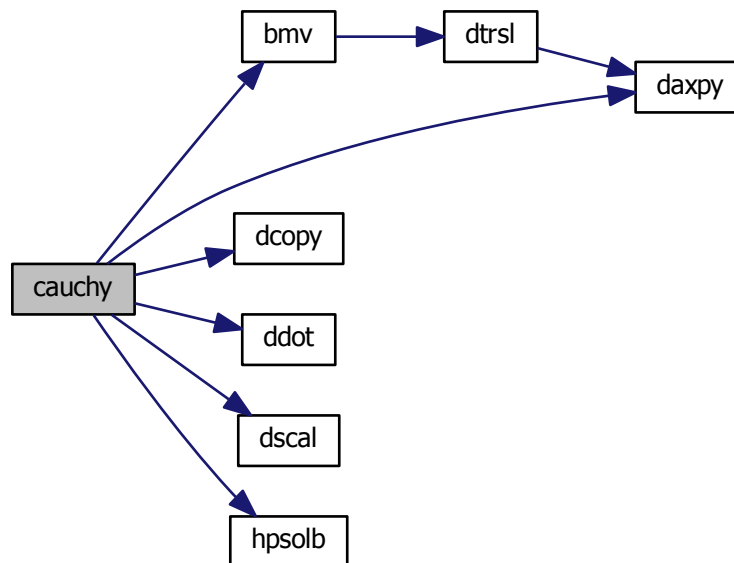
6.19.1.2 subroutine `bmv` ( integer *m*, double precision,dimension(*m*, *m*) *sy*, double precision,dimension(*m*, *m*) *wt*, integer *col*, double precision,dimension(2\**col*) *v*, double precision,dimension(2\**col*) *p*, integer *info* )

Here is the call graph for this function:



6.19.1.3 subroutine `cauchy` ( integer  $n$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $x$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $l$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $u$ , integer,dimension( $n$ )  $nbd$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $g$ , integer,dimension( $n$ )  $iorder$ , integer,dimension( $n$ )  $iwhere$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $t$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $d$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $xcp$ , integer  $m$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ , col)  $wy$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ , col)  $ws$ , double precision,dimension( $m$ ,  $m$ )  $sy$ , double precision,dimension( $m$ ,  $m$ )  $wt$ , double precision  $theta$ , integer  $col$ , integer  $head$ , double precision,dimension( $2*m$ )  $p$ , double precision,dimension( $2*m$ )  $c$ , double precision,dimension( $2*m$ )  $wbp$ , double precision,dimension( $2*m$ )  $v$ , integer  $nseg$ , integer  $iprint$ , double precision  $sbgorm$ , integer  $info$ , double precision  $epsrch$  )

Here is the call graph for this function:





6.19.1.4 subroutine `cmprlb` ( integer *n*, integer *m*, double precision,dimension(n)  
*x*, double precision,dimension(n) *g*, double precision,dimension(n, m) *ws*,  
double precision,dimension(n, m) *wy*, double precision,dimension(m, m) *sy*,  
double precision,dimension(m, m) *wt*, double precision,dimension(n) *z*, double  
precision,dimension(n) *r*, double precision,dimension(4\*m) *wa*, integer,dimension(n)  
*index*, double precision *theta*, integer *col*, integer *head*, integer *nfree*, logical *cnstnd*,  
integer *info* )

Here is the call graph for this function:



6.19.1.5 subroutine `dcsrch` ( double precision *f*, double precision *g*, double precision *stp*,  
double precision *ftol*, double precision *gtol*, double precision *xtol*, double precision  
*stpmin*, double precision *stpmax*, character\*(\*) *task*, integer,dimension(2) *isave*,  
double precision,dimension(13) *dsave* )

Here is the call graph for this function:

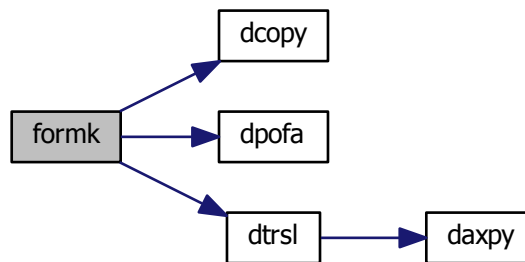


6.19.1.6 subroutine `dcstep` ( double precision *stx*, double precision *fx*, double precision *dx*,  
double precision *sty*, double precision *fy*, double precision *dy*, double precision *stp*,  
double precision *fp*, double precision *dp*, logical *brackt*, double precision *stpmin*,  
double precision *stpmax* )

6.19.1.7 subroutine `errclb` ( integer *n*, integer *m*, double precision *factr*, double  
precision,dimension(n) *l*, double precision,dimension(n) *u*, integer,dimension(n) *nbd*,  
character\*60 *task*, integer *info*, integer *k* )

