

TODAY

- 9:00 Introduction
- 9:15 Five Minute Presentations
- 10:30 Coffee Break
- 11:00 Finding the framework: why did some media spaces work and why did some fail?
- 12:30 Lunch
- 14:30 Breakout groups (or discussion)
- 16:00 Coffee Break
- 16:30 Report back by each group
- 17:00 Plenary discussion of future work

Medissale E

- Sites/Projects:
 - pre-history: Hole in Space
 - late 1980's mid 1990's: PARC, EuroPARC, BellCore, US West, UofToronto, Sun,
 - late 1990's today: MIT Telemurals, Aarhus Emergency response, CISRO, PARC/Intel
- Research:
 - modes: shared-offices, public spaces, coffee areas, fixed-connection, switchable, YCSMIICSY
 - projects: AROMA, CaveCat, Clearboard, Cruiser, <u>DrawStreamStation</u>, <u>Hydra</u>, Kasmer, Portholes, Postcards, RAVE, Somewire, VideoComm, VideoDraw, VideoWhiteBoard, VideoWindow

Media Space Research

- awareness
- presence
- privacy
- shared drawing
- audio
- reciprocity

- teleconferencing
- embodiment
- space/place
- telerobotics/human interaction
- social triangulation
- appropriation

Aoki, Szysmanski, & Woodruff

Karrie Kariahalos

Alem & Stitzlien

Kristensen & Kyng

Sara Bly

Bill Buxton

Kuzuoka, Yamazaki, Luff, & Heath

Elizabeth Churchill

Roussel & Beaudouin-Lafon

Brian Corrie

John Tang

Greenburg & McEwan

Steve Harrison

Marilyn Mantei-Tremaine

reports from breakout groups

Designing media spaces for supporting the asymmetrical aspect of remote collaboration

CSCW'06 Media Space Workshop

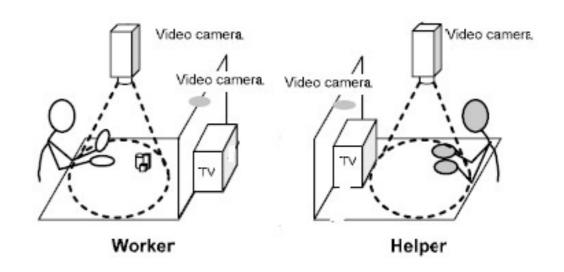
Leila Alem and Cara Stitzlein
4 November 2006





Two scenarios under study









Fibre



GSIRO

within the space

What Constructs/factors play a role in users' optimal experiences with media i.e. transparency; directness; the illusion of non-mediation?

User's quality of experience

- the quality of the interaction/ collaboration as perceived by each individual,
 - Effectiveness of communication and collaboration
- the perception of the other
 - Co presence
- the perception of self and self efficacy,
 - Self reported co presence and motivation
- the level of awareness
 - Workspace awareness , environment awareness
- overall satisfaction level.

Issue: how these constructs interrelate?





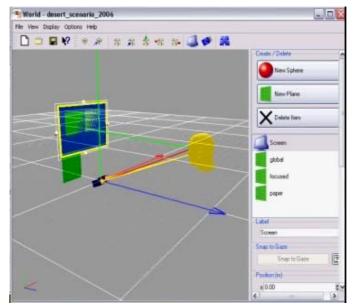
Meaning of media space is in term of users' experience within the space cont.

Behavioural indicators

- Visual behaviour : visual attention
- Gesture using of Kirk's gesture phrases
- Speech analysis using LWIC (emotion, cognitive, self reference etc)

Observations during use, Video Analysis, semi structured interview









Issues and challenges

- Challenge in mixed methods approach: Issue of interrelating data from behavioural indicators with data from questionnaire and observations to get a sense of participant's quality of experience.
- Existing theoretical frameworks do not account for the asymmetry issue, yet most remote collaborations are asymmetrical
- Challenge in matching methods with theoretical foundations that allow a holistic vantage point of user's experience.
 - Grounding (interaction centred)
 - Social presence (user centred)
 - Media synchronicity (media centred)
 - Locales framework (space centred)





return

From Media Spaces to Emplaced Media: Digital Poster Boards and Community Connectedness

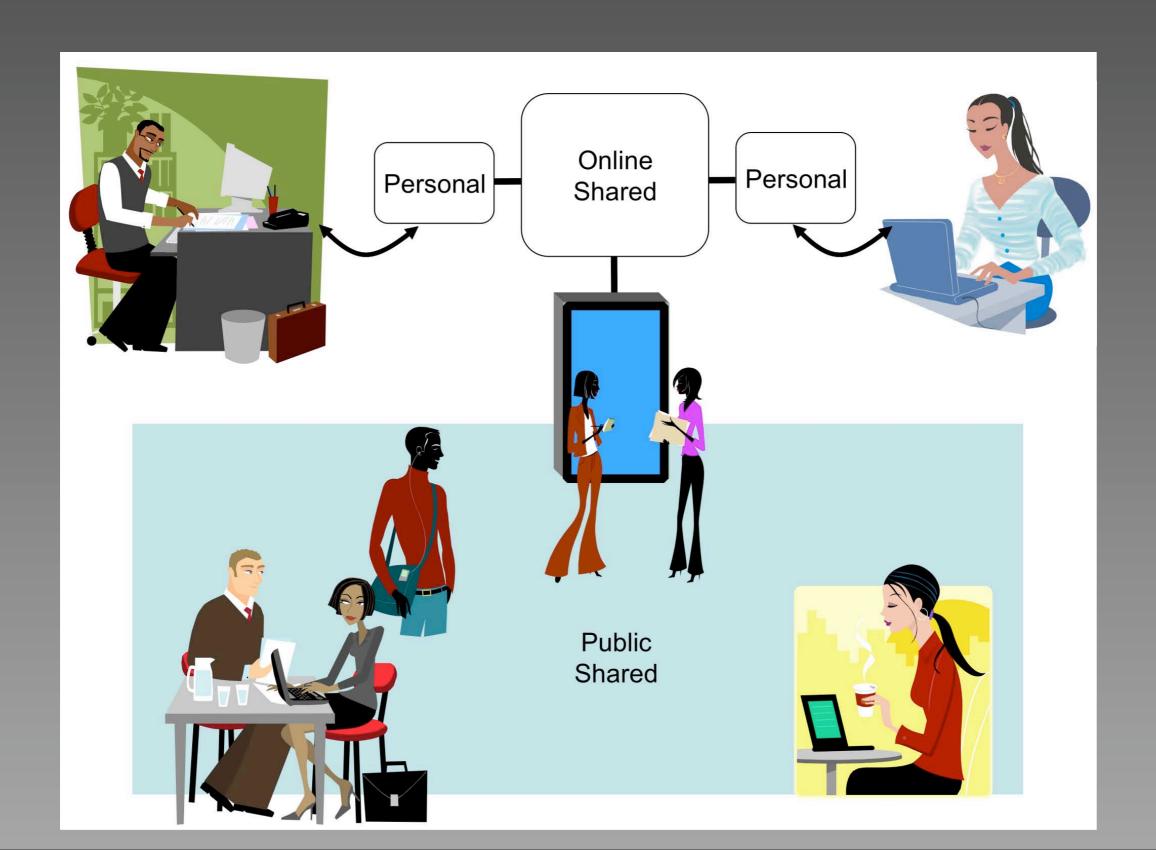
Elizabeth F. Churchill

Yahoo! Research

Les Nelson

PARC

Foregrounding co-presence through content



Community as Expressed Through Content

The beginning: Plasma Poster Network



Café Conversations: eyeCanvas





A Moving Show: CHIplace and CSCWplace extended

Who's Reading: Video Annotations on Content

Governmental communications: Mitaka City

Looking Back and Forward

- Place matters —co-construction of technology and place people adopt and adapt the technology by posting content, which is in turn saved, annotated, forwarded, and printed, moving on to play a role in conversations that are woven away from the boards themselves.
- Media matters the form of media that are shared is determined by the setting. Sanctions, tests, creations all play a role in what is put on the boards, and over time a norming of what is acceptable occurs. The effect of setting on content type and the norming over time of content style is evident in the very different forms of adoption and adaptation in each of the deployment.
- People matter(s): The adoption and adaptation of the boards and the media they host affect and are affected by the evolving practice if public media sharing. A with observations of media spaces use "To tie together the community work practices with media space technologies, we must let them evolve together" [1].

return



Media Spaces in the Computational Sciences

- Who is Brian Corrie?
 - PhD student (UVic)
 - Dr. Peggy Storey
 - Collaboration and Visualization Coordinator (SFU)
 - WestGrid (www.westgrid.ca) and IRMACS (www.irmacs.sfu.ca)
- What am I interested in?
 - Scientific visualization, computational science
 - Distributed collaboration environments
 - Artifact-centric collaboration
- Why this workshop?
 - Interested in large/multi screen interaction environments
 - Interested in distributed, artifact-centric interaction





Media Spaces in the Computational Sciences

- What is a media space?
- Media spaces in production
 - Technology is now commodity
 - Media spaces are common (?)
 - WestGrid/IRMACS
 - A production (?) environment



- Users are demanding communication!
 - Do we really understand user needs?
 - Ethnographic studies to inform design
 - Opportunity to revisit the "grass roots"





Media Spaces in the Computational Sciences





return

Reflecting on Several Metaphors for Media Spaces

Saul Greenberg Gregor McEwan

University of Calgary

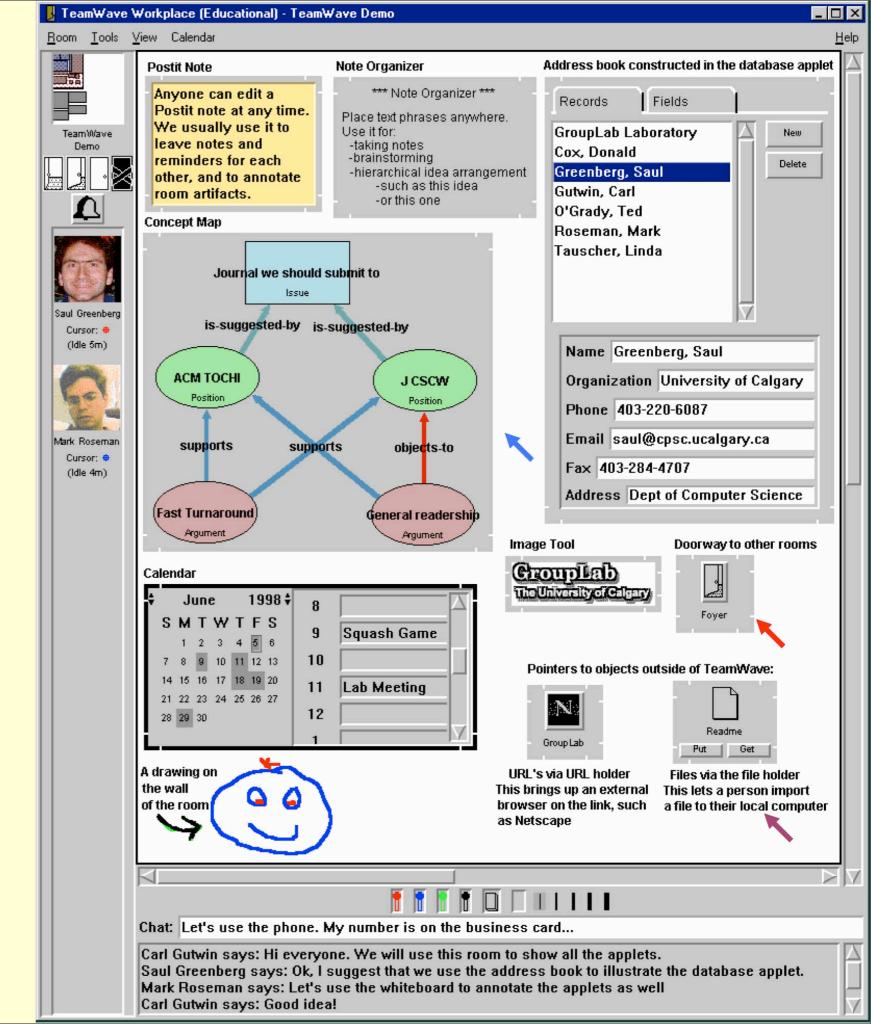
Teamrooms

Room metaphor

- workrooms
- partitions
- containment
- persistance
- Ownership ...