6.19.1.8 subroutine `formk` ( integer *n*, integer *nsub*, integer,dimension(*n*) *ind*, integer *nenter*, integer *ileave*, integer,dimension(*n*) *indx2*, integer *iupdat*, logical *updatd*, double precision,dimension(2\**m*, 2\**m*) *wn*, double precision,dimension(2\**m*, 2\**m*) *wn1*, integer *m*, double precision,dimension(*n*, *m*) *ws*, double precision,dimension(*n*, *m*) *wy*, double precision,dimension(*m*, *m*) *sy*, double precision *theta*, integer *col*, integer *head*, integer *info* )

Here is the call graph for this function:



6.19.1.9 subroutine `formt` ( integer *m*, double precision,dimension(*m*, *m*) *wt*, double precision,dimension(*m*, *m*) *sy*, double precision,dimension(*m*, *m*) *ss*, integer *col*, double precision *theta*, integer *info* )

Here is the call graph for this function:

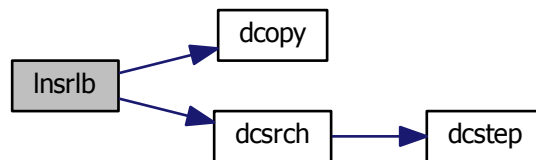


6.19.1.10 subroutine `freev` ( integer *n*, integer *nfree*, integer,dimension(*n*) *index*, integer *nenter*, integer *ileave*, integer,dimension(*n*) *indx2*, integer,dimension(*n*) *iwhere*, logical *wrk*, logical *updatd*, logical *cnstnd*, integer *iprint*, integer *iter* )

6.19.1.11 subroutine hpsolb ( integer  $n$ , double precision,dimension(n)  $t$ , integer,dimension(n)  $iorder$ , integer  $iheap$  )

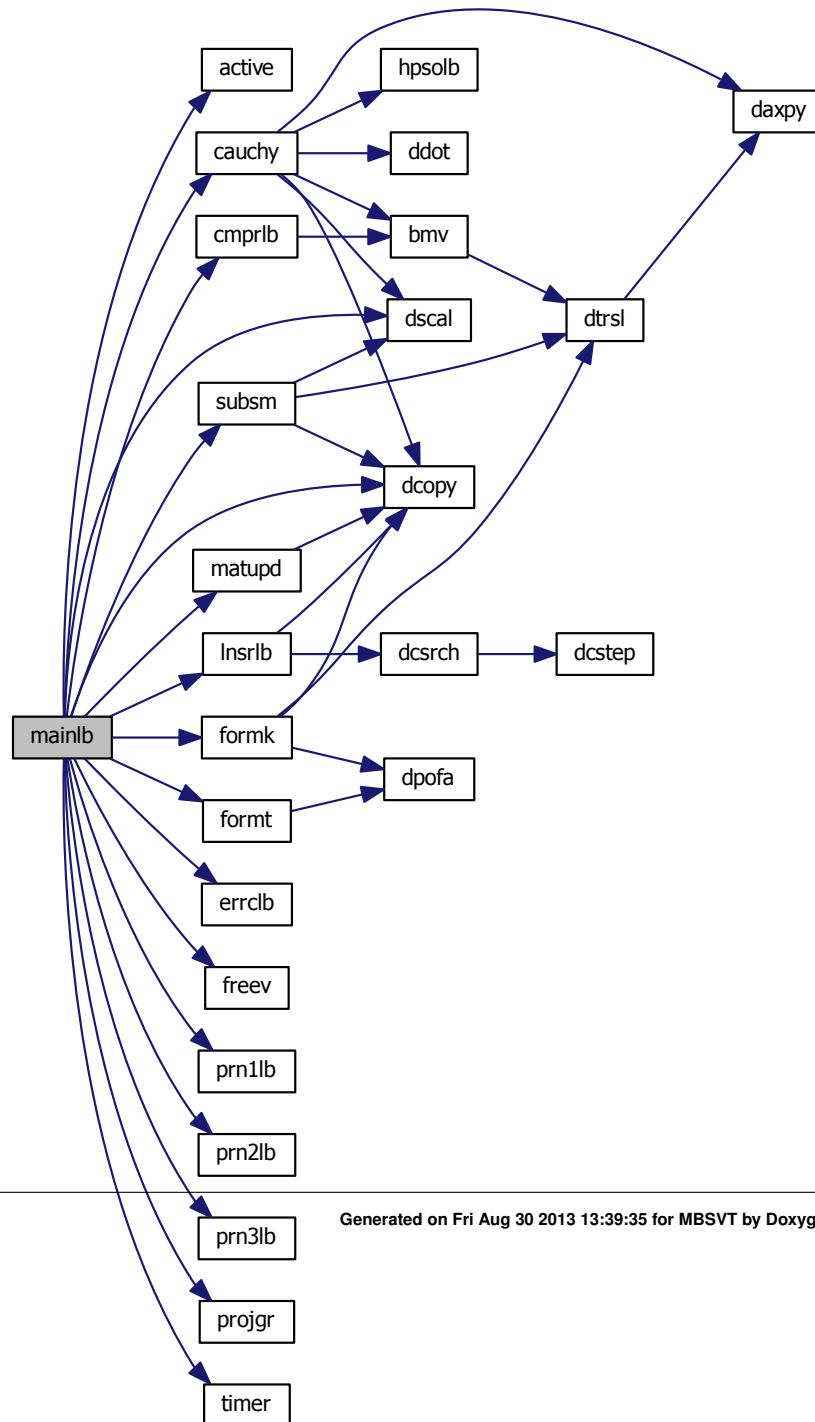
6.19.1.12 subroutine Insrlb ( integer  $n$ , double precision,dimension(n)  $l$ , double precision,dimension(n)  $u$ , integer,dimension(n)  $nbd$ , double precision,dimension(n)  $x$ , double precision  $f$ , double precision  $fold$ , double precision  $gd$ , double precision  $gdold$ , double precision,dimension(n)  $g$ , double precision,dimension(n)  $d$ , double precision,dimension(n)  $r$ , double precision,dimension(n)  $t$ , double precision,dimension(n)  $z$ , double precision  $stp$ , double precision  $dnorm$ , double precision  $dtd$ , double precision  $xstep$ , double precision  $stpmx$ , integer  $iter$ , integer  $ifun$ , integer  $iback$ , integer  $nfgv$ , integer  $info$ , character\*60  $task$ , logical  $boxed$ , logical  $cnstnd$ , character\*60  $csave$ , integer,dimension(2)  $isave$ , double precision,dimension(13)  $dsave$  )