Critique

- Hard walls poor presence awareness
- toy applications
- no voice
- little cas. interaction
- ✓ ok for education



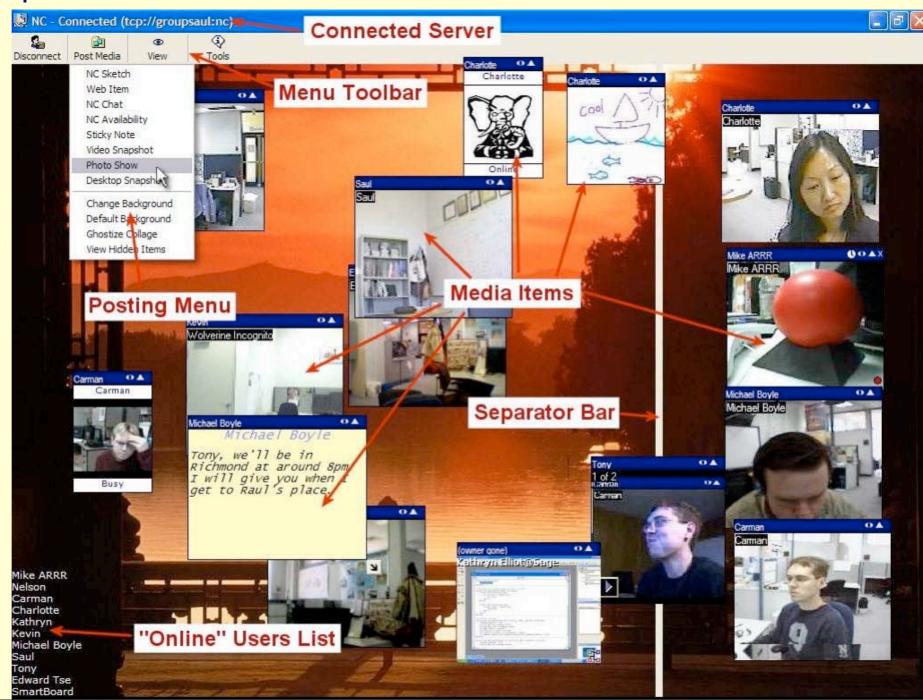
Notification Collage

Bulletin board metaphor

- single fully public place
- media items
- people + things
- conversation vs. work

Critique

- ✓ successful
- ✓ keen presence
- ✓ good interaction
- all or none



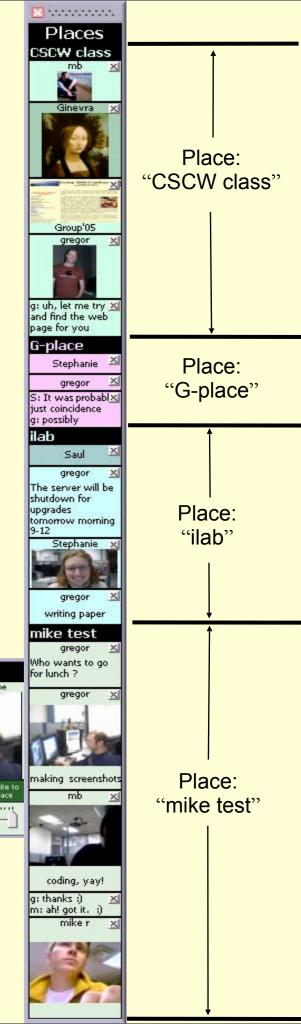
Community Bar

Sidebar metaphor

- sidebar
 - o peripheral awareness to
 - o lightweight exploration to
 - o full interaction
- media items
- locales theory
- places = Locales

Critique

- ✓ successful
- places = Communities
- ✓ implicit actions within place = mini-locales



Critical but subtle metaphor aspects

Lightweight awareness

Porous boundaries

Appropriate 'means' (tools)

Multiple places needed, but tension between

- explicit supporting structures
- light-weight / implicit ways people form /reform into groups

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Maybe Media Spaces are NOT All About Video

John C. Tang IBM Research

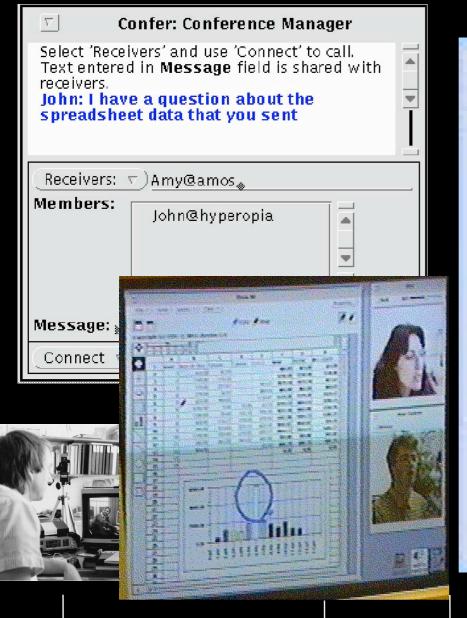








Timeline of Projects







1986

1992 1994

2001

2006



Attributes of Video

- Uniquely and naturally affords mutual contact negotiation (always on vs. intermittent glances?)
- Rich media is still bandwidth and hardware device intensive (complement w/other sensors?)
- Evokes privacy concerns (cues vs. inferences)

Can we integrate information to provide contextual clues?

Input device activity, location, planned schedule, rhythmic patterns, audio/video sensors, social network, ...

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Media Spaces, Places and palpable technology



Acting in chaos

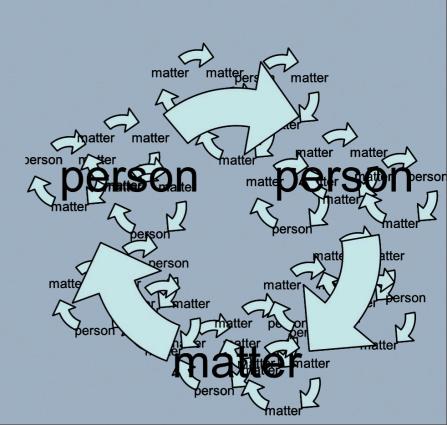
Collaboration, creating and maintaining overview

Work and info places and spaces

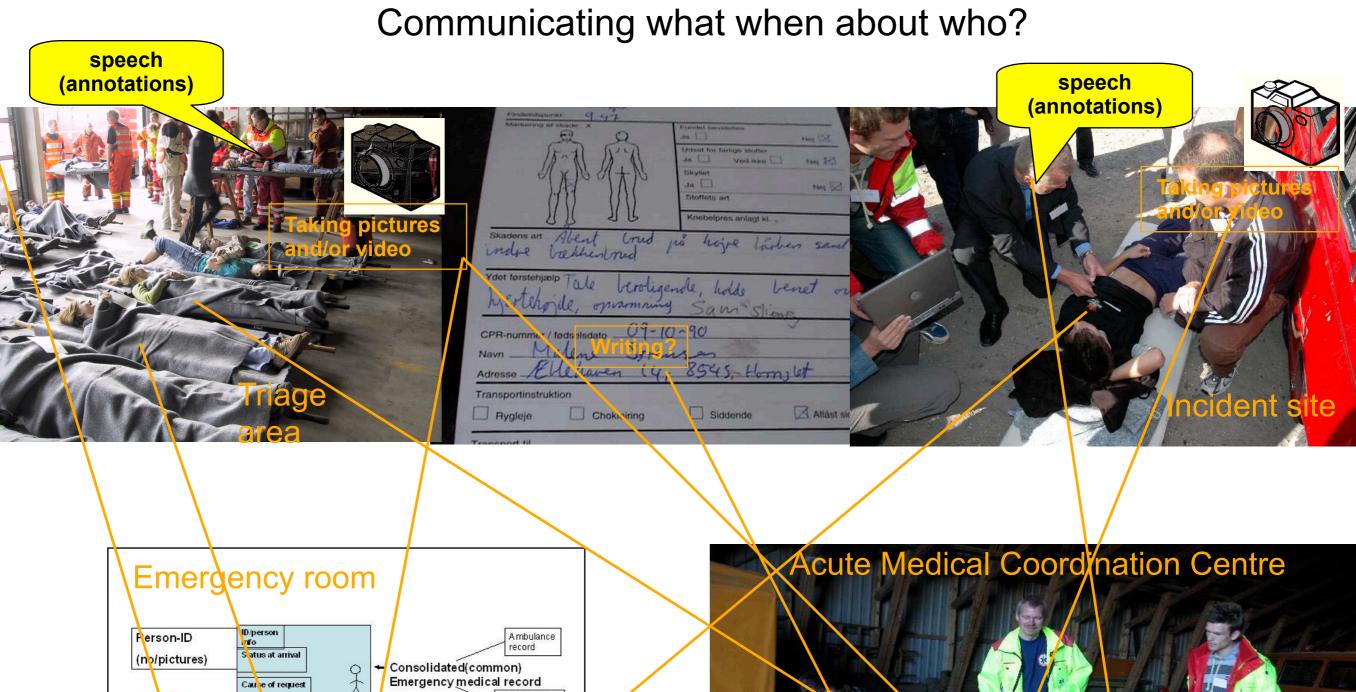
- Distributed
- Shared partially

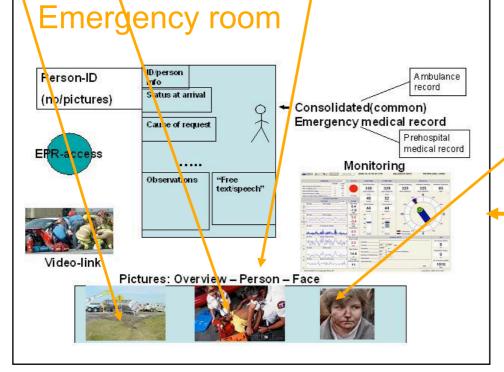
Anticipate and design for the emergence of standard reflections of 'primitives'