Here is the call graph for this function:



6.19.1.13 subroutine mainlb ( integer  $n$ , integer  $m$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $x$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $l$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $u$ , integer,dimension( $n$ )  $nbd$ , double precision  $f$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $g$ , double precision  $factr$ , double precision  $pgtol$ ,  $ws$ ,  $wy$ ,  $sy$ ,  $ss$ ,  $wt$ ,  $wn$ ,  $snd$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $z$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $r$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $d$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $t$ ,  $xp$ ,  $wa$ , integer,dimension( $n$ )  $index$ , integer,dimension( $n$ )  $iwhere$ , integer,dimension( $n$ )  $indx2$ , character\*60  $task$ , integer  $iprint$ , character\*60  $csave$ , logical,dimension(4)  $lsave$ , integer,dimension(23)  $isave$ ,  $dsave$  )

Here is the call graph for this function:



6.19.1.14 subroutine `matupd` ( integer *n*, integer *m*, double precision,dimension(*n*, *m*) *ws*, double precision,dimension(*n*, *m*) *wy*, double precision,dimension(*m*, *m*) *sy*, double precision,dimension(*m*, *m*) *ss*, double precision,dimension(*n*) *d*, double precision,dimension(*n*) *r*, integer *itail*, integer *iupdat*, integer *col*, integer *head*, double precision *theta*, double precision *rr*, double precision *dr*, double precision *stp*, double precision *dtd* )

Here is the call graph for this function:



6.19.1.15 subroutine `prn1lb` ( integer *n*, integer *m*, double precision,dimension(*n*) *l*, double precision,dimension(*n*) *u*, double precision,dimension(*n*) *x*, integer *iprint*, integer *itfile*, double precision *epsmch* )

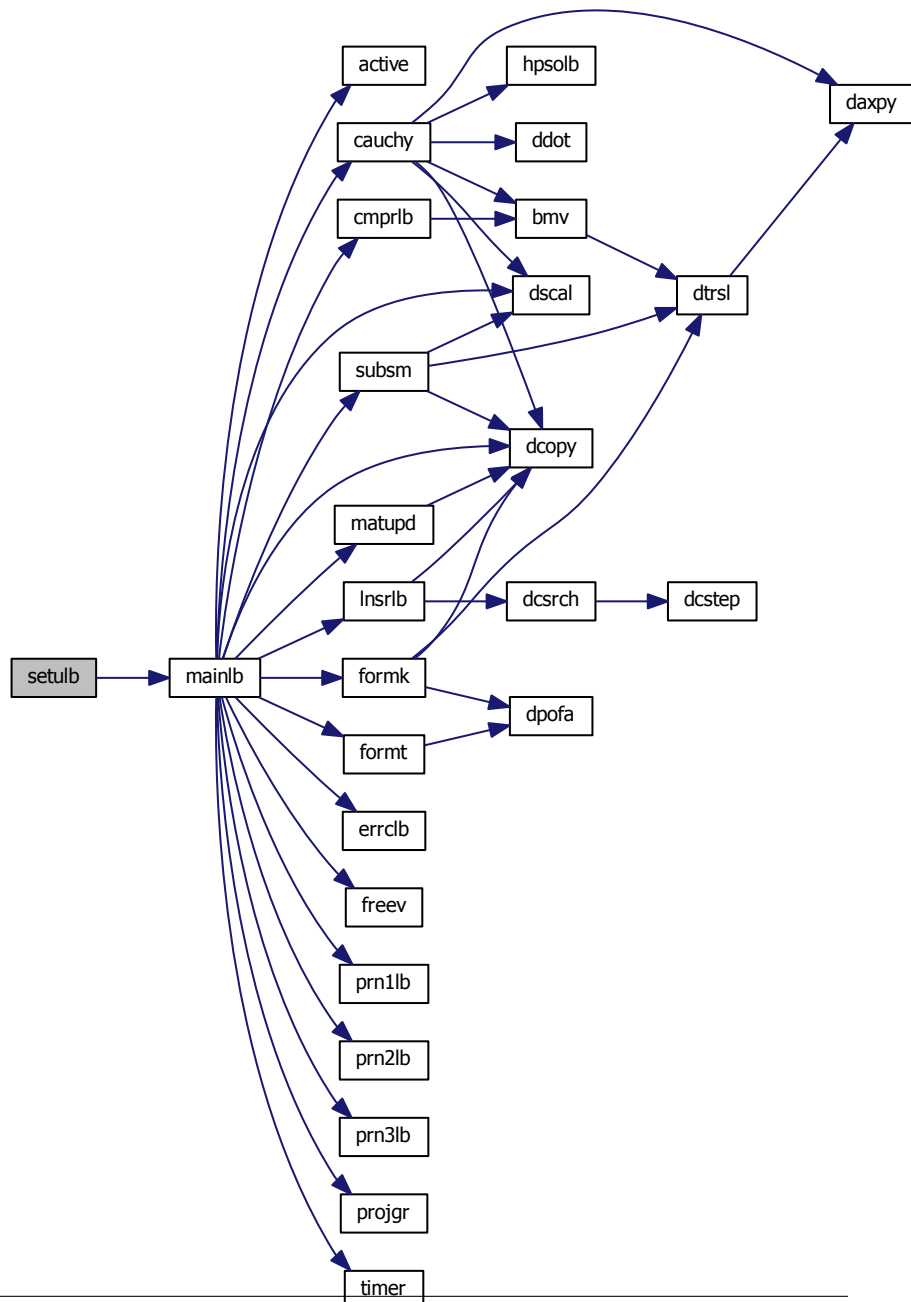
6.19.1.16 subroutine `prn2lb` ( integer *n*, double precision,dimension(*n*) *x*, double precision *f*, double precision,dimension(*n*) *g*, integer *iprint*, integer *itfile*, integer *iter*, integer *nfgv*, integer *nact*, double precision *sbgnrm*, integer *nseg*, character\*3 *word*, integer *iback*, integer *iback*, double precision *stp*, double precision *xstep* )

6.19.1.17 subroutine `prn3lb` ( integer *n*, double precision,dimension(*n*) *x*, double precision *f*, character\*60 *task*, integer *iprint*, integer *info*, integer *itfile*, integer *iter*, integer *nfgv*, integer *nintol*, integer *nskip*, integer *nact*, double precision *sbgnrm*, double precision *time*, integer *nseg*, character\*3 *word*, integer *iback*, double precision *stp*, double precision *xstep*, integer *k*, double precision *cachyt*, double precision *sptime*, double precision *inscht* )

6.19.1.18 subroutine `projgr` ( integer *n*, double precision,dimension(*n*) *l*, double precision,dimension(*n*) *u*, integer,dimension(*n*) *kbd*, double precision,dimension(*n*) *x*, double precision,dimension(*n*) *g*, double precision *sbgnrm* )