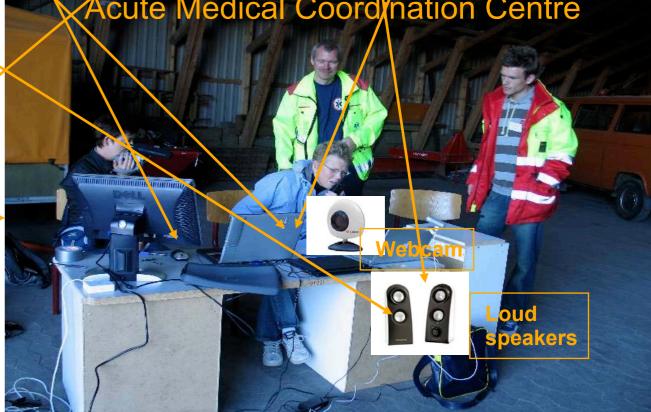
Anticipate and design for routine troubles











return

Creating Assemblies in Media Space

Hideaki Keiichi Yamazaki
University of Saitama
Tsukuba University





Interaction on, over and around everyday artefacts



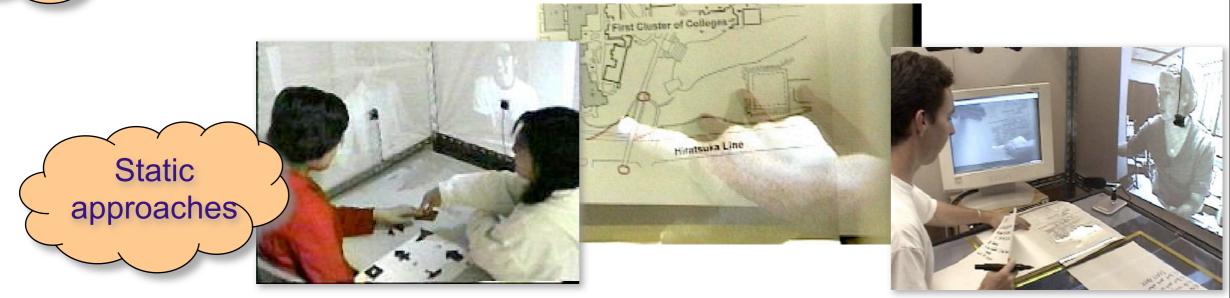


Enhancing media spaces

- references to real-world objects and features of objects
- alignment to artefacts



- embodiment
- reciprocal co-orientation



Lessons

Space, time, & embodiment Dual Ecologies



- Space: configuring coherent spaces
 - appropriate alignment to objects and media
 - enable participants to refer to a common feature of a document
- Time
 - moment-to-moment production of activities
 - projectability



Issues

Understanding everyday actions and activities

- how individuals assemble coherence between (features of) different objects
- what resources do we rely on to project future actions and make sense of trajectories of action
- how to resolve contradictions between mobility (mobile phone) and alignment















Media Spaces in the Mobile World Paul M. Aoki and Allison Woodruff Intel Research

Peggy Szymanski PARC

Social, Mobile Audio Spaces

About the project









Members

- Paul Aoki (design, software)...Peggy Szymanski (conversation analysis)...Jim Thornton (audio, software)...Allison Woodruff (design, exploratory fieldwork)
- Exploring engagement at multiple granularities



Social, Mobile Audio Spaces

Lessons and issues













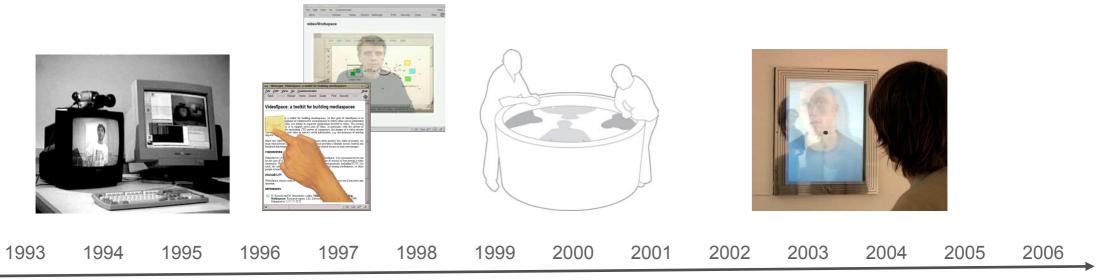


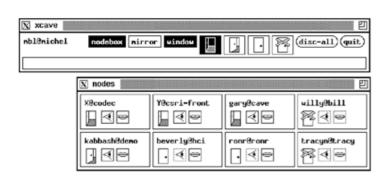
- Relevance of media space concepts/findings
- Heterogeneity of in-the-world context
 - Mobility...temporality...activity...privacy...
 - Managing engagement: "resources" or "assists"?



N. Roussel & M. Beaudouin-Lafon



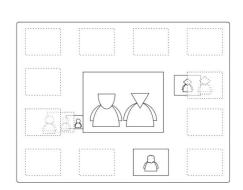








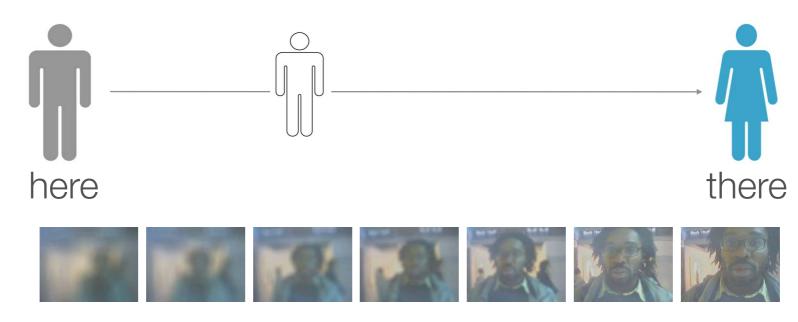




Significant lesson that informs the meaning of "media space"

A Media Space does not provide a communication service but a set of services corresponding to different levels of engagement and privacy control (e.g. glance, v-phone, office share)

The art of Media Space design resides in the combination of access, notification and control mechanisms to allow users to chose the level of engagement that best suits their particular needs and context and to transition among levels of engagement



Significant issues for the meaning of "media space"

Most Media Spaces were used in the workplace.

Were they just connecting colleagues, or also friends and "young couples"? How close do you need to be to value these environments?

- would you use a Media Space with someone you live with?
- would you use it with someone you don't want to live with?

Ambiguity between connecting people^{TM:-)} and connecting places. What about group-based access, notification and control mechanisms?









Introduction: PARC Media Space

Shared space, not an activity, always "on"



Offices

- Allowed
 - planned interactions,
 - chance encounters, and
 - awareness



Labs

Supported cross-site project teams and reporting relationships in existing practices



Common areas



Outside views

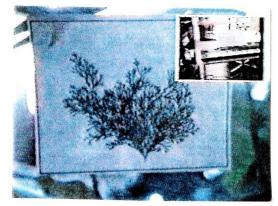
Lessons Learned*

- Audio / video can extend space in a meaningful way
- Good audio matters
- State available
- Feedback available
- Faces are not enough
- Face-to-face and phone are harmful analogies
- Sustains, not initiates, interpersonal relations
- Important to let practice and technology co-evolve





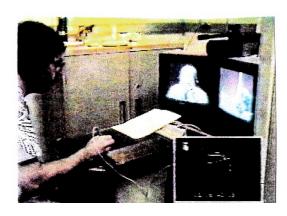












Significant Issue...and others

- What does it mean to be "always on"?
- How important is "always on" in the realization of a media space?
- Others
 - What really are the most critical elements in creating a media space?
 - How does a media space expand to include multiple and overlapping groups?
 - What does it mean to have a media space in the age of mobility (see Aoki, et al)



A Tale of Two Teams: Success and Failure in Virtual Team Meetings

Marilyn Tremaine Rutgers University

Scenario

- Two nearly identical research and development teams changed from face-to-face meetings to virtual meetings
- One team continues to meet and be productive; the second team is struggling to even meet
- What caused this team's failure?

Data Capture and Analysis

- Data Collection
 - Individual team members interviewed
 - Meeting notes & email examined
- Results
 - Technology and time zone differences caused significant problems that were not readily repaired
 - Casual leadership style of team leader did not match team's competence and skill distribution

Fixes

- Social meetings to discuss problems
- Face-to-face meetings for co-located individuals
- More management control through data repository
- Additional technology to support awareness

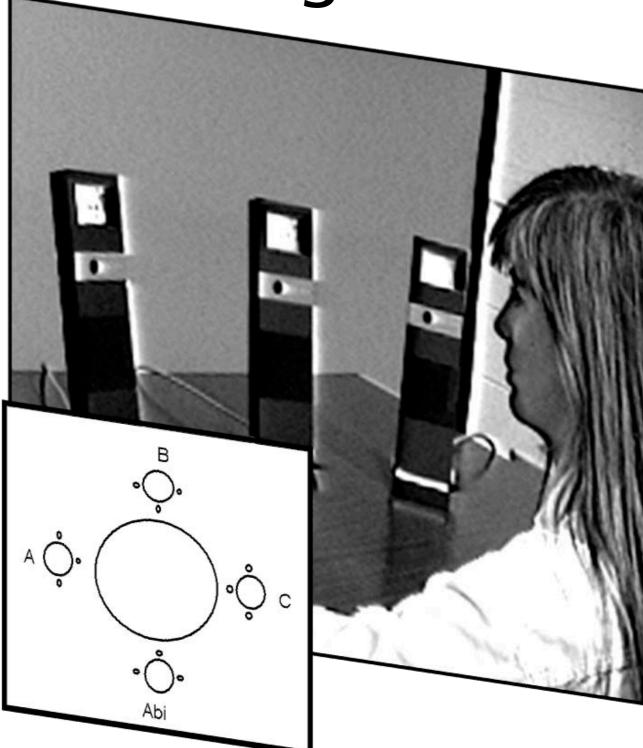
Thank you very much!

Questions and comments





Whereable Design



Right Seamlessness

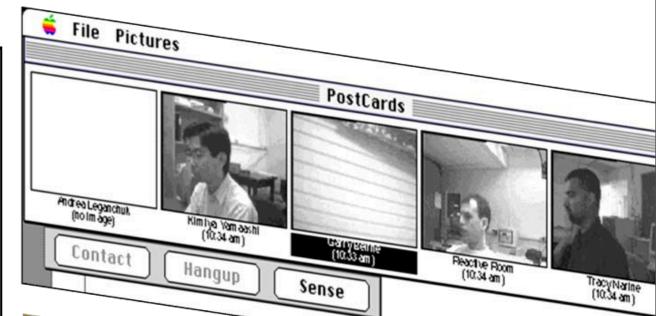
F.G.

B.G.

H-H

H-C

telephone videoconf.	Postcards
GUI	Smart House





Social Ties: The Society of Appliances









Sol

Sol

Fixed

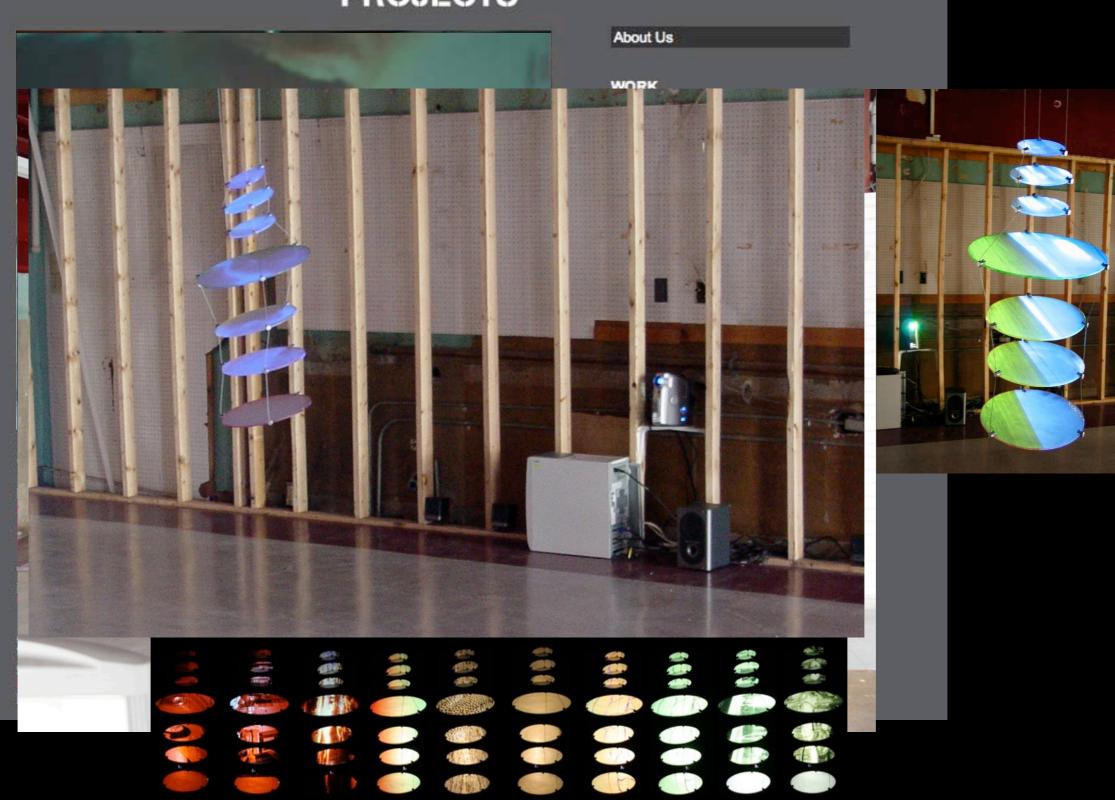
Art / Appropriation

- Current research: architectural-scale display
- Current method: art/design interventions
- Current theme: appropriation





UNCOMMON PROJECTS



Appropriation

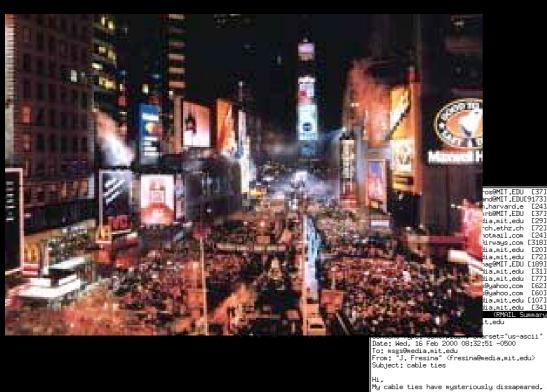
- LESSONS LEARNED
 - Appropriation
 - Art and design are useful investigative settings for seeing appropriation
- RESEARCH REMAINING
 - Appropriation what is it, really?

Epigram, Media Space (1986)

"I consider that we are enslaved by knowledge, that there is a servility fundamental to all knowledge, an acceptance of a mode of life such that each moment has meaning only in terms of another, or of others to follow...my thought has but one object, play, in which my thinking, the working of my thought, dissolves" - George Bataille, Un-Knowing and Rebellion

Designing Social Media Spaces using social catalysts

Karrie Karahalios UIUC



ros@MIT.EDU [37] http://web.mit.edu/midha/www/reallysucks/
and@MIT.EDU[9173] Fwd: Re: Photos
n.harvard.e [24] [Fwd: lindybaby 2/3/00 update]
nrb@MIT.EDU [37] Re: girl's night
iia.mit.edu [29] RKB LDNG FORM SHOW THIS SATURDAY!
rch.ethz.ch [72] date for presentation, again
notmail.com [24] Korkolis (Part deux)
iirways.com [318] US Airways E-Savers for Travel Be
iia.mit.edu [20] cable ties
iia.mit.edu [72] Yak Shaving
nag@MIT.EDU [189] NorthWorst Airlines
iia.mit.edu [31] cable ties
iia.mit.edu [73] upgrading from RHG.O to 6.1
s@yahoo.com [60] Re: girl's night
s@yahoo.com [60] Re: girl's night
iia.mit.edu [107] Web query

Hi, My cable ties have mysteriously dissapeared, and I really need some today, Does anybody have any plastic cable ties I could use, I will replace them four-sday with new ones....





What attracts people most is other people.

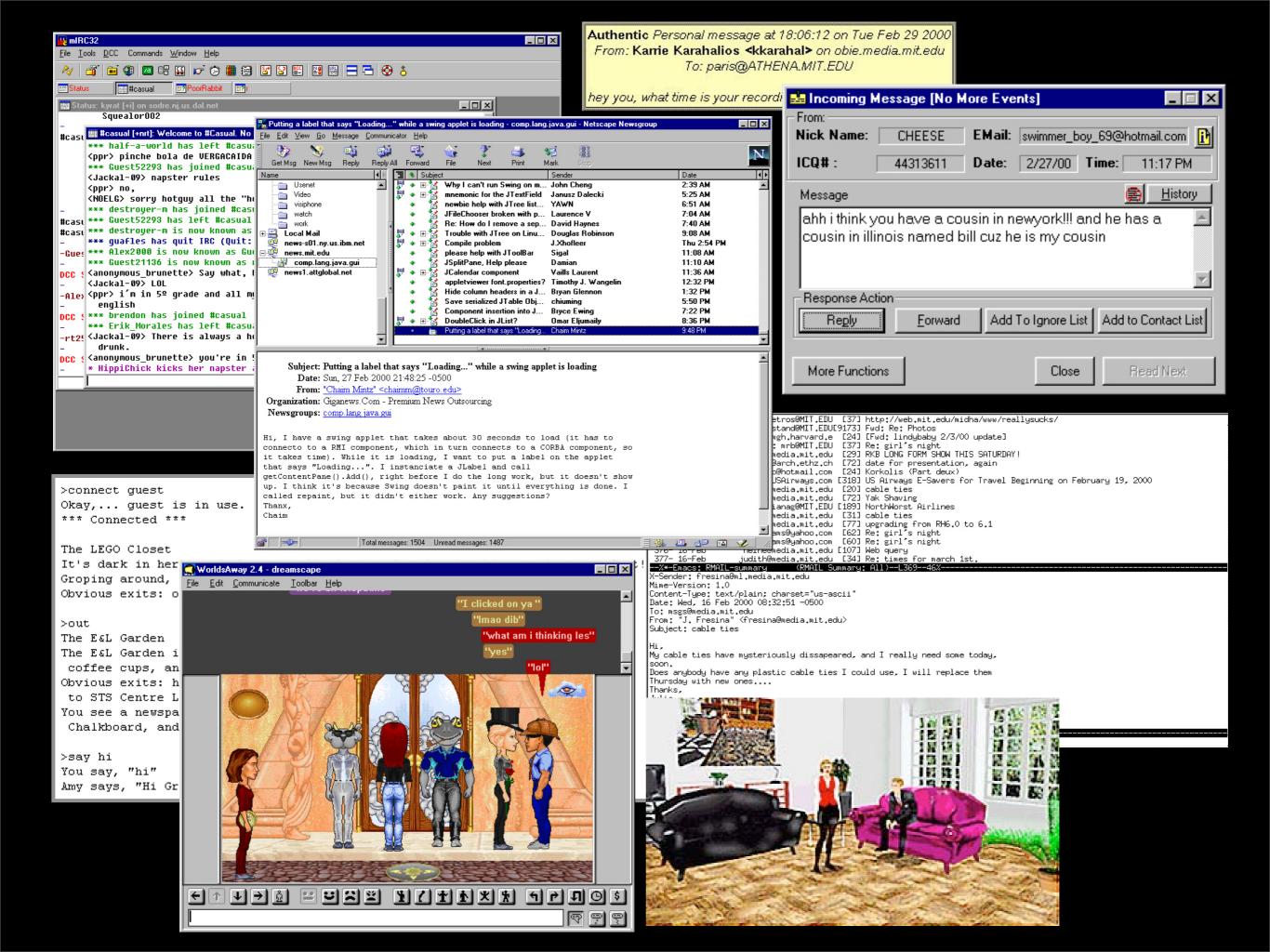
Social Catalysts



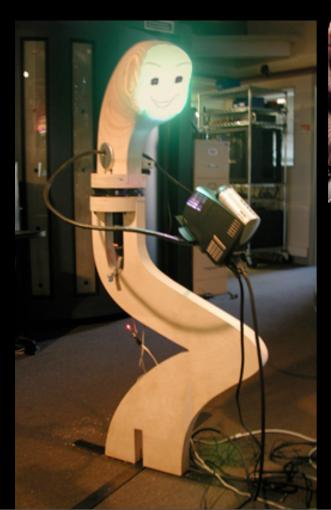




Triangulation: This is the process by which some external stimulus provides a linkage between people and prompts strangers to talk to each other as if they were not."









Goal: the design of augmented social spaces for people

Challenge

•

- 1. explore which social cues to transmit between mediated spaces
- 2. sense cues (gaze, agreement, etc.)
- 3. visualize social patterns, feedback
- 4. Incorporate cues and media space into catalyst for interaction

Goal: the design of augmented social spaces for people

Challenge

•

- 1. explore which social cues to tra
- 2. sense cues (gaze, agreement,
- 3. visualize social patterns, feedt
- 4. Incorporate cues and media sp

- cue variety
- feedback
- message personalization
- simultaneously being reminded of a need to talk to someone
- having a communication channel
- turn-taking, repair, stylized openings

Beyond Being There Hollan and Stornetta

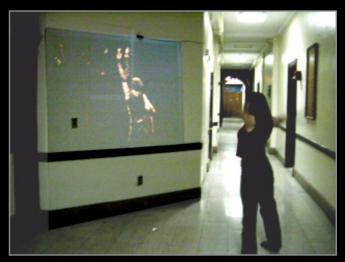
Catalytic Features

- Transformation of Space through Interaction
- Abstraction for Visualizing Conversation
- Physical manifestation of Virtual Presence
- Time and Motion for Blended Spaces

Telemurals







Karrie Karahalios, 2002-3



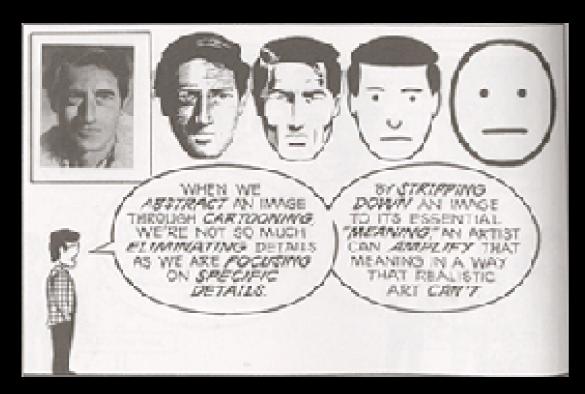


Hole in Space

Virtual Kitchen



Scott McCloud Waking Life





When we abstract an image through cartooning, we're not so much eliminating details as we are focusing on specific details.