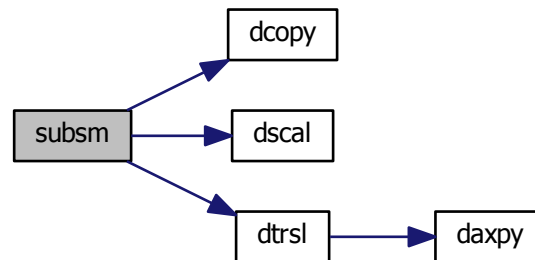
6.19.1.19 subroutine `setulb` ( integer  $n$ , integer  $m$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $x$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $l$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $u$ , integer,dimension( $n$ )  $nbd$ , double precision  $f$ , double precision,dimension( $n$ )  $g$ , double precision  $factr$ , double precision  $pgtol$ ,  $wa$ , integer,dimension( $3 \times n$ )  $iwa$ , character\*60  $task$ , integer  $iprint$ , character\*60  $csave$ , logical,dimension(4)  $lsave$ , integer,dimension(44)  $isave$ ,  $dsave$  )

Here is the call graph for this function:



6.19.1.20 subroutine `subsm` ( integer *n*, integer *m*, integer *nsub*, integer, dimension(*nsub*) *ind*, double precision, dimension(*n*) *l*, double precision, dimension(*n*) *u*, integer, dimension(*n*) *nbd*, double precision, dimension(*n*) *x*, double precision, dimension(*n*) *d*, double precision, dimension(*n*) *xp*, double precision, dimension(*n*, *m*) *ws*, double precision, dimension(*n*, *m*) *wy*, double precision *theta*, double precision, dimension(*n*) *xx*, double precision, dimension(*n*) *gg*, integer *col*, integer *head*, integer *iword*, double precision, dimension(2\**m*) *wv*, double precision, dimension(2\**m*, 2\**m*) *wn*, integer *iprint*, integer *info* )

Here is the call graph for this function:



## 6.20 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/lbfgsb/linpack.f File Reference

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [dpofa](#) (*a*, *lda*, *n*, *info*)
- subroutine [dtrsl](#) (*t*, *ldt*, *n*, *b*, *job*, *info*)

### 6.20.1 Function Documentation

6.20.1.1 subroutine `dpofa` ( double precision, dimension(*lda*,\*) *a*, integer *lda*, integer *n*, integer *info* )

6.20.1.2 subroutine `dtrsl` ( double precision,dimension(ldt,\*) *t*, integer *ldt*, integer *n*, double precision,dimension(\*) *b*, integer *job*, integer *info* )

Here is the call graph for this function:



## 6.21 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/lbfgsb/timer.f File Reference

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [timer](#) (*ttime*)

### 6.21.1 Function Documentation

6.21.1.1 subroutine `timer` ( double precision *ttime* )

## 6.22 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/mass\_massq.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module [mass\\_massq](#)  
*Module of  $\mathbf{M}_q \mathbf{V}$ , which is the jacobian of the mass matrix multiplied by a vector. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.*

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [mass\\_massq::dMdqV\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [mass\\_massq::deallcdMdqV](#)
- subroutine [mass\\_massq::Eval\\_Mass\\_Matrix](#)  
*Subroutine to assemble the mass matrix of the whole system.*
- subroutine [mass\\_massq::Mq](#) (*body*, *lb*)  
*Subroutine to evaluate  $\mathbf{M}_q \mathbf{V}$  of one body.*



- subroutine `mass_massq::Eval_Mq` (lb)  
*Subroutine to assemble  $M_q V$  of the whole system.*

### Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable `mass_massq::PROTECTED`
- REAL(8), dimension(:,:), allocatable `mass_massq::Mqlb`

## 6.23 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/math\_oper.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module `math_oper`  
*Module of non-intrinsic mathematical operations. Contains all the operations necessary for multi body dynamics computations not supported by the Fortran 2003 standard.*

### Functions/Subroutines

- REAL(8) `math_oper::norm` (r)  
*Calculate the standard  $|r|$  of a vector  $r$ .*
- REAL(8), dimension(size(r)) `math_oper::normalize` (r)  
*Normalize an vector  $\mathbf{normalize}(r) = \frac{r}{|r|}$ .*
- REAL(8), dimension(3) `math_oper::pvect` (u, v)  
*Calculates the cross product of two vectors.*
- subroutine `math_oper::PerpVectors` (nfl, u, v)  
*Given a vector, calculates two perpendicular vectors to the given one.*
- real(8) `math_oper::MREulerParam` (e)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns the rotation transformation matrix  $A$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::Gmatrix` (e)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns the G matrix  $G$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::Gmatrix_e1` (e)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns  $=\{ A\}_{e_0}$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::Gmatrix_e2` (e)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns  $=\{ A\}_{e_1}$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::Gmatrix_e3` (e)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns  $=\{ A\}_{e_2}$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::Gmatrix_e4` (e)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns  $=\{ A\}_{e_3}$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::dMREulerParam_v` (e, v)  
*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\frac{\partial Av}{\partial e}$ .*