By stripping down an image to its essential "meaning", an artist can amplify that meaning in a way that realistic art can't.

Scott McCloud, *Understanding Comics*





Sidney Pacific



Ashdown



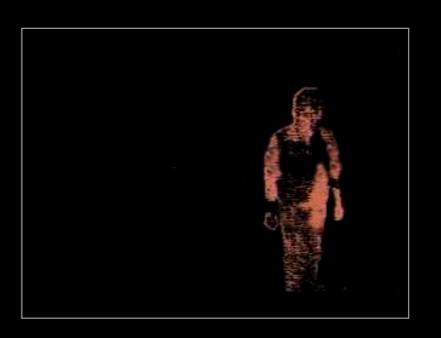












Social: comparisons and contrasts

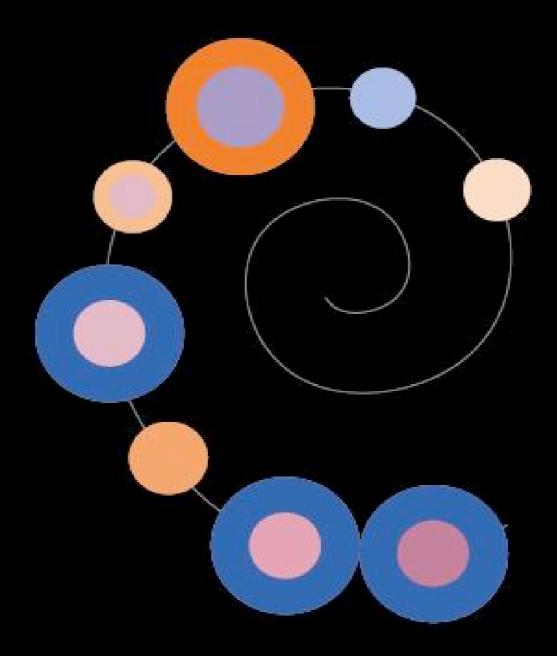
- Hours of operation
- Events
- Site Selection
- Signage Interface
- Observations





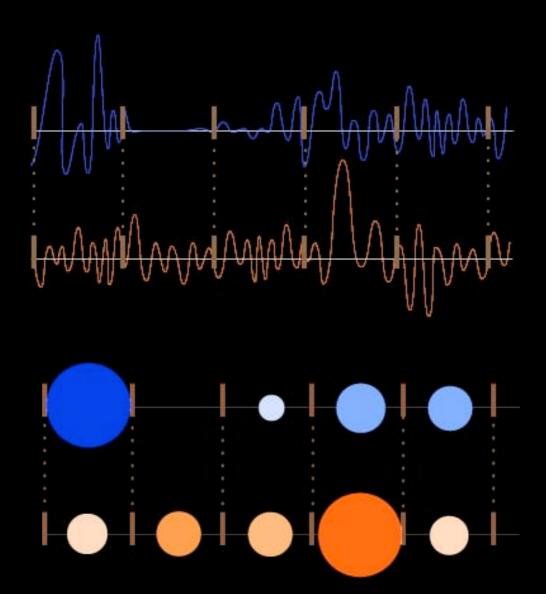


Visiphone

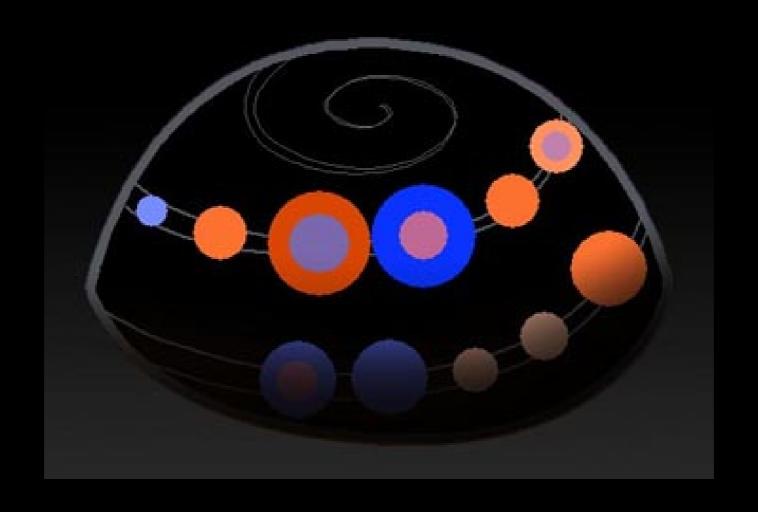


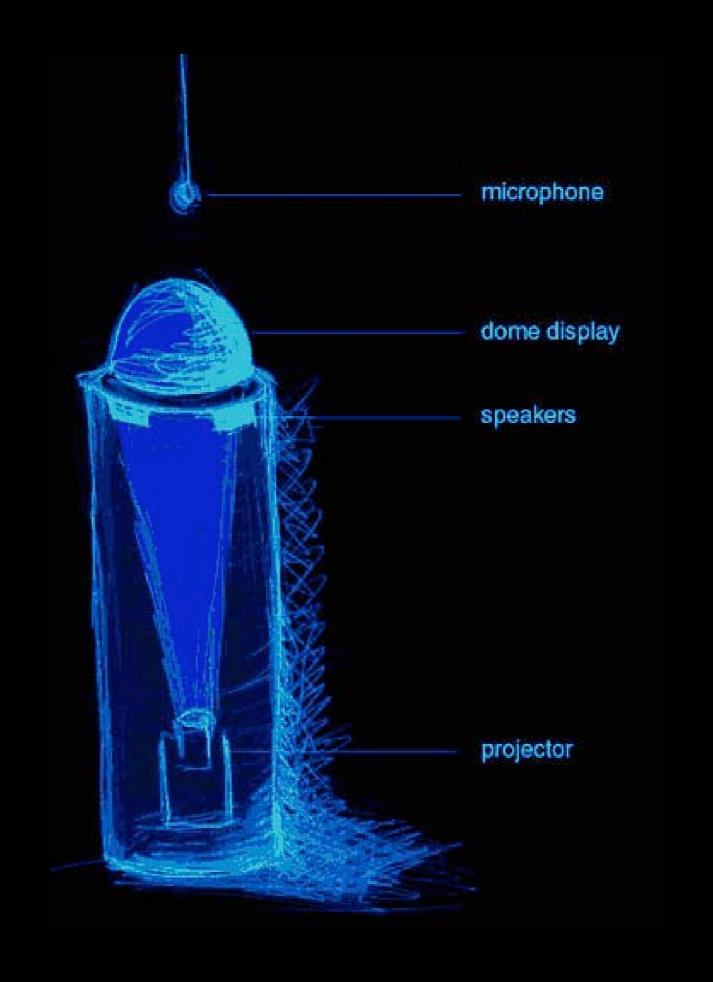
Karrie Karahalios & Fernanda Viegas, Spring 1999









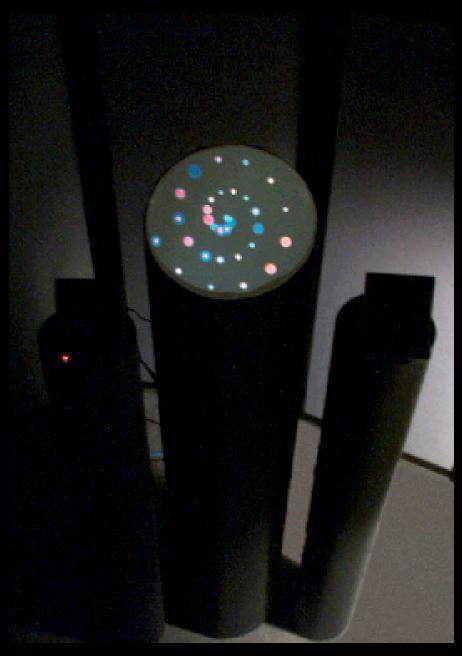




Scale and Form









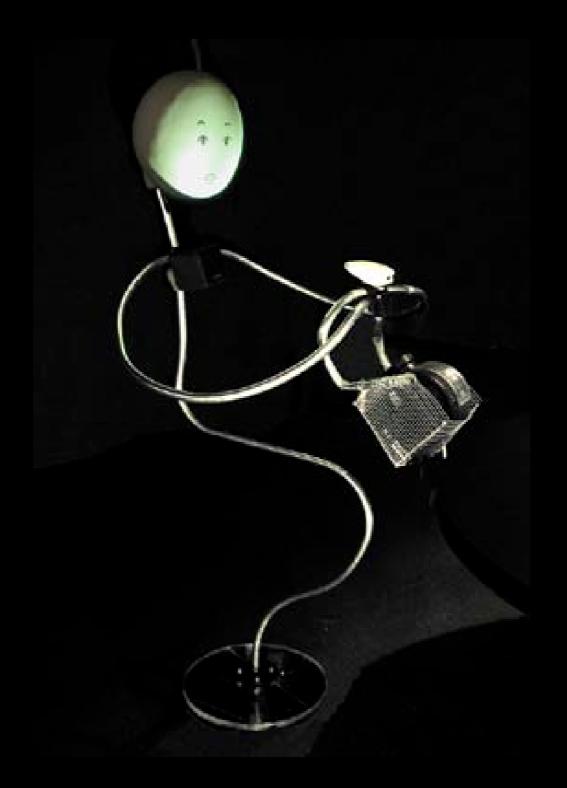


Siggraph EmergingTechnologies, 1999

Interaction and Wearability



Chit Chat Club



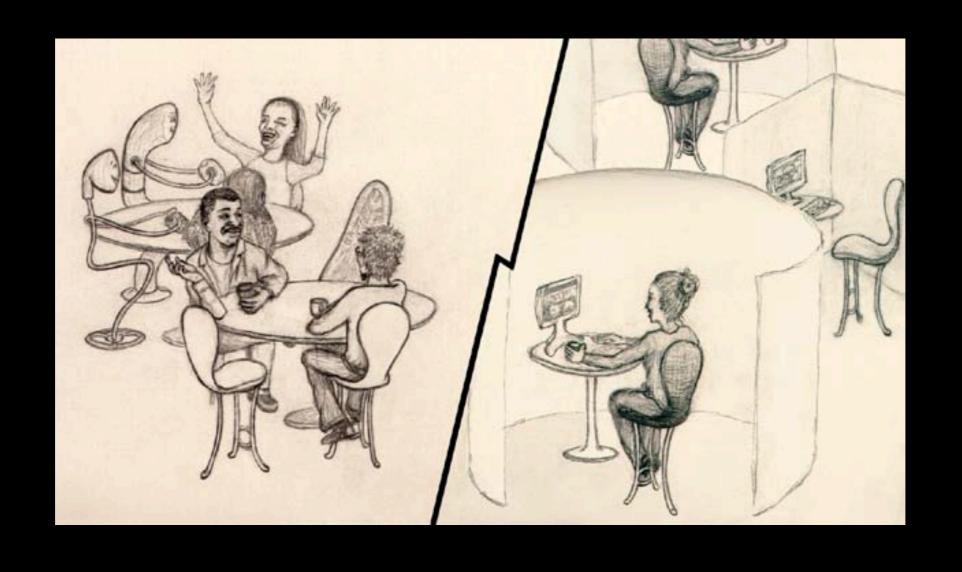
Karrie Karahalios & Kelly Dobson, Spring 2001

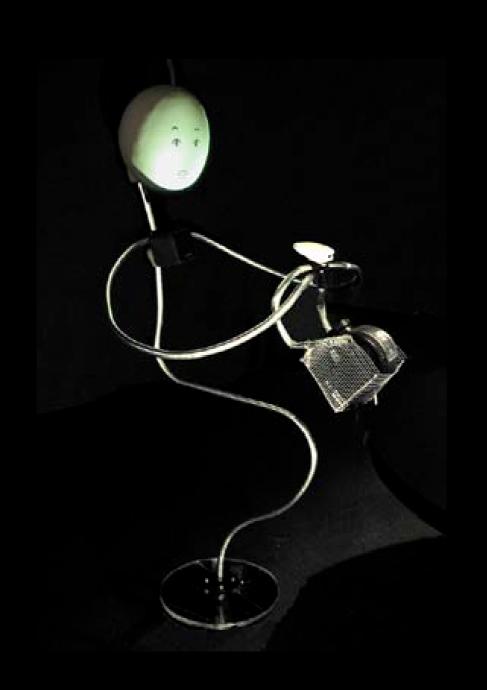




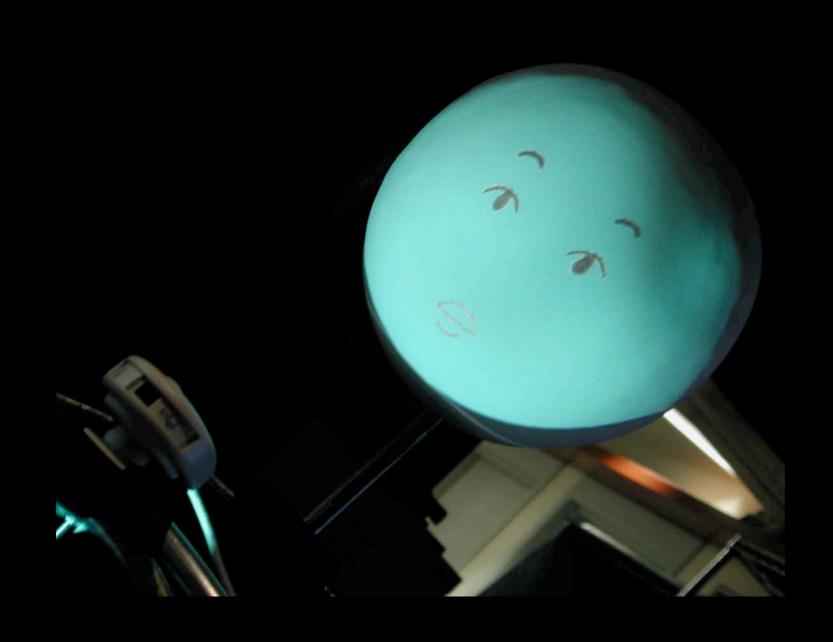


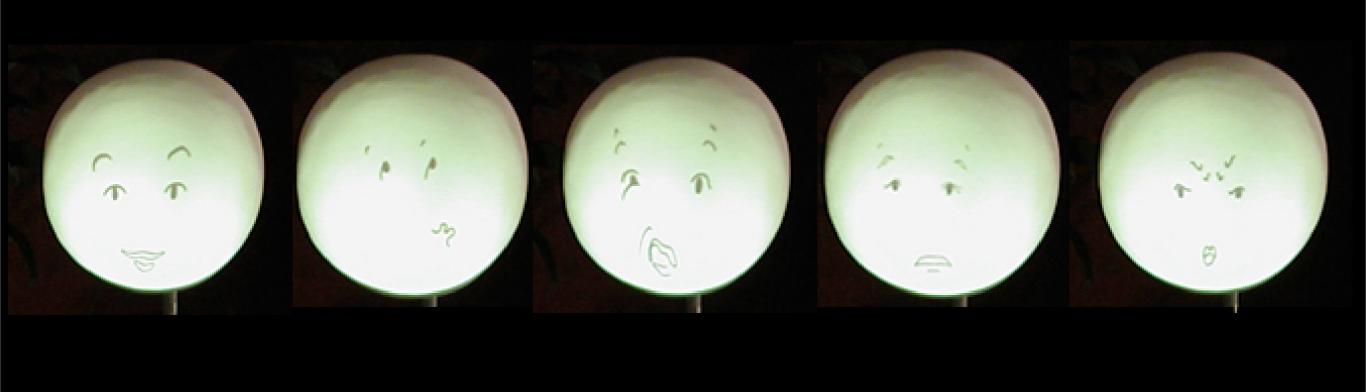


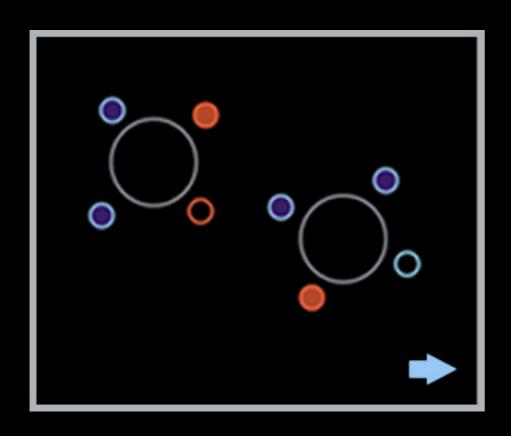


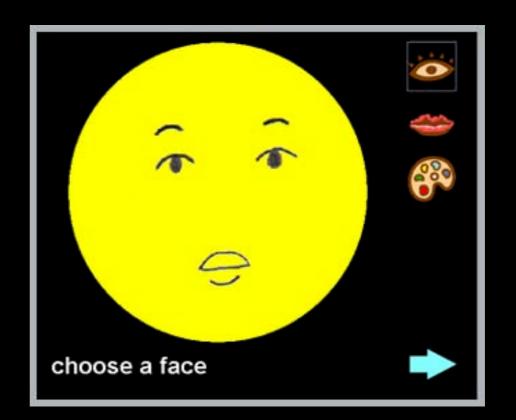














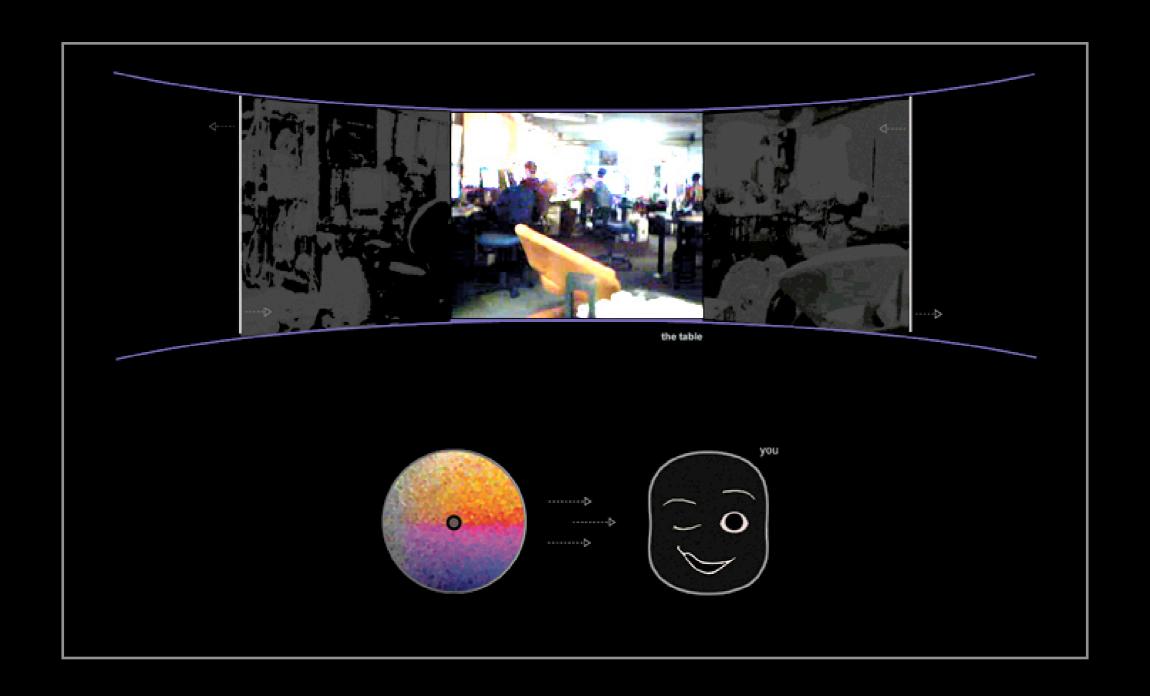


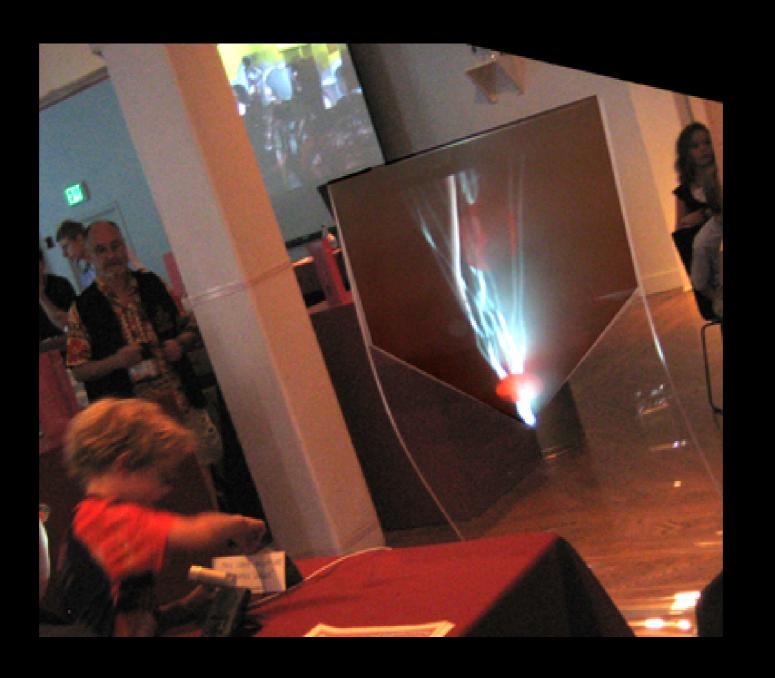


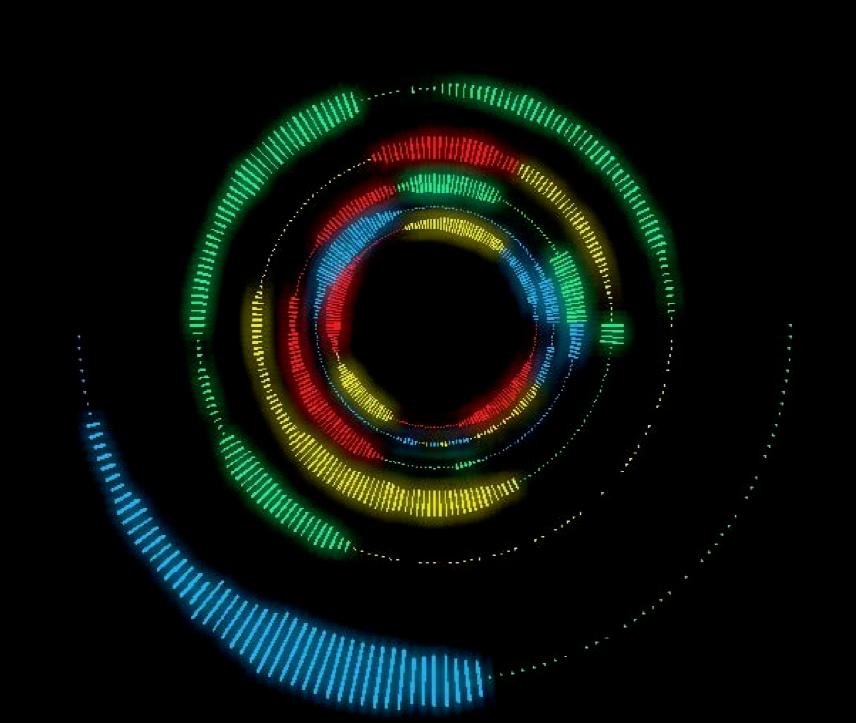


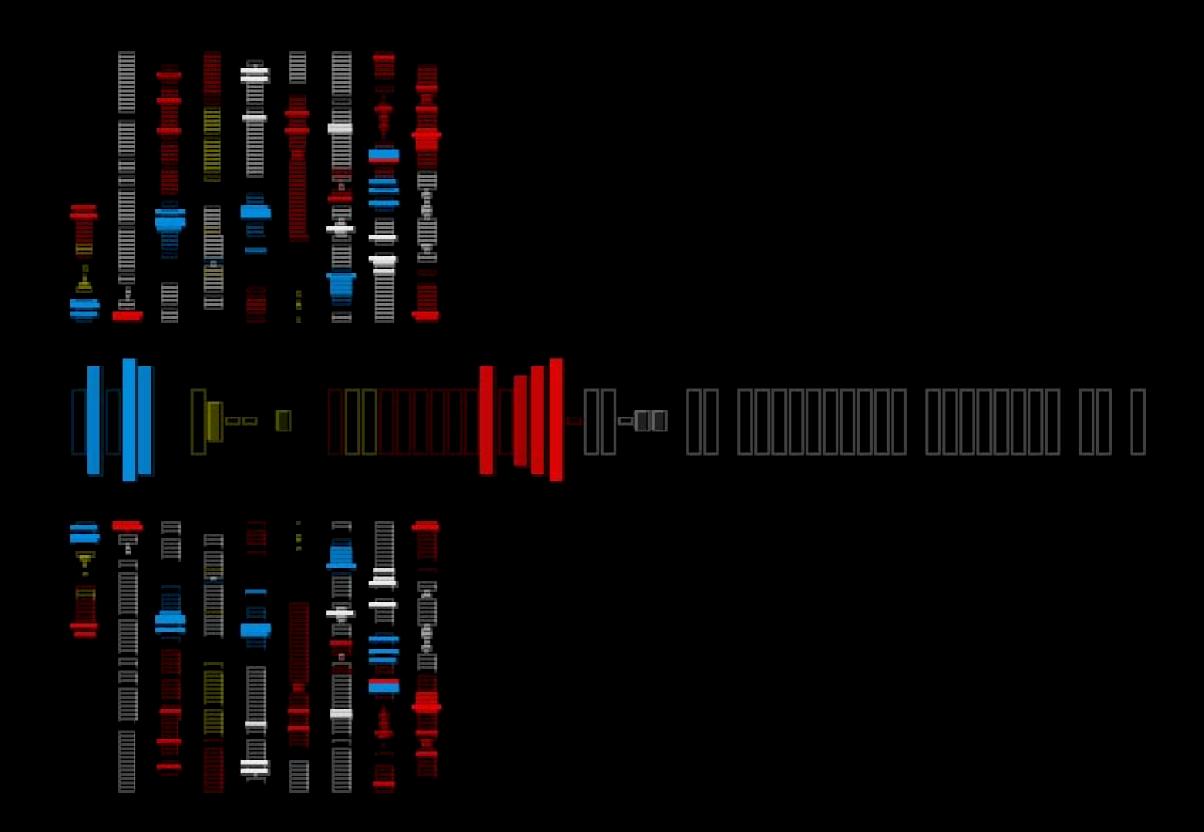


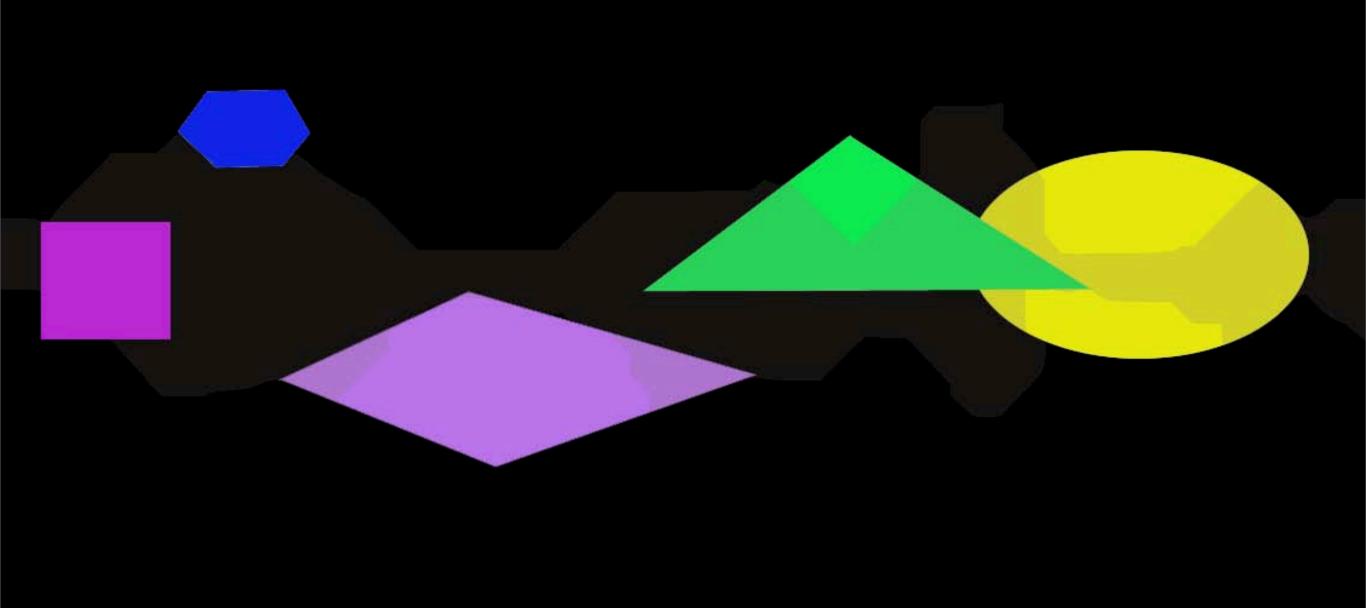












return

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Somal practices Symptoms Bly -> MS whether people are there or not.
-Possibilities! an we solve definition problem, physical > Door metaphon makes sense and do we need to? Mutual embadied Work > Through as lated + in-machines! To maintain interest, they totive -function is negotiable > MUST Know what we've talking about t just NOVELTY · What m.s. were -Do not precontide There is need. · Adress file drawer Jeffenthan rather look at we need creation of new pheno. examples and entract , Can we be bothered? ·Umbrella past -New for 'Metrics of, Successquality lefinition to move forward) qualities common and present - and new But all are unique, making production difficult connections between nat will suffice? 2) Segment issues Media Space AMill it lasts 2 Aspects of M.S. structure (Michelle) (Kyngh · Flexibility 50 definition will facilitate platform for outsiders to enter · Time . Multy 5 Simple to use 1 Time Sometimes it works sometimes to the sound in (3) Encourse per sherm acquis n to distinguish 3 Exploits intimum of other forms SIL ON - necd of apportunity between MEDIA of relationship · VIDEO (Tang) 1 bounded - AUDIO (Harrisan Criteria exist Secondary (Buxton)

Criteria exist Secondary (Buxton)

Valority fit? Interest media space is phenomenom. 15 language right?
by PEER not in Vocab where it may fit ie. Awareness Repliability Science by PRACTICE Metrics need to allow system/ comparisons (Michelle) Can we achieve a unified measurement perspective · Definitions are limiting. Role of culture do Midia Spaics Do? Rok of cultur LyFind our common ground · Point of present Point of reference chan When do they fail? on to evaluate place Do we agree and System Separable? . Movement quality not Know it e Aformat of presentation of this research (finding Jon't realize it creation of design Video Jemo of Whiteboard here are we going / reflect
with this
Today
Toma
Toma

Toma

Minere do w

reflect
the right thing? -Where do we

1 SEFLECT?

INTEPRET?

Toma Next 20

Our papers don't ID Media Space MARROPIATENESS is critical and make I defeated have. (Mar. you)