- real(8) `math_oper::dMREulerParam_t` (p, pd, t)
 

*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , the velocity vector of Euler parameters  $\dot{e}$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\frac{dAv}{dt}$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::d2MREulerParam_t2` (p, pd, ps, t)
 

*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , the velocity vector of Euler parameters  $\dot{e}$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\frac{d^2Av}{dt^2}$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::dMREulerParam_t_e1` (p, pd, t)
 

*Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial e_0$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::dMREulerParam_t_e2` (p, pd, t)
 

*Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial e_1$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::dMREulerParam_t_e3` (p, pd, t)
 

*Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial e_2$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::dMREulerParam_t_e4` (p, pd, t)
 

*Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial e_3$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::dMREulerParam_t_e1d` (p, pd, t)
 

*Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial \dot{e}_0$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::dMREulerParam_t_e2d` (p, pd, t)
 

*Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial \dot{e}_1$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::dMREulerParam_t_e3d` (p, pd, t)
 

*Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial \dot{e}_2$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::dMREulerParam_t_e4d` (p, pd, t)
 

*Given the vector of Euler parameters, the velocity vector of Euler parameters and a vector, it returns  $\partial \frac{dAv}{dt} \partial \dot{e}_3$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::dMREulerParam_v_e1` (e, v)
 

*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\partial \left( \frac{\partial Av}{\partial e} \right) \partial e_0$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::dMREulerParam_v_e2` (e, v)
 

*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\partial \left( \frac{\partial Av}{\partial e} \right) \partial e_1$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::dMREulerParam_v_e3` (e, v)
 

*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\partial \left( \frac{\partial Av}{\partial e} \right) \partial e_2$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::dMREulerParam_v_e4` (e, v)
 

*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$  and a vector  $v$ , it returns  $\partial \left( \frac{\partial Av}{\partial e} \right) \partial e_3$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::MREulerParam_e1` (e)
 

*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns the derivative of the rotation matrix with respect to  $e_0$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::MREulerParam_e2` (e)
 

*Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns the derivative of the rotation matrix with respect to  $e_1$ .*
- real(8) `math_oper::MREulerParam_e3` (e)

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns the derivative of the rotation matrix with respect to  $e_2$ .

- real(8) [math\\_oper::MREulerParam\\_e4](#) ( $e$ )

Given the vector of Euler parameters  $e$ , it returns the derivative of the rotation matrix with respect to  $e_3$ .

- real(8), dimension(size(u), size(v)) [math\\_oper::tensor\\_product](#) ( $u$ ,  $v$ )

Given the two vectors, find the tensor product between these two vectors.

- real(8) [math\\_oper::GAV](#) ( $p$ ,  $v$ )

Given the euler parameters  $p$  and a vector  $v$  of one body, find  $2 * G^T \tilde{A}v$ .

- real(8) [math\\_oper::GAV\\_e1](#) ( $p$ ,  $v$ )

Given the euler parameters  $p$  and a vector  $v$  of one body, returns  $\frac{d2 * G^T \tilde{A}v}{de_0}$ .

- real(8) [math\\_oper::GAV\\_e2](#) ( $p$ ,  $v$ )

Given the euler parameters  $p$  and a vector  $v$  of one body, returns  $\frac{d2 * G^T \tilde{A}v}{de_1}$ .

- real(8) [math\\_oper::GAV\\_e3](#) ( $p$ ,  $v$ )

Given the euler parameters  $p$  and a vector  $v$  of one body, returns  $\frac{d2 * G^T \tilde{A}v}{de_2}$ .

- real(8) [math\\_oper::GAV\\_e4](#) ( $p$ ,  $v$ )

Given the euler parameters  $p$  and a vector  $v$  of one body, returns  $\frac{d2 * G^T \tilde{A}v}{de_3}$ .

## Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(3, 3), parameter [math\\_oper::EYE3](#) = RESHAPE(SOURCE=(/ 1.d0,0.d0,0.d0, 0.d0,1.d0,0.d0, 0.d0,0.d0,1.d0/), SHAPE=(/3,3/))
- REAL(8), dimension(3, 3), parameter [math\\_oper::ZEROS3](#) = 0.d0
- REAL(8), dimension(4, 4), parameter [math\\_oper::EYE4](#) = RESHAPE(SOURCE=(/ 1.d0,0.d0,0.d0,0.d0, 0.d0,1.d0,0.d0,0.d0, 0.d0,0.d0,1.d0,0.d0, 0.d0,0.d0,0.d0,1.d0/), SHAPE=(/4,4/))

## 6.24 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/matlab\_caller.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module [matlab\\_caller](#)

Managment of sessions of MATLAB engine: This is a part of the [matlab\\_caller](#) module of MBSLIM.

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [matlab\\_caller::MATLAB\\_OPENSES](#)  
OPENS MATLAB SESSION.
- subroutine [matlab\\_caller::MATLAB\\_CLOSESES](#)  
CLOSES MATLAB SESSION.

- subroutine `matlab_caller::MATLAB_CHECKSES`  
*CHECKS IF THERE IS A MATLAB SESSION (for internal use of the module only)*
- subroutine `matlab_caller::MATLAB_EVALSTRING` (STRING)  
*It evaluates Matlab expression.*
- subroutine `matlab_caller::MATLAB_PUTREALVECTOR` (b, NOMBRE)  
*It passes a real vector b.*
- subroutine `matlab_caller::MATLAB_GETREALVECTOR` (b, NOMBRE)  
*It gets/reads the vector 'nombre' from matlab and it places it in b!>*
- subroutine `matlab_caller::MATLAB_GETREAL` (c, NOMBRE)  
*It reads the scalar NOMBRE from Matlab and it places it on variable c.*
- subroutine `matlab_caller::MATLAB_PUTINTEGER` (i, NOMBRE)  
*PASSES AN INTEGER i.*
- subroutine `matlab_caller::MATLAB_PLOT` (t\_graph, y\_graph, figur, linecolor, linewidth)  
  
*PLOTS 2 VECTORS OF REAL DATA Y.VS.X.*

## 6.25 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/primitive\_forces.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module `primitive_forces`  
*Primitive forces module.*

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine `primitive_forces::TSDA` (r1, r2, r1p, r2p, s0, k, c, F1, F2)  
*Function to get the primitive forces of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.*
- subroutine `primitive_forces::TSDA_q` (r1, r2, r1p, r2p, s0, k, c, df1dr1, df1dr2, df2dr1, df2dr2)  
*Function to get the primitive stiffness of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.*
- subroutine `primitive_forces::TSDA_qp` (r1, r2, c, df1dr1p, df1dr2p, df2dr1p, df2dr2p)  
  
*Function to get the primitive damping of a translational spring-damper-actuator between acting on two bodies.*

## 6.26 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/restric.f90 File Reference

## Modules

- module [restric](#)

*Module of primitive constraints. It's NOT a user module, it's used by the solver.*

## Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [restric::restric\\_Setup](#)

- subroutine [restric::deallocfi](#)

- subroutine [restric::r\\_UnitEulParam](#) (ir, iEul)

*Primitive constraint of unitary Euler parameters assume  $\mathbf{p}$  is the Euler parameter. the constraint equation is :  $\mathbf{p}^T \mathbf{p} - 1$ .*

- subroutine [restric::r\\_dot1GB](#) (ir, iEul2, u, v)

*Primitive dot-1 constraint of a body attached on the ground.*

- subroutine [restric::r\\_dot1](#) (ir, iEul1, iEul2, u, v)

*Primitive dot-1 constraint assume  $\mathbf{p}_1$  and  $\mathbf{p}_2$  are the Euler parameter of body 1 and body 2 and  $\mathbf{u}$  and  $\mathbf{v}$  are two vectors attached on body 1 and body 2 in the body reference frame, the constraint equation is :  $A(\mathbf{p}_1)\mathbf{u}^T A(\mathbf{p}_2)\mathbf{v}$ .*

- subroutine [restric::r\\_sphericalGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2)

*Primitive constraints of a spherical joint of a body attached to the ground The three constraint equations are :  $\mathbf{r}_2 + \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{s}_2^P - \mathbf{s}_1^P$ .*

- subroutine [restric::r\\_spherical](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2)

*Primitive constraints of a spherical joint between two bodies The three constraint equations are :  $\mathbf{r}_2 + \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{s}_2^P - \mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{s}_1^P$ .*

- subroutine [restric::r\\_revoluteGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)

*Primitive constraints of a revolute joint of a body attached to the ground The first three constraint equations are :  $\mathbf{r}_2 + \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{s}_2^P - \mathbf{s}_1^P$  The fourth constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{f}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$  The fifth constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{g}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$ .*

- subroutine [restric::r\\_revolute](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, u1, v1, vec2)

*Primitive constraints of a revolute joint between two bodies The three constraint equations are :  $\mathbf{r}_2 + \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{s}_2^P - \mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{s}_1^P$  The fourth constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{f}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$  The fifth constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{g}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$ .*

- subroutine [restric::r\\_transGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)

*Primitive constraints of a translational joint of a body attached to the ground The first constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{f}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$  The second constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{g}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$  The third constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{f}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{d}_{12}$  The fourth constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{g}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{d}_{12}$  The fifth constraint equation is:  $\mathbf{f}_1^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{f}_2$ .*