Where are we?

A media space is an electronic intervention between disparate physical locations linking human presence, communication, and activities in those locations that reflects the persistence of the physical spaces they are in.

Those linkages range in scale and purposefulness, but all representations center on the humanness, enabling social construction of the meaning and activities supported by it.

Persistence is a "construction" based on our experience; thus media spaces are constructed by the participants.

Where are we?

A media space is:

media in fixed locations, continuous audio and video connection OR mutually understood spatial/social context, continuous or discrete media, awareness updates OR copresence, attentional support, message understanding, affective understanding OR an extension of space OR support for separated communities of practice OR public displays of community media OR any environment created using audio, video, and networked computing to support interaction between distributed groups of people OR mediated negotiation of making contact and leavetaking OR a work of art

IS THIS A PROBLEM?

Where are we?

mediated space OR spatialized organizations of media OR media + space OR a spatial metaphor for media OR mediated connection between spaces OR media-rich physical places OR

TODAY

- 9:00 Introduction
- 9:15 Five Minute Presentations
- 10:30 Coffee Break
- 11:00 Finding the framework: why did some media spaces work and why did some fail?
- 12:30 Lunch
- 14:30 Breakout groups (or discussion)
- 16:00 Coffee Break
- 16:30 Report back by each group
- 17:00 Plenary discussion of future work

Characteristics of Media Spaces

Primary characteristics (philosophy)

Technology that connects people, that promotes presence, opportunities for casual interaction, that leads to engagement over wide range of activities

- That has a sense of immediacy
- that does this lightweight and seamlessly over different technological constraints and media channels / services
- that may be targeted for different collections of people and social relationships
- that presence/engagement is carried through the link...(boundary) and regulated through it.
- about sociality, situated interaction, work, play, conversation, feelings of presence...can be targeted.
- Should we include: embodied perspective
 - Our physicality directs the way we choose to communicate (space)
 - The socializations that we use (glances, acknowledgements, awareness of what you are doing) that comes from our physical presence
 - An 'understood' spatial context i.e., where other person is...