- subroutine [restric::r\\_trans](#) (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1, pt2, vec1y, vec1x, vec2x, vec2z)

*Primitive constraints of a translational joint between two bodies. The first constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{f}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$  The second constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{g}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{h}_2$  The third constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{f}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{d}_{12}$  The fourth constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{g}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{d}_{12}$  The fifth constraint equation is:  $(\mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{f}_1)^T \mathbf{A}_2 \mathbf{f}_2$ .*

- subroutine [restric::r\\_Drive\\_rgEul](#) (ir, ind, i\_MOTOR)

*Primitive driving constraints for a generalized coordinate of the system.*

- subroutine [restric::r\\_Drive\\_distGB](#) (ir, irg2, iEul2, pt1, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)

*Primitive driving constraints for a distance between a point in the ground and a point of one body.*

- subroutine `restric::r_Drive_dist` (ir, irg1, irg2, iEul1, iEul2, pt1\_loc, pt2\_loc, i\_MOTOR)

*Primitive driving constraints for a distance between two points of two bodies.*

## Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable `restric::PROTECTED`
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable `restric::fi`

## 6.27 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization project/MBSVT/trunk/solids.f90 File Reference

### Modules

- module `SOLIDS`

*Solids module that adds and manages the bodies of the system.*

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine, public `SOLIDS::ADDbody` (body, rg0, eu0)

*Adds a body to the model.*

- subroutine, public `SOLIDS::ADDmassgeom` (body, mass, rg\_loc, v\_lg)

*Subroutine to add mass, center of masses and inertia tensor with respect to the center of mass to a body.*

- REAL(8), public `SOLIDS::MatTrans` (body)

*Function to calculate the transformation matrix of a body  $\mathbf{A}^* = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{R} & \mathbf{p}_0 \\ \mathbf{0} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .*

- REAL(8), dimension(3), public `SOLIDS::r` (body, pt\_loc)

*Function to evaluate the position of a point belonging to a body.*

- REAL(8), dimension(3), public `SOLIDS::rp` (body, pt\_loc)

*Function to evaluate the velocity of a point belonging to a body.*

### Variables

- TYPE(SOLID), dimension(:), allocatable, public `SOLIDS::PROTECTED`
- TYPE(SOLID), dimension(:), allocatable, public `SOLIDS::SOLIDlist`
- INTEGER, parameter, public `SOLIDS::ground = 0`
- INTEGER, public `SOLIDS::nSOLID = 0`

## 6.28 D:/Mis\_Documentos/investigacion/proyectos/VT optimization pro- ject/MBSVT/trunk/state.F90 File Reference

### Modules

- module [STATE](#)

*Module of solver state variables, subroutines and functions. It creates, manages and updates the state variables of the model.*

### Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [STATE::STATE\\_Setup](#)
- subroutine [STATE::setDOF](#) (dof\_in, zp\_in, zs\_in)  
*Define the degrees of freedom of the system and the speed of such degree of freedom.*
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [STATE::rg](#) (body)  
*Function to ask the coordinates of the CG of a body.*
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [STATE::rgp](#) (body)  
*Function to ask the velocity of the CG of a body.*
- REAL(8), dimension(3) [STATE::rgs](#) (body)  
*Function to ask the acceleration of the CG of a body.*
- REAL(8) [STATE::rgx](#) (body)  
*Function to ask the x-coordinate of the CG of a body.*
- REAL(8) [STATE::rgy](#) (body)  
*Function to ask the y-coordinate of the CG of a body.*
- REAL(8) [STATE::rgz](#) (body)  
*Function to ask the z-coordinate of the CG of a body.*
- REAL(8), dimension(4) [STATE::Eul](#) (body)  
*Function to ask the Euler parameters of a body.*
- REAL(8), dimension(4) [STATE::Eulp](#) (body)  
*Function to ask the first derivatives of the Euler parameters of a body.*
- REAL(8), dimension(4) [STATE::Euls](#) (body)  
*Function to ask the second derivatives of the Euler parameters of a body.*
- subroutine [STATE::assembleMM](#) (i, m, JJ)  
*Subroutine to assemble elemental mass matrices to the global one. It's NOT a user function, it's intended to be called by the solver.*

### Variables

- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [STATE::q](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [STATE::qp](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [STATE::qs](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [STATE::qp\\_g](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [STATE::qs\\_g](#)

- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [STATE::zp](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [STATE::zs](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:, :), allocatable [STATE::MM](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [STATE::lambda](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [STATE::pos](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [STATE::vel](#)
- REAL(8), dimension(:), allocatable [STATE::ace](#)
- INTEGER, dimension(:), allocatable [STATE::gdl](#)