Unusual Example

Meeting room can become a media space if its

- Available
- Seamless as possible for walk in and use and interact
- Part of environment and community

Sustaining to creating relationships

Should we scope to groups?

- Intimate collaborators
- Strangers (public meeting plaza)
- Mixers
- Newcomers to existing group?
- This is not a 'one environment fits all'

These are all very different groups, different interactions, different contexts...

What about relationships between people?

Does not dictate who...when do people not want to use one?

- some people don't want that intimacy
- some people don't want that distraction
- its sometimes not appropriate or weird
- too much closeness...

What happens when it brings people too close?

I like these people, but there is too many of them and you are always in my face...

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What becomes the norm for the group?

- E.g. if Video is the norm, everyone expects it...
 - what happens when its not equal?
 - 2nd class citizens
- How do we engage / disengage / change over time?

What is the culture of practice that develops over it?

 e.g, how people co-opt a technogically-enhanced meeting room as a media space

Primary characteristics

Boundaries

- In contrast to directed meetings support
- But how do things like digital tables for colocated people fit in?

Characteristics

Your presence may transform the space

- Literal presence (video)
- Abstracted presence (art)
- Ephemeral (know that we belong in it, social expectations)

How do people coopt the technology?

e.g., changing what shows in the video

- Hands / keyboard vs face
- Canned video to force illusion of absence
- Does it work the other way around?
 - social adaptation to the technology i.e., sophisticated uses and practices develop over time
 - Group and context determines what and how gets appropriated
 - Above is constrained by technology affordances
 - E.g., awareness...

Evaluate

Measures of success

- Popularity
- Dispersion
- Critical mass of acceptance
- E.g., IM fits these...

If you take it away...

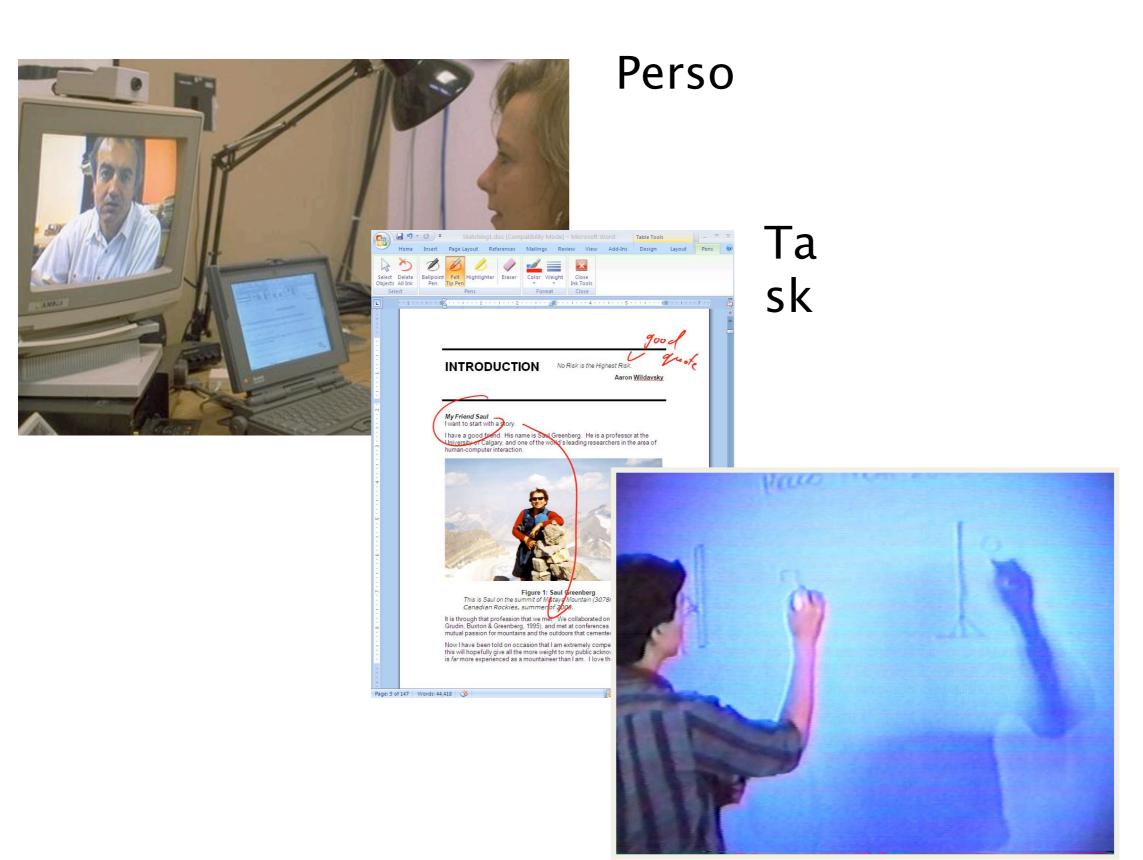
- Do people try to recreate it?
- Do people's engagement with each other trail off / change?

A Space Case

Person, Task and Gesture in Mediaspaces

W. Buxton Microsoft Research

3 Classes of "Space" in



Gestur e

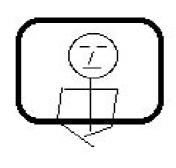
Example: Videoconferencing



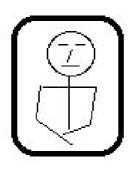
Size & orientation have significant impact on experience



- If "task" is artifact– free conversation, then task and person space superimposed/ equivalent
 - Capture and display can enhance capacity to handle gesture (also "superimposed" in artifact-free conversational task)

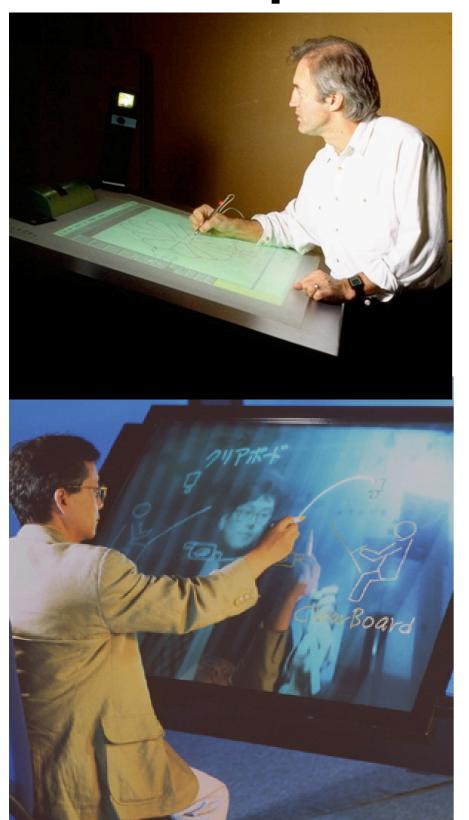






Portrait

Example: OTP vs Clearboard



- Task & person space
- Adjacent vs

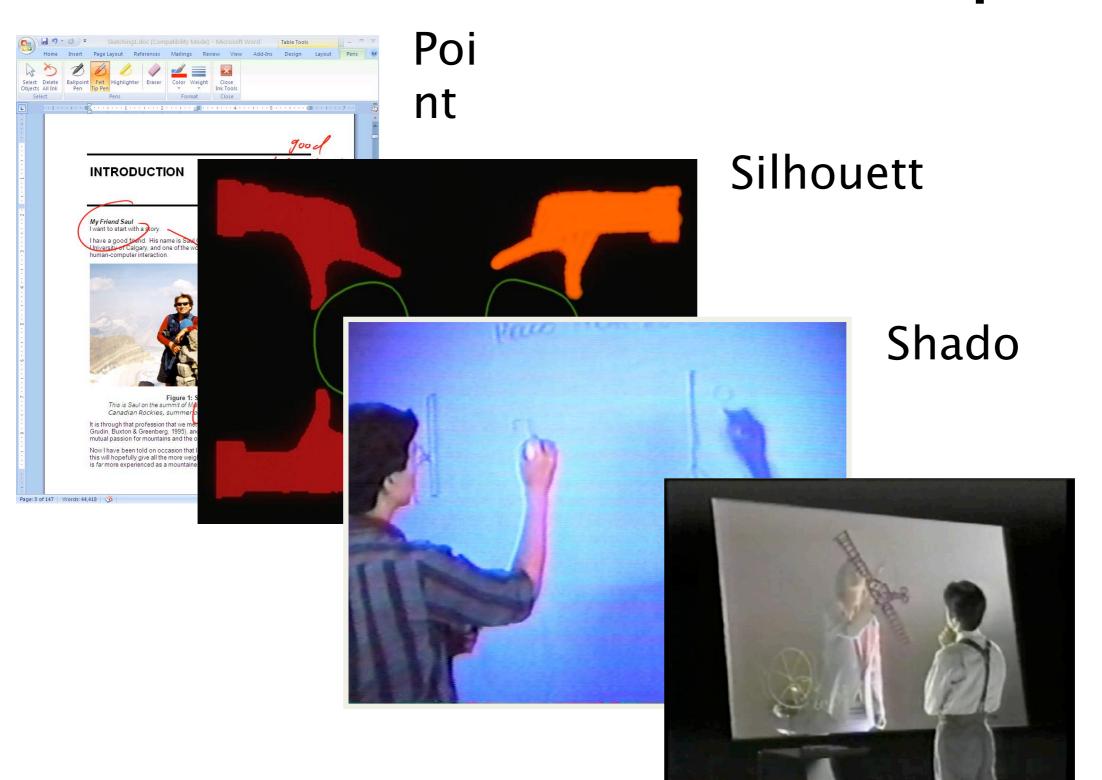
 superimposed

 OTP Active Desk + Hydra

 Spaces

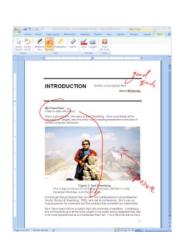
NTT Clearboard II

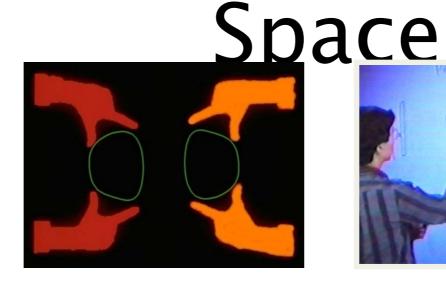
4 Levels of Gesture Space



Photorea

Some Attributes of Gesture









Point	Silhouette	Shadow	Photo-Real
Action + Gesture	Action + Gesture	Action Gesture	Action Gesture
Minimal anticipation	MinimalAnti cipation	Anticipation	Anticipation
Any Content	Any Content-	Any Content	Sparce Content
No Gaze	No Gaze	No Gaze	Gaze

What not considered?

- Issues of video of person on same screen, but adjacent to, document vs in separate physical space.
- Cases where the content of shared space is other than electronic document (words, spreadsheet, drawing, etc.) vs physical object, animation or 3D graphic, for example.
- Etc.